**Weather**
Clear and milder. The maximum temperature yesterday was 40.7 and the minimum 16.7, the figures for the corresponding day last year being 54.9 and 30.0.

# The China Press
大陸報

**The Mail Box**
MAILS for America and Europe, Str. Hoosier State, Jan. 27.
FOR Europe and way ports, Str. Kashmir, Jan. 28.
FROM America and Europe, Str. Bay State, Jan. 24.
FROM Europe and way ports, Str. Nagoya, a.m. today.

NO. 3213 VOL XII. Registered at the Chinese P. O. in China" "with special marks privileges for transmission 辛酉年十二月廿五日 SHANGHAI, SUNDAY, JANUARY 22, 1922 大正十一年正月廿一日 第三種郵便物認可 20 CENTS

## DAVID YUI HOME, SEES GOOD FROM CONFERENCE

### People's Delegate Returns To Shanghai On Russia

### TO SPEAK TODAY

### Urges Raising Of Fund To Buy Shantung Railway

Dr. David Z. T. Yui, one of the two "People's Delegates" delivered his first address in Shanghai at the annual dinner of the Shanghai branch of St. John's Alumni Association, he having, as he said, "been seized and taken to the banquet" for he was met at the jetty by a delegate of the Association and taken right away to the Yih Ping Shang Hotel, where the dinner was held.

Dr. Yui said he had practically lost the thread of the story of the Washington Conference because his voyage had put him out of touch with the most recent developments and he could not count on the accuracy of the wireless messages caught on the way by the vessel. He assured his audience that had the conference taken place in any other capital than Washington, the developments would have been worse for China. He found the American people as a whole were deeply in sympathy with China and exceedingly eager to help China in spite of the meagre information at their disposal regarding Chinese affairs.

**THE SHANTUNG CASE**

He said that owing to the fact that six of the nine powers participating at the Conference were signatories to the Versailles Treaty, the British and American delegates were averse to the presentation of the Shantung case, but they finally suggested the parley between the Chinese and Japanese delegates with British and American mediation. The Chinese delegates had at first some hesitation regarding the putting forward of the Shantung case but finally represented to the British and American delegates that the sidetracking of the Shantung issue would leave a standing menace in the situation of the peace of the Far East. Hence the direct parley.

Dr. Yui then explained the nature of the mission of Dr. Monlin Chiang and himself as the "people's delegates." They were not so much to occupy themselves with the furnishing of reports in the nature of chronicles of the doings of the Conference but rather to report on the attitude of the foreign delegations as might be judged from actual events and to get advices from the people in China regarding developments that are anticipated. Thus the Japanese demand for 54,000,000 gold marks i.e. $30,000,000 Mex. was foreseen and the people's willingness to raise that amount was ascertained before the Shantung Question was actually discussed. The Japanese delegates thought that demanding so big a sum from the Peking Government would produce a deadlock in the negotiations, for any funds that Peking could spare would be claimed by Japanese for the repayment of Japanese loans. The Japanese delegates were surprised when they were told that the Chinese people would provide the money for effecting the redemption. Then they created complications, Dr. Yui further explained, by saying they had to wait for instructions from Tokio and had to ask for the positions of traffic manager, chief accountant and chief engineer of the Shantung Railway to be filled by Japanese.

**JAPANESE WERE ACTIVE**

Dr. Yui said that the Japanese have done thorough propaganda work but the sympathetic national sentiment of the American people for China is very strong. He strongly urges the adoption of immediate measures for raising the $50,000,000 required for redeeming the railway and declares that the Japanese will have no right to refuse to accept it. "This is nothing but a patriotic investment that will pay dividends more quickly than in the case of the construction of new railways because the Tsingtao-Tsinan Railway is already on a paying basis and is the backbone of the Shantung Question."

**DR. YUI SPEAKS TODAY**

This afternoon at 4 o'clock, under the auspices of the Pan-Pacific Association, Dr. Yui will speak at the Chinese General Chamber of Commerce and make his first official report on his mission in the United States.

## The Week's Wash

*By The Linesman*

**"ILTIS" MONUMENT**

Letters have appeared in the N. C. D. News during the week in reference to the Iltis monument which used to stand on the grass plot at the end of the Bund near the entrance to the Public Gardens.

In the book—"My Memoirs"—by Grand Admiral Von Tirpitz, the following reference is made to this ship. Writing of the need for a German base in China he says:

"The three places suggested to me were Amoy, the desolate Samsah Bay farther to the north, and the Chusan Islands on the eastern tip of China near Shanghai"—and for various reasons he ruled them all out.

"In Tsingtao there was a possibility ..... One day during a walk on the beach at Chifu I met Lieutenant-Commander Brauen, my old flag-lieutenant, who was in command of the Iltis. He and I had worked together for eleven years, and he had been my right-hand man on the Baltic Station. We were thoroughly in sympathy, and he understood me immediately: he looked over my preliminary plans, and the next day he came on board saying that he felt as though scales had fallen from his eyes.

"I was glad of his opinion, for it was the only reliable one that I could get on the matter. I told him that I would write out an order for him to go to Tsingtao to investigate and report.

"He went, and on the way was caught by the typhoon and went down with the Iltis.

"I was now compelled to send the sailing-orders to Berlin which had contained the order for Brauen to inspect the Bay of Kiauchow."

The real significance of this quotation is contained in the light it casts upon the beginnings of the German expansionist movement in the Far East.

Nominally Kiauchow Bay was occupied as reparation for the murder of two German missionaries in Shantung Province, but actually the occupation had been decided upon long previously and it was Admiral Von Tirpitz who worked out the initial stages of the operation.

The sending of the ill-fated sloop Iltis from Chefoo to Tsingtao was his first active step in the proceeding.

Coming therefore to the local question of the re-instatement of the Iltis monument in a public position in Shanghai, this memorial, it must be remembered, was erected not so much to commemorate the drowning of German sailors as to be an ever-present symbol of German Imperial Power in its policy of expansion in China.

One would think that the proper place to erect a monument to the Iltis would have been in Tsingtao itself, whither she was bound when overwhelmed by tempest.

Or, perhaps, in Chefoo, the port from which she sailed to her doom. But the Imperial Government of Germany did not do this. They preferred to utilise the drowning of their unhappy sailors as a pretext to place an emblem in Shanghai, the gateway of China, which would serve as a public symbol of German Imperialism, first and foremost.

The Iltis had nothing to do with Shanghai, nor had it any associations with the life of the port, but it did have to do with the beginning of German Tsingtao.

Its Memorial should have been at Tsingtao with whose beginnings it was so disastrously associated.

In connection with this matter I see no reason to make comment about the German Navy during the War, one way or the other, or to make invidious remarks about the seamen who went down with the ship.

They are of the great company of men who have "Gone down to the sea in ships" and who are now at peace in the comradeship of death.

The fact of the matter merely is, this particular monument was never appropriate to the Bund of Shanghai, in the first place, and its placing there was essentially a political act on the part of the German Imperial Authorities. Now that German Imperialism is a fact of past and not present history, this symbol, if re-erected,

(Continued on Page 2)

## ARMS PACT FACES HARD SLEDDING IN U. S. SENATE

### Only 33 Votes Needed To Defeat 4 Power Treaty

### WILSON FEARED

### Opposition Grows As Debate Begins—Japan Halts Work

**(Trans-Pacific News Service Exclusive To The China Press)**

Washington, Jan. 21.—More senators are voicing opposition to the four power naval treaty, and it is now certain that a long, hard fight impends in the Senate. Thirty-three votes are needed to prevent ratification. The attitude of the Democrats depends largely upon former president Wilson and it is generally accepted that Mr. Wilson will oppose ratification, although he has not yet sent formal notice to that effect to his friends in the Senate, the supposition being that he is awaiting the final outcome of the conference.

At present, Senator Underwood promises fourteen Democratic Senators for ratification, leaving into airplane carriers.
against it or doubtful. These, if joined by Borah, Johnson and the other "last ditcher" Republicans will leave only six votes needed to defeat the treaty. It is known that a larger number than that are doubtful, and it is predicted that as the debate continues more Democrats will join the opposition.

In the meantime it is reported from Tokio that all work on capital ships has been halted in Japanese naval yards, upon the receipt of orders from the Japanese naval bureau. According to these despatches work has been stopped on the battle cruisers Atago and Takao; on the battleships Kaka and Tosa and preparatory work on the projected battleships Owari and Kii. The report says that work is continuing on the battle cruisers Amagi and Akagi, which are to be converted into airplane carriers.

At a meeting of the Tokio cabinet and diplomatic advistory council today there was a lengthy discussion of the fortifications issues, and press despatches from Japan say that Takahashi and Uchida urged the acceptance of the British and American views lest the whole naval agreement be wrecked by Tokio's attitude.

*(Chung Mei News Agency)*

Washington, Jan. 16.—Democratic and independent members of the Senate are conducting their campaign against the Quadruple Agreement on the basis that the Agreement is a continuation of the balance of power system, which they regard as vicious.

Senator France, of Maryland, has now come out as an opponent of the agreement. Senator France is a Republican, and his defection is regarded as serious by those who advocate ratification.

Senator King, a Wilson Democrat, is leading the anti-ratification fight in the Senate. He states that the Quadruple Pact is in contravention of the established policies of the United States and constitutes an act of unwarranted interference with the sovereign rights of the Chinese Republic.

**(Special To The China Press)**

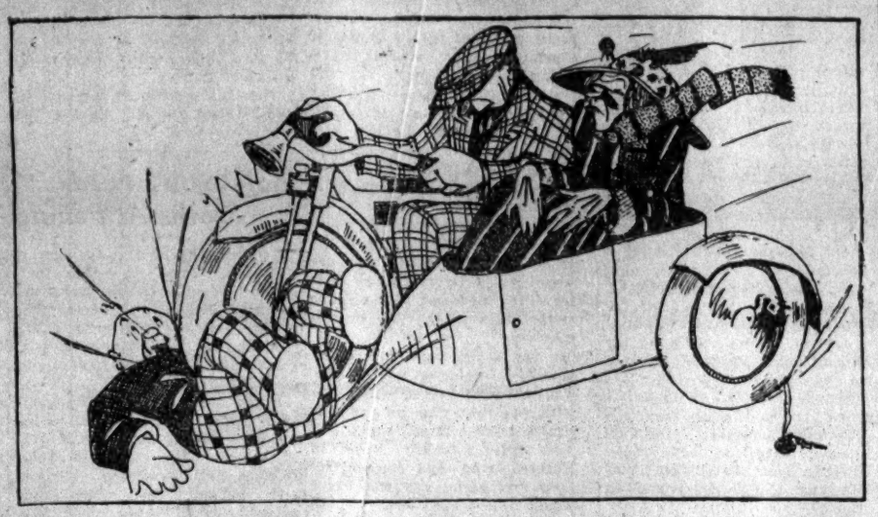
Washington, Jan. 19.—When the problem of fortifications will be solved is a matter beyond conjecture, but some quarters still are hopeful that the conclusion of the naval treaty will be announced at next week's plenary session of the Conference.

Some of the delegates have proposed dropping the fortifications clause from the naval treaty altogether and including it in the Quadruple Pacific treaty or a separate treaty to be drafted later. The leaders, however, are proceeding on the assumption that the matter must be taken care of in connection with the pact circumscribing navies.

## *Chinese Films To Be Shown At Olympic Monday*

A set of Chinese produced films taken by the China Moving Picture Association will be shown on Monday and Tuesday in the Olympic Theater.

## Dangers Of The Dah Ma Loo - - No. 6



*—By Arcady.*


## THE CHINA PRESS v. OTHER MORNING PAPERS
## THE EVENING STAR v. OTHER EVENING PAPERS

Last year, in the merry month of May, our principal morning contemporary published a statement to the effect that "no other foreign newspaper in Asia, east of India, can approach our circulation." To this statement was appended a chartered accountant's certificate to the effect that the daily average of paid gross circulation was 4208.

Warm-hearted journalists as we are, such a statement brought us both surprise and delight—surprise, because we had not thought it possible; delight because among members of the Fourth Estate any measure of success attained by fellow-workers causes joy to bubble forth. The China Press, however, have always claimed that they possess the largest circulation of any foreign newspaper in the Far East and we were pained, therefore, to have doubt cast upon our word. We decided, nevertheless, that as our word ought to be believed, in view of our established reputation for truthfulness, to take no active steps at the moment. However, in view of the scepticism that still prevails in certain quarters regarding our claim to possess the largest circulation, owing to the statement made by our contemporary aforesaid, we at length came to a decision that, in justice to our advertisers and the public in general, we would request a leading firm of chartered accountants to audit the books and records of "The China Press" and also those of "The Evening Star."

A brief study of the copy of the certificate, furnished by Messrs. Lowe, Bingham & Matthews, which appears below, will show that the claim made regarding the circulation of the morning and evening newspapers published by The China Press, Inc., is fully substantiated.

(COPY)

**STATEMENT OF CIRCULATION—MONTH OF DECEMBER, 1921.**

| THE CHINA PRESS: | DAILY AVERAGE Daily | Sunday | Combined |
|---|---|---|---|
| Paid Circulation | 4,852 | 5,758 | 4,992 |
| Correspondents, Exchange, Vouchers, Etc., paid free | 277 | 279 | 277 |
| GROSS PAID CIRCULATION | 5,129 | 6,037 | 5,269 |

| THE EVENING STAR: | |
|---|---|
| Paid Circulation—Daily Average | 1,578 |
| Correspondents, Exchange, Vouchers, Etc., paid free—Daily Average | 113 |
| GROSS PAID CIRCULATION, DAILY AVERAGE | 1,691 |

| AGGREGATE—NET PAID CIRCULATIONS: | |
|---|---|
| "THE CHINA PRESS" | 4,992 |
| "THE EVENING STAR" | 1,578 |
| TOTAL | 6,570 |

We have examined the books and records of "The China Press" and "The Evening Star" to verify the above statement and have found it correct in accordance therewith.

(sgd.) LOWE, BINGHAM & MATTHEWS
Chartered Accountants

Shanghai, 19th January, 1922.



## CHINA PRESS ADVERTISERS

are hereby notified that on February 1st a

## NEW ADVERTISING TARIFF

in which the rates are substantially higher, will go into effect.

The present tariff has been in force for nearly three years, and although the cost of production of The China Press has steadily increased during this period, advertisers have not been asked until now to pay higher prices for their publicity. The cost of newsprint has declined but the saving effected thereby has been largely offset by the fall in exchange; all other running and upkeep expenses show a heavy increase.

In taking note of this increase in rates, which is more than justified by the large and growing circulation of The China Press, advertisers are asked to compare the rates in the new tariff with those quoted (? obtained) by other Shanghai newspapers who do not deem it expedient to publish an audited statement of circulation.

Inquiries regarding the new tariff and conditions under which current contracts may be renewed, should be addressed to The Advertising Manager.


## *Tea Is Tea But It Differs On The Geographic Scale*

*By Elsie McCormick*

When we go home again to the land where a tram is a trolley-car we are going to be struck with a strange restlessness every afternoon when the clock veers around toward five. Life will suddenly seem queerly blank, and we'll wonder at first if we've fallen in love, or forgotten an appointment, or begun the cutting of a new wisdom-tooth, or acquired the measles. Then, like a bolt or a nut from the blue will come the realisation. We'll recall all at once that we have missed tea.

Somehow, we never used to think of tea at home. There were such things as "teas," of course, which meant white kid gloves and receiving lines and having people settle on your feet and standing up to manipulate a cup of tea, a plate of chicken salad, and a piece of French pastry with no visible means of support. Nobody, however, would attempt to do that kind of thing every afternoon. The light in which teas were regarded can be seen from the fact that one of the fraternity punishments at college was a sentence to represent the house at all teas for a month. Midafternoon cravings were appeased by fudge, nut sundaes, or "hot-dogs," but never voluntarily by tea.

**THE HALF-NELSON**

The hold that the tea-habit acquires on people in the Far East is one of the stock conversational openings in the American community here. "I never cared much for tea at home, but I couldn't do without it in China," remarks one lady, studying the other one's hat and wondering if she brought it out from the States with her.

"Neither did I, but then of course in China one dines so much later," says the second lady, looking for the earmarks of a Chinese tailor on the other's gown. If we had a dollar for every time we've heard these remarks, we would be able to buy an automobile and retire from active toil.

**THERE ARE TEAS AND TEAS**

The ritual of the tea-hour is observed under many different forms. There are tea-dances where the tea is always cold because a fox-trot starts as soon as a cup is poured and where the French pastry mysteriously vanishes during the enforced absence of the dancers. There are women's club teas, where the clink of the crockery is drowned out by many voices, and there are intimate little teas in private homes for two people, including perhaps a third party who wears a ribbon and a quiver of arrows. There are missionary teas, notable always for the matchless quality of the layer-cakes and the eccentricity of the hats. There are teas in the Town Hall when the Public Band plays and flappers from Hongkew make merry on a Friday afternoon. There are teas for visiting celebrities, where the men try to dodge the receiving-line, but are outgeneraled by watchful ladies, and there are those drab and dreary teas served on the edge of desks in offices and tasting strangely of ink and paste.

**ARGUMENT PRO**

There is much to be said in favor of teas. The tea-dances, terminating as they do in time to permit an evening engagement, thus give the busy little Shanghai office clerk twice as many dance dates as she could otherwise manipulate. A tete-a-tete tea does more toward promoting an affair than half a dozen formal occasions. Full many a bachelor has gone down gallantly with colors flying before the spectacle of charming domesticity afforded by a hearthside tea-party. In the first rosy days of his engagement, he pic-

(Continued on Page 4)

## POPE BENEDICT XV NEAR DEATH FROM INFLUENZA

### Holy Father "Peacefully Sinking," Says Message From Bedside; Retains Mental Alertness; Gives Will To Cardinal Secretary; Prayers Said For Recovery All Over World

*(Reuter's Service)*

**Rome, Jan. 21.—His physician visited the Pope this morning and declared that he was passing peacefully away. His heart was beginning to fail and his pulse becoming intermittent. Afterwards, Cardinal Giorgi recited prayers for the dying.**

Rome, Jan. 20, 6.00 P. M.—The Pope's physician reports that the only hope of recovery is divine intervention.

Pneumonia has set in and neither lung is functioning properly, on account of wide-spread catarrh preventing expectoration and threatening suffocation.

His Holiness retains control of his mental faculties.

After the administration of Viaticum the Cardinals at the bedside withdrew leaving the Pope alone with Cardinal Gasparri for twenty minutes when it is believed His Holiness communicated his last wishes. Extreme Unction was then administered.

Crowds are thronging the churches where the Blessed Sacrament is exposed.

Rome, Jan. 19.—The Cardinals in attendance on the Pope on leaving the Vatican today declared that His Holiness' mind was still clear but that only a miracle could save him.

Paris, Jan. 19.—The Papal nunciature here received a telegram from Rome at five o'clock this afternoon stating that the Pope was sinking rapidly and that his condition is very serious.

**Rome, Jan. 20.—The Pope's condition suddenly became worse at 4 o'clock this morning and the greatest specialists in Rome were urgently summoned. The bulletins issued this morning state that His Holiness is suffering from influenzal bronchitis and that inflammation has spread to the right lung. His Holiness is also suffering intensely from dyspnoea.**

**REQUESTS PRAYERS**

London, Jan. 20.—Cardinal Bourne has sent a circular telegram to the clergy requesting earnest prayers for the Pope who is dangerously ill.

According to a telegram from Rome sent at noon today, His Holiness became worse during the night and the medical bulletin says that he passed a sleepless and agitated night.

**RECEIVES COMMUNION**

**Rome, Jan. 20.—The Pope's condition is grave and oxygen has been administered. His Holiness received Holy Communion this morning. The Pope's family are at the bedside. Consternation prevails at the Vatican. The Cardinals are waiting in the ante-chamber. Prayers have been ordered to be offered up in every Catholic institution in Rome for the Pope's recovery.**

**PRAYERS AT LONDON**

London, Jan. 20.—Numerous persons visited Westminster Cathedral today to pray for the recovery of the Pope. Prayers are also being said in all the Churches in the Westminster diocese.

His Holiness, Benedict XV, 260th pope of the Roman Catholic Church, was born at Genoa on November 21, 1854, a member of the della Chiesa family which for centuries had played an active role in the history of the city-states of Italy. Before his elevation to the papacy, he bore the name of Marquis della Chiesa.

He was ordained a priest at Rome on December 21, 1878. On January 2, 1883, he was appointed secretary of the nunciature of Spain. In 1887 he was attached to the Secretariat of State at the Vatican. On the 18th of July, 1900, he was named temporary Secretary of State for the Vatican and less than a

## SHANTUNG IS OUTSIDE CONFERENCE, U. S. STAND

### Underwood Tells Senate Issue Cannot Be Considered

### LODGE AFFIRMS

### Walsh Predicts Inaction May Defeat 4 Power Pact

*(Reuter's Service)*

Washington, Jan. 20.—In the Senate today, during debate on the resolution presented by Senator Walsh requesting President Harding to supply information regarding the Shantung controversy, Senator Underwood explained that the matter must be settled by the Chinese and Japanese delegates. The Conference could not take up the question because seven of the Powers at the Conference were committed by the Treaty of Versailles to the support of Japan. He believed that a settlement was very near.

Senator Lodge endorsed Senator Underwood's views. Both admitted that the Shantung question had prolonged the Conference.

Senator Walsh, supporting the resolution, expressed the opinion that the Senate might hesitate to accept the Quadruple Agreement if the Shantung problem were not solved.

Senator Lodge hoped that the resolution would not be pressed, at least until the Conference adjourned.

Senator Underwood said that any attempt to force a settlement would throw a monkey-wrench into the machinery of the Conference.

**(Special To The China Press)**

Washington, Jan. 17.—In spite of the strong fight of the Chinese delegates for discussion of the Twenty-One Demands at a plenary session of the Conference there is still no indication that the vexed question will be discussed by the full conference.

It may be possible, after the example of the existing Sino-Japanese negotiations regarding Shantung, that the Twenty-One Demands will also be discussed by the Chinese and Japanese delegates outside of the Conference chambers through the good offices of Great Britain and America.

It has been emphatically denied by the British delegation that Great Britain is working hand in

(Continued on Page 2)

year later, secretary of the Exchequer.

On December 18, 1907, he was elevated to the Archbishopric of Boulogne and consecrated a week later by Pope Pius X, whom he was destined to succeed as head of the Catholic Church.

Archbishop della Chiesa was made a member of the College of Cardinals on the 5th of May eight years ago and a few months later, on September 3, 1914, was elected to the Papacy following the death of Pope Pius X.

History will probably record Pope Benedict XV as the "Pope of Peace," and it was by this title that he himself preferred to be known. Throughout the war he was active in trying to bring about cessation of world conflict, and he was ceaselessly engaged in attempting to alleviate some of the sufferings of the war's countless victims. When the armistice was finally signed, he exerted himself to promoting a resumption of peaceful relations among the world's people.

His efforts to promote peace extended to Ireland, and it was only a few days ago that, following announcement of conclusion of the Irish Treaty, he wired his congratulations to the King of England in the matter.

*(Reuter's Service)*

Rome, Jan. 20.—The sudden and unexpected news of the Pope's relapse caused a tremendous sensation among all classes here. A feeling of hopefulness came during the day owing to the small proportion of fatalities in the present influenza epidemic in Rome, even where pneumonia supervened, but the hope was dispelled by the subsequent grave bulletin.

At 9.30 this evening the Pope's voice was hoarse and feeble but his lucidity of mind was unimpaired. His Holiness fully realised his condition and personally handed his will to Cardinal Gasparri.

Rome, Jan. 21.—After receiving Holy Communion on two mornings, the Pope requested the Extreme Unction, which Cardinals Zampini and Testoni administered.

The Pope's condition is slowly becoming worse and is now very grave. His mental faculties are declining. His speech is occasionally incoherent.

His Holiness is showing the deepest solicitude for those attending him. He is repeatedly thanking the doctors and nurses. His physician, Dr. Battistini, who had been watching at his bedside for many hours, acceded to the Pope's insistent appeals and retired to rest at three o'clock this morning.

## *J. R. Kalanianaole Hawaiian Envoy To Congress Dead*

Honolulu, T. J., Jan. 6.—Prince J. Kuhio Kalanianaole, Hawaiian delegate in congress for the past 20 years, is dead of heart trouble, aged fifty.

Prince Kalanianaole was born in the Hawaiian islands, and was educated in Honolulu, the United States and England. He was employed in the office of the minister of interior and in the custom house under the monarchy; is a cousin to the late King Kalakawa and Queen Liliuokalani, monarch of the former Kingdom of Hawaii, and nephew of Queen Kapiolani, consort of Kalakaua.

## *Disabled Steamer Limps Into Port*

No reports have been received here indicating the identify of the vessel that rammed the West Chopaka, United States Shipping Board Steamer which arrived today in a disabled condition.

The West Chopaka was struck by a coastwise boat two days out of Shanghai and after the accident the vessel that struck the West Chopaka drew away and vanished in the night without revealing its identity. The West Chopaka after the encounter was able to limp into port at Woosung with the steel plates between decks driven in by the force of the collision.

It is expected that repairs will be made in Shanghai before the West Chopaka proceeds on its journey south.

## *Traffic Accidents List Four Fatalities During Last Month*

Four persons were killed and 56 were injured in traffic accidents occurring last month according to reports made to the Traffic Branch of the Police Department. The accidents totalled 139. Two were killed and 13 injured in 28 tramcar accidents, it was reported, while motor cars were responsible for two deaths and 43 injuries. The total of motor car accidents reported numbered 68. There were two accidents involving motor cycles and 36 instances of minor import.

### BANK ROBBED

*(Reuter's Service)*

London, Jan. 20.—Three armed and masked men today raided a branch of the Royal Bank of Scotland near Edinburgh and held up the staff with revolvers and stole £2,000.

# JAPANESE DIET OPENS, PREMIER IS OPTIMISTIC

### Hopes To Be Able To "Withdraw Troops From Siberia Entirely"

*(Reuter's Pacific Service)*

Tokio, Jan. 21.—The first regular session of the Diet was held this morning when the Premier delivered a speech. In general terms he referred to the new conditions as a result of the aftermath of the war and also as a result of the Washington Conference which, he said, greatly added to the responsibilities of Japan in her relations with other Powers. These relations, however, were becoming increasingly cordial.

Referring to China, the Premier said that the Japanese Government desired only good relations and had directed its delegates in Washington to use every endeavor to evince goodwill.

The Premier welcomed the quadruple Entente at the concrete outcome of the Conference, and said the limitation of armaments now in sight would enable the Government to devote the surplus to development of education, industry, commerce and communications. A commission was now investigating the question of taxation in order, as far as possible, to relieve the burden on the people.

He hoped conditions in Siberia would be sufficiently stabilised to enable Japan entirely to withdraw her forces. The Government was now negotiating for a renewal of trade relations. The Premier said that in finance the utmost economy would be practiced throughout the period of readjustment to new conditions. Appropriations would be reduced to necessities consonant with the maintenance of Japan's enhanced world position.

# GIVES JUDGMENT FOR DEFENDANTS IN CONTRACT SUIT

In the suit of Messrs. Arnaud-Coste and Dent against Messrs. Dowler, Forbes and Company, involving an alleged breach of contract for the purchase of 1,000 kegs of nails judgment was given yesterday in the British Supreme Court by Judge Peter Grain, Assistant Judge, in favor of the defendants.

In its ruling the Court held that the goods ordered had not been delivered in reasonable time and that the plaintiffs failed to fulfill provisions of the contract.

The contract involved in the action was dated May 18, 1920 and by its terms the 1,000 kegs of nails were sold at a price of £3.1.0 a keg with an understanding that shipments were to be made in August and September. In their action the plaintiffs relied on a clause of the contract in which they disclaimed responsibility for delays in delivery. The shipments of the nails were delayed months and it was found that when they did arrive no notice of their arrival was sent to the defendants as provided for in the contract. The amount asked in the suit was $2,123.10.4.

## *Dr. Peter Will Tell Of Health Work Here At Manila Congress*

Dr. W. W. Peter, of the Council on Health Education, left yesterday for Manila where he will be one of the principal speakers at the Medical Congress of the Philippine Islands.

Dr. Peter took with him a 'Better Baby Exhibit' and several hundred feet of moving picture film illustrating the health work carried on in China. He will deliver several lectures during the medical congress sessions.

## The Week's Wash

(Continued from Page 1)

would be more inappropriate than ever.

It could be transported to Tsinanfu and erected there, where it should have been placed in the first instance, if the former German Government had been concerned with the heroic personal aspect of the tragedy rather than with the political capital to be made out of the deaths of brave seamen.

* * *

AN ECHO OF EWO

Some amusing persiflage took place during a claim against Sir R. W. Buchanan-Jardine Bart., for £6,330 alleged to be due to the Hanover Press, Ltd., for the reproduction of his cartoon, the publication of a biography and a descriptive article on his properties in a journal called Men of the Day, which was heard before Mr. Justice Darling and a special jury, in the London Law Courts during November.

Mr. Vaehell, K. C., counsel for Sir Buchanan Jardine, read a foreword to the article on Sir Robert, which, he said, in reply to the Judge, cost 4 shillings a word.

Justice Darling read from the article: "Moreover, the Jardines themselves have been traced back to the battle of Hastings, and the Buchanans to Robert Bruce."

"Who traced that?" asked the judge—

"Our sub-editor," said Mr. Nathan "and he is a Welshman."

"A most interesting picture would be that of a Jardine fighting at the battle of Hastings," remarked the judge. "I do not know what side he was on."

At this point Mr. Hastings, K. C., Counsel for the Hanover Press, Ltd., entered the court, and was asked by the judge—"Were you at the battle of Hastings, Mr. Hastings?"—"No, my lord," he replied.

Sir Robert settled the case by agreeing to pay £1,000 and the costs of the action which the judge said he thought was acting generously and added it was plain that Sir Robert Buchanan Jardine did not desire advertisement.

Mr. Nathan, the astute manager of the Hanover Press Ltd., had gone to see Sir Robert, and the visit, the judge added, reminded him of that of the Queen of Sheba to King Solomon.

But Sir Robert did not show the wisdom which King Solomon displayed.

STONES IN MOROCCO

Sometime about last September when the Spanish forces suffered such severe reverses at the hands of the Moors in Morocco, out of work men were recruited in London and New Orleans for service with the Spanish Legion in Morocco.

Apparently warfare with the Spanish Legion in Morocco is not an entirely desirable employment for, about sixty of these men were repatriated by the British authorities, and arrived back in London at the end of November.

One man said,—"A comrade who committed a trivial offence, for which in the British Army he might have had a day's pay stopped, was compelled, without a trial, to walk up and down with a load of stones four hours every morning and four hours every evening. Finally he was sent into the line, with nothing to protect himself but a shovel, and had only been there three minutes when he was shot dead."

It is hardly to be wondered at that if the Spaniards, in their colonial warlike activities, are in the habit of making their soldiers spend eight hours a day walking about with bags of stones and then send them into the firing line with a shovel, that unpleasant things happen to the armies of Spain.

Then again,—"Other men declared that at one place their food was cooked with water drawn from wells in which the dead bodies of Spanish soldiers had been for many days."

The water, consequently, was far from fresh!

Mr. Harmsworth, the British Under Secretary for Foreign Affairs, recently stated in the House of Commons that strong representations were made to the Spanish Government regarding the hard treatment to which British nationals serving with the Legion were being subjected, and asking that a British officer should conduct an impartial inquiry on the spot.

The Spanish Government forestalled inquiry by giving the men the option of repatriation, and the question of who should pay their travelling expenses is one to be settled between the two governments.

There are several reflections which crossed my mind on reading this. I do not particularly sympathise with the men who set off so light-heartedly from London and New Orleans to kill Moors in Morocco who had never done them any harm, and who never would unless they went to the trouble and expense of seeking the Moors in their own land.

Warfare is commonly held out as a glorious occupation and all sorts of high sounding verbiage is wrapped around it.

Here are men, temporarily out of a job, who for the miserable wage and unwholesome cooking arrangements of the Spanish Army, are quite prepared to go forth and kill other men (for even Moors in Morocco are men I presume), whom they have no concern with whatever.

After this great tragedy of warfare which the world is now feeling in aftermath, one cannot summon up much sympathy for men from London and New Orleans who, of their own free will, seek more of it.

But, the methods of warfare adopted by the Spanish commanders, in re stones and shovels, are not really up to date.

In the case of the Anglo-Saxons, failing fire-arms, it would surely have been better to provide them with the bags of stones, not for carrying for eight hours a day, but for throwing at the Moors during business hours!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THRIFT WEEK 1922

THRIFT WEEK 1922

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THE AMERICAN-ORIENTAL BANKING CORPORATION

15 NANKING ROAD


## *Election Is Held By Country Club,*

The annual meeting of the Columbia Country Club was held yesterday afternoon when the annual election of officers took place and important business was transacted.

Members elected on the Board of Governors were Messrs. H. H. Arnold, B.C. Haile, Robert Bryan Jr., L. Everett, H. B. Lane, John S. Potter, R. Deming, A. T. Harr, W. A. Chapman, William Morris, Carl Crow and R. P. Tenny.

The president for the year will be elected at the first meeting of the new Board of Governors to be called shortly.

The club reports an increase in membership of 102 during the year.

## *'Salvation' Feeds Scores At Peking*

*(Chung Mei News Agency)*

Peking, Jan. 18.—The fortnightly reports at the Salvation Army Headquarters show that during the past two weeks thirty thousand meals of hot millet porridge were distributed to the poor of Peking.

Pitiful tales are told of the poor who come to this organisation for help during these bitter days of winter. The Salvation Army is extending its work to Tientsin and Kalgan and other such places. In Tsinanfu over fifty beggar boys have been taken off the streets and are being looked after during the cold months.

## *Shantung Outside Conference, Stand*

(Continued from Page 1)

hand with Japan with a view to obstructing discussion of the Twenty-One Demands by the Conference.

Japan strongly opposes any such discussion, taking the stand that the treaty has been signed by two sovereign powers, and that if this treaty is re-discussed by all of the powers, many Sino-foreign treaties might be re-discussed and revised.

In view of past declarations of Premier Takahashi concerning the matter, however, it is thought probable that Japan would agree to a friendly re-discussion of the affair between China and Japan alone outside of the Conference chambers.

### DELHI LOYAL

*(Reuter's Service)*

London, Jan. 20.—The firm policy of the Government of India is upheld by the Legislative Assembly at Delhi, which has rejected by 53 votes to 33 a resolution recommending the abandonment of Government repression.

### WANT MORE SCHOOLS

Constantinople, Jan. 17.—The Armenian Catholic Colony at Constantinople has appealed to the Council of the League of Nations for greater educational facilities for Armenians in Turkey.


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| Concrete | Banking | Drafting |
| Electrical | Stenography | Illustrating |
| Chemical | Bookkeeping | Navigation |
| Marine | Accounting | Gas Engines |
| Steam | Foreign Trade | Farming |
| Mechanical | Advertising | Plumbing |
| Mining | Salesmanship | Cotton Spinning |
| | | Cartooning |

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IF you are *not* saving money, you are inviting disaster. If you *are* saving money, you are on the road to success. In *either* case you need life insurance.

IF the man who has failed to save could fully realize the dangerous chance he is taking, he would quickly turn to life insurance, like a ship seeking a safe port in a storm. A life insurance policy, in itself an excellent savings plan, is one of the best incentives to additional saving. It eliminates worry and thereby increases your efficiency. If you have never saved, begin now—THRIFT WEEK.

THE man who *is* saving money also has urgent need for life insurance. Every man should save to his fullest ability. Most men intend to and many of them do—for a while. Yet few succeed in accumulating an estate. Reverses, ill health or premature death leave many families in need. Life insurance solves this problem. It is a most valuable adjunct to any savings plan, for it makes the future secure.

SAVE, by all means, but INSURE also, for it is both saving and protection.

**January 17th to 23rd inclusive, is THRIFT WEEK. There is no more practical form of THRIFT than a life insurance policy in this strong, safe Company. NOW is the time to secure it.**

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# DOLLAR DAY

## FOR THE HOUSE

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Kitchen Set, 3 pieces. Fork, Spoon Cake Slice | | $1.00 |
| Kitchen Set, 3 pieces. Egg Beater, Strainer, Fork | | 1.00 |
| Cake Tins 12 in a box | 2 Boxes for | 1.00 |
| Kitchen Set. Muffin Pan, Cake Tins, Pie Tin | for | 1.00 |
| Bread Tray. 7½ inch | 3 pieces for | 1.00 |
| Scrubbing Brushes | 3 pieces for | 1.00 |
| Hanging Nickelled Soap Dishes | 2 for | 1.00 |
| American Moulded Glass Dishes | 3 for | 1.00 |
| Water Bottles and Glasses. Plain Clear glass | 2 for | 1.00 |
| Tall Fruit Stands. Moulded Glass | each | 1.00 |
| Class Sweet Dishes with handles | 2 for | 1.00 |
| Plain Glass Jugs, big value these | each | 1.00 |
| Large Moulded Glass Butter Dishes | each | 1.00 |
| Moulded Glass Sherbet Caps; Smart | 2 for | 1.00 |
| Water Tumblers, Circle design ½ Pint | 4 for | 1.00 |

All Dress Remnants—Half Price

## FOR THE TOILET

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| A good cloth Brush with handle for | | $1.00 |
| Strong Military Hair Brushes | 2 for | 1.00 |
| Assorted Nail Brushes to clear | 3 for | 1.00 |
| Gents' Aluminium Back Hair Brush | | 1.00 each |
| William's shaving Soap This week | 3 for | 1.00 |
| Marrow Pomade for the Hair | 3 for | 1.00 |
| The famous Wayloo Knife with Rings | | 1.00 each |
| No. 919, a good reliable Razor | Now | 1.00 each |
| A small lot of Bath Satts to go at | | 1.00 each |
| William's Toilet Soap special | 2 Boxes for | 1.00 |
| Ripple Bath Soap Wonderful Value | 4 for | 1.00 |
| Erasmic Herb Soap. | Now 4 for | 1.00 |

All Dress Remnants—Half Price

## FOR HOUSE FURNISHING

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 300 only Fringed Tea Serviettes | 3 for | $1.00 |
| 150 Sideboard Cloths Damask | | 1.00 each |
| Turkish Face Cloths, See these | 4 for | 1.00 |
| 200 Huckaback Face Towels | 2 for | 1.00 |
| 175 yards Bleached Diaper | 2 yards | 1.00 |
| 100 yards Bleached Apron Dowlais | | 1.00 yard |
| 75 Lace Trimmed Traycloths | | 1.00 each |
| 33 Lace Doyleys To clear | 3 for | 1.00 ,, |
| 80 only Damask Traycloths | | 1.00 ,, |
| 100 Embrd. Tray Cloths | 2 for | 1.00 |
| 200 Advyt Polishing Cloths | 3 for | 1.00 |
| 60 Pretty Printed Tea Cloths | | 1.00 each |

All Dress Remnants—Half Price

## FOR MY LADY

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Ladies Stole Thread Hose | 2 pairs for | $1.00 |
| Ladies Tan Open Lace Lisle Hose | 2 ,, ,, | 1.00 |
| Children's Black and Tan ¾ Cash Sox | 3 ,, ,, | 1.00 |
| Ladies Cotton Knit Vests. Lace Top | each | 1.00 |
| Children Spun Silk Hose Colors | pair | 1.00 |
| Children's Spun Silk Sox. Colors | ,, | 1.00 |
| All Wool Scarves Assort. Colors | each | 1.00 |
| Large Knots White Tape Special | 3 for | 1.00 |
| Silk and Tinsel Fringes a fine lot | yard | 1.00 |
| Black Spotted Net 36" wide | 2 yards for | 1.00 |
| Narrow Patent Leather Belts Colored | each | 1.00 |
| Children's Patent Leather Belts | 2 for | 1.00 |
| Emerald and Purple Knitting wool | 4 oz. for | 1.00 |

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WEDNESDAY

THURSDAY

**1800 Pairs Men's - Wool - Socks - $1.00 pair**

Extraordinary Value

FRIDAY

## FOR GENTLEMEN

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 50 only White Cotton Scarves | | $1.00 each |
| 201 Smart Knitted Silk Ties. | | 1.00 ,, |
| 60 doz. Colored Handkerchiefs | 3 for | 1.00 |
| 120 doz. Colored Border Handkerchiefs | 3 for | 1.00 |
| 2 gross Boston garters all colors. | | 1.00 pair |
| 55 doz. Men's Soft Collars | 2 for | 1.00 |
| 100 doz. Strong Leather Belts | 2 for | 1.00 |
| 300 pair Men's Warm Wool Gloves | | 1.00 ,, |
| 150 Gents Tweed Caps. all sizes | 3 for | 1.00 |
| 45 stout Walking Sticks at | | 1.00 each |
| 200 Smart Silk Ties. this week | | 1.00 ,, |

All Dress Remnants—Half Price

## FOR DRESS WEAR

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 1000 yards English Striped Flannelette | 32 yds. for | $1.00 |
| 800 yards Striped Flannelette Warm. | 2 yards for | 1.00 |
| 300 yards White Twill Flannelette Warm | 2 yds. for | 1.00 |
| 200 yards Famous Soluna Twill Flannel | yard | 1.00 |
| 800 yards Stripe Scotch Wincey a Bargain | ,, | 1.00 |
| 250 yards Stripe Taffeta Flannel To clear | ,, | 1.00 |
| 600 yards Silkette Lining all colors | 2 yards for | 1.00 |
| 2000 yards Sateen all colors. This week | 2 yards | 1.00 |
| 100 yards White Flannel | | 1.00 |
| 150 White Pure Wool Welsh Flannel to clear | | 1.00 |

All Dress Remnants—Half Price

## FOR THE HOUSE

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| White Tea Cups and Saucers good quality | 3 for | $1.00 |
| White and Gold Sauceboats. Very fine quality | 3 for | 1.00 |
| White and Gold Butter Dishes. Good Chinaware | | 1.00 each |
| White Pudding Plates. A bargain | 3 for | 1.00 |
| Masons Fruit Jars. Quart Size to clear | 3 for | 1.00 |
| White and Gold Chinaware Jugs, 2 pt. size. | | 1.00 each |
| French Fireproof Stewpan, | 12 inch | 1.00 each |
| Aluminium Kitchen Set. 3 pieces very useful | | 1.00 each |
| Steel Frypans. 10 inch, fine value today | | 1.00 each |
| Aluminium Bread Tins 9½ x 5½ inch | | 1.00 each |

All Dress Remnants—Half Price

## FOR HOUSE FURNISHING

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Curtain Ball Fringe. To clear 5 yds. for | | $1.00 |
| Heavy Curtain Loops. Your choice | | 1.00 pair |
| 1500 yards Casement Cloth. all colors now | | 1.00 yard |
| 400 yards Striped Casement Cloths | | 1.00 yard |
| 500 Kitchen Cloths. 22 x 24 inch 4 for | | 1.00 |
| Glass Towelling. 24 inch wide. 2 yards for | | 1.00 |
| Special Crash Towelling 16" wide 2 yards for | | 1.00 |
| 200 yards Bleached Turk Towelling | | 1.00 yard |
| 150 doz. Damask Napkins now only 3 for | | 1.00 |
| 200 only Frilled Pillow Cases | | 1.00 each |
| 100 doz. Kitchen Swabs, good value | | 1.00 doz. |
| 100 only Embrd. Tray Cloths | 2 for | 1.00 |

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## 'TERMS ARE FINAL'

## Little Change In Situation Here—Liners Are Delayed

*(Reuter's Pacific Service)*

Hongkong, Jan. 21.—The Canton correspondent of the South China Morning Post reports that at the request of the British Consul-General a conference was held at the Civil Governor's Yamen on Thursday. There were present General Chen Chiungming, Military Governor, Dr. Frank Lee, Commissioner of Foreign Affairs, five delegates from the Seamen's Union, two representatives of the Canton Labor Union, the British Vice-Consul and the Assistant Secretary for Chinese Affairs of Hongkong, representing the Hongkong Government.

The British Vice-Consul, states the correspondent, urged that representatives of the Seamen's Union and officers appointed by the Civil Governor should be sent to Hongkong to confer with the shipowners. The seamen's delegates declined this proposal. The Vice-Consul then suggested that the seamen should return to Hongkong to resume work, he undertaking a satisfactory mediation. The seamen's delegates again objected.

After a consultation, the correspondent continues, the Consul-General telegraphed to the Governor of Hongkong requesting him to enquire of the shipowners whether they would accept the seamen's present demands. The Consul-General also enquired whether the seamen would further reduce their demands. The delegates replied that the counter-demands already submitted were final and that they could not make any further reduction.

The steamer Soochow of Messrs. Butterfield and Swire arrived from Hongkong yesterday morning but was manned by a Northern crew from the steamer Shuntien, which is in dry dock at Hongkong.

The B. and S. coaster Chekiang sails for Hongkong and Canton today at daylight.

Future sailings and arrivals of all steamship companies are uncertain.

Hongkong, Jan. 21.—The naval ratings have been withdrawn from the Kinshan and the Heungshan. Only Royal Marines are being retained on board.

The Heungshan is returning from Canton without any passengers but with the undischarged cargo which she took up to Canton, including 600 silver bars consigned to the Canton Mint.

At the request of the Chinese Merchants' Association, the Macao Government has cabled to the British River Steam-Boat Company offering Portuguese marines to man the steamers for the purpose of resuming the service between Macao and Hongkong. The steamboat officials are conferring with the Governor before replying.

# COALITION WILL CONTINUE, FUTURE POLICY OUTLINED

## Reduce Expenditure And Fight Socialism, Slogan

*(Reuter's Service)*

London, Jan. 20.—The Central Hall Westminster, was gaily decorated today with national flags on the occasion of the Coalition Liberal Conference. Nearly 2,000 people were present. Sir Gordon Hewart, the Attorney-General, moving the formation of a National-Liberal Council, said that they were forming, not a new party but a new organisation with the purpose of uniting and strengthening the Liberal forces of the country under the leadership of Mr. Lloyd George. He invited all Liberals to co-operate with the Prime Minister in a program of peace, retrenchment and reform.

The Conference then unanimously decided to form a National-Liberal Council with Mr. Lloyd George as president and Mr. Winston Churchill as vice-president.

Mr. Churchill advocated the maintenance of the Coalition until the problems of stability of conditions and the revival of world trade had been solved. He declared that the advent of a socialist government to power would be a national and imperial disaster.

# *Tea Is Tea But It Differs On The Geographic Scale*

(Continued from Page 1)

tures all his married life in that same cozy setting, little realising that though those delightful teas will be continued after marriage, he won't be the person on the other side of the fireplace. Not in Shanghai, anyway.

THIS IS DISARMAMENT

Teas at missionary conferences and other places where people are apt to have sharp differences of opinion effectively serve the purpose of disarmament. Nobody is likely to give way to angry gesticulation when he has a tea-cup in one hand and a sandwich in the other, nor to noisy argument when handicapped by a mouthful of macaroon. We are certain that more than one theological difference has been drowned in a cup of tea, or melted with the hot butter and spread on toast.

The Chinese have no afternoon tea-parties because they cannot comprehend puting any time-limits on tea-drinking. Every hour is tea-hour to them, the nation having learned long ago that cold water and funerals have a certain intimate connection. They attributed this phenomenon to the coldness of the water, not to the various lively micro-organisms that ride the ripples in the canals. Thus tea, instead of being a mere social property, became the chief beverage of a nation which, judging from the quantity consumed, seems to be peculiarly thirsty.

CEYLON HITS MARKET

Though China once exported more tea than any other country, Ceylon has since almost crowded it off the market. This competition began when disease attacked the Ceylon coffee plantations in 1881 and teabushes were hastily set out to recapture the lost profits. For some reason incomprehensible to Chinese, the Western world preferred the dark-colored, strongly-flavored product of Ceylon to the delicate amber beverage of China. As a result, the great trade that began in Fokien when Boston tea-clippers waited for the tide at Pagoda Anchorage has dwindled to absolutely nothing. In 1919, Foochow exported not more than a ton of tea. The great hongs on the edge of the Min River are falling into decay, the once beautiful homes of the exporters are mere landmarks, and the commercial glory of the city has faded into shadowy tradition—all on account of a coffee plague in Ceylon.

Tea was first planted in China about 350 A. D. Confucius arrived too early to meet it and therefore lost the opportunity of delivering a homily on the subject and organising a proper ceremonial. If his appearance had only been more timely, he might even have drawn up some rules of etiquette on the subject of tea-dances.

Despite his gossipy interest in everything that is worn, built, or swallowed, Marco Polo said nothing whatever about the Chinese beverage. Paul Su, convert to Christianity and founder of Siccawei, recommended it to the people in place of the stronger rice-wines.

"Tea is an exceedingly useful plant," he wrote. "Cultivate it and the benefit will be widely spread. Drink it, and the animal spirits will be lively and clear. It is of a cooling nature, but if drunk too freely will produce lassitude and exhaustion." Samuel Pepys, writing in his diary during 1660 said, "I did send for a cup of tea, a China drink, of which I had never drank before."

AMOY HOLDS PLACE

The most costly tea in all China comes from an Island off Amoy. During many centuries it was cultivated by priests for the Imperial Household and it is said to have an exhilirating property, almost like wine. The drinking of it becomes in time an unbreakable habit, and there have been cases of rich men ruining themselves to sustain their expensive taste. We were once given a cup of this tea at the home of a high official in Canton. Being one of those benighted people to whom all Chinese teas taste alike, we failed to make any appreciative comments until someone intimated that the beverage we were drinking so absentmindedly cost fifteen dollars an ounce!

One of the most highly-valued teas in China is the "pekoe" or white-haired variety, so-called because the first leaves gathered are covered with a whitish down. Hyson tea is made of the half-opened leaves picked in April and named for two words meaning, "Rains before."

The same instinct that prompts Chinese to name a hopelessly ugly little girl "Pearl Flower," or an odoriferous alley "The Street of the Heavenly Fragrance," causes them to christen varieties of tea "Lautsz Eyebrows," "Carnation Hair," "Red Plum Blossom," "Lotus Kernel," "Sparrow's Tongue" and "Dragon's Whiskers." Advertising men at home have fairly good imaginations, but none of them thus far have thought of naming a tea "George Washington's Eyebrows."

THIBET IS ON JOB

Over in Thibet, where 12,000,000 pounds of tea are imported each year, they have the cheerful habit of serving it with a garnishing of butter or mutton-fat. In Thibetan eyes, butter, like scholars, attains greater dignity with the passing of the years and is usually permitted to reach a ripe old age. The higher the rank of the caller, the ranker the butter with which he is served. This form of Thibetan hospitality is probably one of the reasons who so few foreign explorers survive the journey probably. If anyone should mention a tea-party to those who do return, they would flee shrieking to the nearest cyclone-cellar.

Siberian peasants and their neighbors prefer their tea in the shape of tombstones. In order to accommodate this taste, the Chinese press damp leaves, broken twigs, and tea-dust into the form of a flat brick. When the dweller in Central Asia feels a craving for tea, he breaks off a piece, simmers it with milk, butter and water, and adds a dash of vinegar or pepper just to make it as much unlike tea as possible. These tablets have even served as money at times when the currency supply is low.

One of the properties of tea not usually listed in either hygiene books or botanies is its tendency to make people loquacious. We don't understand why attorneys spend weary hours grilling prisoners in court. All they really need do is to have tea with hot biscuits served in the cell, and before the bottom of the third cup is reached the defendant will cheerfully proceed to tell the history of his life, from preface to glossary. The story that the Ford car starts with tea may not be true, but a great many other things start that way, including especially scandals, rumors, and love affairs.

CHILDREN NEED CARE IN CHINA

SCOTT'S Emulsion fortifies the lungs, aids teething, strengthens the bones and promotes the health and well-being of any child.

A course of this pure strength maker converts weakly children into strong, robust boys and girls; and is particularly efficacious in cases of cough, cold, weak lungs, bronchitis and consumption. Insist on

SCOTT'S Emulsion

IMITATED BUT NEVER EQUALLED


# -:- News Brevities -:-

Mr. George Löehr will deliver an address on "An Experiment in Democracy" or "The Americanisation of Hawaii" tomorrow will hold a meeting at the Royal Asiatic Society Hall. The meeting is called for 5:30 o'clock.

* * *

Rev. J. T. Brown, of the United Christian Missionary Association, who is making a tour of the Far East to inspect missionary stations, arrived in Shanghai on the Siberia Maru. Mrs. Brown accompanies him. Their home is in Louisville, Kentucky.

* * *

The Association of Sea Food Merchants, comprising 18 firms in Tientsin, has cabled its representatices in Japan to return as they do not desire to purchase any further goods from Japan.

* * *

Mr. Paul Myron Linebarger left on the s.s. Luenyi for Hankow Friday night.

* * *

Mr. H. V. Williams, who has been on the staff of the British Consulate, sailed for England on the Mishima Maru.

* * *

Sir Charles Addis, manager of the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation in London, accompanied by Lady and Miss Addis, will arrive on the s.s. Nagoya today from Hongkong.

* * *

Mme. Adrienne Lachamp, the well known dancer, left on the Suiyo Maru Friday for the United States.

* * *

The Chinese witnesses from Changshu in the Pettersson case before the Swedish Consular Court, arrived Friday and will be ready to proceed at the next hearing of the case on Monday, according to the Chinese press.

* * *

Over fifty Americans met in Tientsin on Tuesday to make plans for a celebration of Washington's Birthday. Consul-General Stuart Fuller was appointed chairman of the committee to work out the plans.

* * *

British Vice-Consul S. Wyatt-Smith has arrived from Hankow and taken over charge of the shipping office in the British Consulate-General.

* * *

More than $2,000,000 has been subscribed for the establishment and maintenance of the University of the Three Eastern Provinces and the school will be opened during the coming summer according to the Chinese press.

* * *

Mr. Chu Chao-hsin, Charge d'Affaires of the Chinese Legation in London, has been appointed Opium Commission of the League of Nations.

* * *

The Rev. S. Couling, M.A., is to deliver a lecture on George Meredith before the Union Church Literary and Social Guild at the meeting to be held next Wednesday evening in Union Church Hall.

* * *

A quantity of bedding which took fire in a small Chinese house at LI-305 Pingliang Road at about eight o'clock yesterday morning resulted in the calling out of Yangtszepoo division of the brigade, which found the outbreak extinguished on arrival.

* * *

Mr. Gordon Lowder's erstwhile houseboy, who turned burglar and made four raids on the Lowder residence at 197 Bubbling Well Road during the past year was sent to jail for six months when he appeared for sentence in the Mixed Court yesterday.

* * *

The operator of an opium den at 73 Tseng Yoh Ka was given his choice between paying a $20 fine or going to prison for two weeks by the Mixed Court yesterday and elected the former. Two other den proprietors who had been under remand for further police investigation were fined $30 each.

* * *

Those who were in charge of the To-hi-ha Girls' sale of work which was held December 19 announce that the fair realised the sum of $94.10, of which amount $50 has been donated to the Blind Institute. $31 was expended on honors for Club members, $4.50 for toys for hospital children at Christmas time and the rest was for expenses.

* * *

The Rev. D. MacGillivray, D. D., Honorary Treasurer of the Timothy Richard Memorial Fund, gratefully acknowledges the following additional contributions: Mrs. M. A. Whitewright, Tsinanfu, $10.00; Shansi Educational Association, $200.00; H. E. Yen, Governor of Shansi, $300.00; Gentry and Officials of Shansi $454.00.

* * *

The infant son of Mr. and Mrs. S. D. Ren died yesterday of smallpox at its parents' home on Seymour Road, aged two months. Mr. Ren is Far Eastern manager of the Wah Chang Trading Company.

* * *

The Shanghai Scottish Co., S. V. C., will give a smoker, which is announced as a Burns Night, under the auspices of St. Andrews Society, at Masonic Hall on next Wednesday, at 9:15 p.m. A program of entertainment has been arranged.

# NAME DELEGATES HERE TO ATTEND MANILA CARNIVAL

The American Chamber of Commerce has appointed its representatives for the Manila Carnival which is to be held next month.

The appointments were made at the last meeting of the executive committee of the Chamber and were announced yesterday by Secretary D. J. Lewis. The men nominated to attend the annual exposition and jamboree in the islands are Mr. A. R. Hager, of the Business Equipment Corporation; Mr. U. G. Fronforf, of Ault and Wiborg, and Mr. Joseph Edward Doyle, of THE EVENING STAR.

The carnival opens on February 4 and continues until February 12.

## WHITE HOUSE DINNER

*(China Press Service)*

Washington, Jan. 19.—President and Mrs. Harding tonight were hosts at the first diplomatic dinner given by them at the White House. It was also the first formal White House function since former President Wilson suspended the custom six years ago.

# China Art Book On Sale

A volume which should prove of great interest and value to all interested in Chinese arts is that which has been issued recently by the Literary Department of the American Woman's Club under the title of "Arts and Art Crafts of China."

The volume is made up of the various papers delivered during the Department's study of the subject under review and there are twenty-four papers reproduced in the booklet.

The book can be purchased from the Chinese American Publishing Company, the Mission Book Company and Squires, Bingham and and Company. The price is $2.80.

A great many of the limited edition of copies have already been purchased and those interested are advised to get their orders in early.

Features of "Arts and Art Crafts of Ancient China" are the sections given over to paper on Painting, Phases of Architecture and Art Crafts, "Paintings of the Tang Period" are discussed by Miss Emma S. Lester; "The Tang Emperor, Ming Huang, as a promotor of art" by Mrs. W. W. Bartlett; "Paintings of the Sung Dynasty," by R. D. Abraham; the "Sung Emperor Hui Tsung;" by Mrs. F. W. Van Buskirk; "The Paintings of the Ming Period," by Mrs. P. H. Dunbar and "The Ming Emperor Yung Loh" by Mrs. F. C. Mabee.

Phases of architecture are presented as follows.—"Temples of Mt. Omei," by Mrs. W. F. Bedman; "Temples of Tai Shan," by Miss Gastrude Oldroyd; "Temples of Pootoo" by Mrs. F. J. White, "Guilds and Guild-halls," by Miss Winfred Muir, and "Homes and Gardens" by Miss Leila Tuttle.

Paper on Art Crafts, including lectures on porcelains, Chinese rugs, ivory carvings and wood carvings, are given by the Rev. Evan Morgan, Miss E. S. Lester, Mrs. H. K. Wright, Mrs. W. S. Ward, Miss Ada Eickmeyer, Miss Sarah M. Bosworth, Mrs. G. T. Challoner, Mrs. B. A. Edwards, Mrs. S. M. Cowles, Mrs. C. C. Gamble and Mrs. J. H. Gray.

Mrs. H. A. Wilbur has an instructive article on "Notable Local Collections of Chinese Art-Objects" which will be published in THE EVENING STAR at an early date and Charles Kliene, F. R. G. S., a translation of the Chinese legend, "The Cowherd and the Weaving Maid." The articles with seven splendid illustrations make up the volume.


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# WAR MINISTER IN FRANCE ASKS SMALLER ARMY

### New Treaty With England Reduces Need For Men, He Says

*(Reuter's Service)*

London, Jan. 21.—It is learned that Mr. Lloyd George and Mr. Austen Chamberlain have reached an agreement to continue the present coalition, concentrating on a policy of reduction of expenditure and taxation and attacking the Labor Party.

It is considered that any likelihood of the collapse of the coalition with a speedy election has been averted.

*(Chung Mei News Agency)*

Paris, Jan. 17.—This morning's Petit Parisien publishes a statement by M. Maginot, the new Minister of War and of Pensions, who announces that he is anxious to see the new bill for the reorganisation of the army come before the Chamber and the Senate for a vote at an early date.

M. Maginot states that France's future army will probably be organised on lines somewhat different from those proposed hitherto. The guarantee pact that is about to be concluded between France and Great Britain will no doubt make possible certain modifications in the French army plans and thus bring real relief to the country. For it is France's hope that her friend and ally will undertake to keep up a certain number of army corps for the common defence. This will be a good thing for France for it will enable her to reduce her armed forces.

Besides, added M. Maginot, thanks to the utilisation of colored troops in larger numbers, it will be possible to reduce military expenditures still more. The presence of colonial regiments will remind Frenchmen that they belong to a nation of a 100,000,000 men, and not merely of 40,000,000.

With a view to increasing the technical efficiency of the Ministry of War the French Cabinet decided on Monday on a plan which will result in increased cooperation between Marshal Petain, who is now Chief of the General Staff, and War Minister Maginot.

The Paris press understands in this connection that Marshal Petain's new duties will correspond more or less to those of a chief military advisor to the Ministry of War.

## St. John's Notes

The Winter Recess will begin on Saturday, Jan. 21, and will last for two weeks.

Owing to the final examinations, the Dial, the university weekly has not been published for past two weeks.

Five students of the class of 1922, co-operated in translating into the Chinese language a textbook on "General Chemistry" by Smith written in English. The copyright for the translated material was sold to the Commercial Press for a sum of $750.

# 'NEW WORLD' SALE IS HELD UP BY THE MIXED COURT

The auction of the "New World" which has been advertised to take place on Monday has been postponed owing to the efforts of a small battalion of lawyers representing diverse interests and diverse claims.

On Saturday morning a hearing was given by American Assessor Tenney, Italian Assessor Ferrajolo, and Chinese Magistrate Loh to the already-mentioned battalion of legal luminaries amongst whom were Messrs. Musso and Fischer for Burkhardt, Amidani and Co.; Mr. K. L. Newman for the directors of the "New World"; Mr. J. B. Davies for the Tobacco Products Corporation; Mr. Seth of Messrs Seth, Mancell, and Maclure, the Liquidators, and Mr. S. H. McKean, representing Mr. George Dallas, the landlord of the ground the New World is built on.

It would take up too much space to give the various arguments of these learned gentlemen, suffice it to say, therefore, that the New World will not be sold just yet, and more particularly not on Monday next.

Selling a World, however new it may be, is still a matter for serious cogitation; besides, it is not everyone who can afford to buy one of these articles just now, especially with Chinese New Year coming along at the end of the week!

We live in busy times, to be sure what with re-construction, conferences, and auctions.

The day before yesterday one went to an Auction and for a tael and a half could take home a pointer pup, and it is disappointing that those who looked forward to putting a new World in their ricksha on Monday next will have to wait a while.

# ST. JOHN'S MEN HAVE DINNER AT YIH PING SHANG

The full capacity of the banquet hall of the Yih Ping Shang Hotel was taxed by the annual dinner of the St. John's Alumni Association, Shanghai branch last night and a very entertaining and thoroughly enjoyed program was put through with Dr. Way-Sung Now as toastmaster.

Addresses were given by Mr. O. S. Lieu, the outgoing chairman, Dr. J. Leighton Stuart, President of Yenching University; Mr. L. T. Yuen, Dr. Woolley, Dr. David Z. T. Yui, and Dr. F. L. Hakws Pott. The orchestra of St. John's University rendered two numbers.

Dr. David Z. T. Yui, who was invited to be present by wireless delivered his first address since his return from the Washington Conference,, as reported elsewhere in this issue. With the exception of Dr. Pott's address on "A Brief Survey," in the course of which he said that future efforts will be made to do intensive work rather than to make further extensions and in which he solicited support from the alumni for the completion of the social hall, for which $20,000 are needed, and for the erection of a bridge over the Soochow Creek to do away with the ferry, the other speeches were in the nature of exhortations to the alumni to do great things as the natural outcome of their exceptional training at St. John's.

Dr. Pott recalled that the Alumni Association was formed in 1900 when a group of fifty attended the inauguration banquet in a Chinese restaurant in the city. Today the Shanghai branch alone has more than 500 members. He also passed on the explanation given by St. John's Club at New York to Van Wang Doo, the name by which St. John's is familiarly called. It means the landing place of 10,000 pilgrims, because in the old days pilgrims visited the temples at what is known as Jessfield Road for worshipping at the shrine of Buddha.

"This explanation of Van Wang Doo," said Dr. Pott, "suits very well the motto of the University. 'Light and Truth,' because the University has students coming from various parts of the country to worship at the shrine of truth and to go out to spread the truth to their fellow-countrymen and to express their convictions in ideal service."

With the announcement of the new officers elected to serve in 1922 and the singing of the hymn "Light and Truth," the dinner was brought to a close.

## *Japanese Will Work With China On New Cable*

*(China Press Service)*

Washington, Jan. 19.—At a meeting of the Chinese and Japanese delegates today Japan agreed to a joint Sino-Japanese commission to operate the Tsingtao-Sasebo cable which Japan laid following her occupation of the Kiaochow leasehold.

The Japanese delegates also agreed to hand over two wireless stations in the leasehold to the Chinese for fair compensation. The one station at Tsinanfu will be given up as soon as Japanese troops are withdrawn from the vicinity.

## SAILORS' PAY CUT

*(China Press Service)*

San Francisco, Jan. 19.—The Pacific American Steamship Association has announced a reduction in the pay of deck officers, radio men, stewards, and seamen ranging from ten to fifteen percent.

The reduction will be effective on February 1. It affects all coastwise and trans-Pacific steamers. Captains and chief engineers of vessels are not affected. Union officials declare that the reductions were expected and that a strike is not likely.

## COLD IN CALIFORNIA

*(China Press Service)*

Los Angeles, Jan. 19.—The weather bureau here announced that the cold wave which has swept through California during the past few days had been very destructive to the unharvested citron crops.

# JUDGE LOBINGIER RESIGNS AS HEAD OF SCOTTISH RITE

### Gives Up Post Held In Islands; F. H. Stevens May Succeed Him

Judge C. S. Lobingier, of the United States Court for China, who is now in Washington, has resigned as head of the Scottish Rite Masons in the Philippine Islands, according to word reaching Shanghai from Manila yesterday. He probably will be succeeded by Mr. Frederic H. Stevens who has been acting head of the organisation since Judge Lobingier left the Philippines to come to China.

Cablegrams from several sources in the United States told of the resignation of Judge Lobingier. His resignation had been received by the Ancient Scottish Rite headquarters at Washington. It is this body that will make the new appointment.

Judge Lobingier was one of the most active masons in the Islands. He was the founder of the Scottish Rite Lyceum in 1907. The Manila and Philippine bodies were organised from this organisation. Judge Lobingier was also instrumental in unifying the Scottish Rite bodies in the Philippines and he helped in securing the dissolution of Spanish bodies and the transfer of their allegiance to the Supreme Council at Washington.

The judge had continued as head of the Scottish Rite masons since he went to China.

## NEW CABLE

(Special To The China Press)

New York, Jan. 20.—The Commercial Pacific Cable Company announces that two new cables between New York and Emden will be laid and put into operation by October 1922.

## BERLIN PLEASED

*(Chung Mei News Agency)*

Berlin, Jan. 17.—Dr. Rathenau and the other German delegates have returned here from Cannes and are quoted as being pleased with the reception given them there.

Last evening the Italian Ambassador, Signor Frascati, invited the German Government, in the name of the Supreme Council, to participate in the coming conference at Genoa.

Hints about Baby

EACH meal for Baby should be freshly prepared and given at a temperature of about 100°F. Use a feeder that can be easily and efficiently cleansed. Never give Baby a "Comforter" which infects the mouth with germs, and spoils its shape.

The Food must be conveyed into Baby's mouth without fear of germ contamination and at a proper rate of flow.

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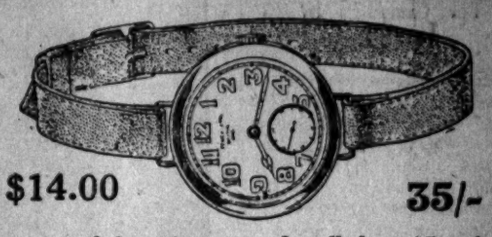

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# GEN. WU GETS READY FOR REAL WAR ON PEKING

### Arms And Ammunition Stored For Campaign In Spring

*(China Press' Correspondence)*

Hankow, Jan. 17.—Wu Pei-fu means business in his opposition to Liang Shi-yi's Cabinet. He has requested Tuchun Hsiao Yao-nan of Wuchang to reserve all available ammunitions of war from the Government Arsenal at Hanyang within the next month for his demands, and already several consignments of arms have been sent to Loyang to empower the supposedly Whig War-Lord, Wu Pei-fu, to threaten the Peking government for the dismissal of the Tory Money Joss, Liang Shi-yi, who was the staunch supporter of Yuan Shih-kai's monarchical plans.

Chihli troops in Hupeh are leaving for Loyang via Hankow these few days. Some of the 24th Division are moving toward Loyang and part of the 25th division are planning to start for Sinyangchow to guard the Peking-Hankow line for Wu Pei-fu. While it is not possible under the unsettled circumstances in Hunan and Szechuen to remove large blocks of Chihli troops in Hupeh to the north, Tuchun Hsiao Yao-nan is under instructions from General Wu Pei-fu to investigate the advisability of drawing troops from the Yangtze posts.

Wu Pei-fu has also on his side Navy men of the Second Squadron of the China Navy that fought so faithfully last summer in regaining the provinces of Hunan and Szechuen. Admiral Tu Shih-kwi has been on more cordial terms, since his association with Wu Pei-fu last summer, according to information from official sources in Hankow, and he is trying to aggravate the Cabinet deadlock by presenting his urgent and threatening demands for back pay.

Yesterday, however, Tuchun Hsiao Yao-nan received a wire from Marshal Tsao Kun which urges Hsiao to be more sensible in his denunciation of Premier Liang, and explain to military officials in Hupeh that there is now less reason for agitating against Liang. This places Hsiao Yao-nan in an annoying dilemma, as he has not received word from his immediate chief, the High Inspecting Commissoner of Hupeh and Hunan, General Wu Pei-fu, to this effect. A secret conference was held in Hsiao's yamen day before yesterday at which all of Wu Pei-fu's staff at Hankow were present. It is stated that Tuchun Hsiao meant to gauge from this gathering of Wu's men the present trend of the tempest.

Several favorable editorials to Wu Pei-fu's stand appear in some of the important newspapers in Hankow. But two papers criticise Wu as warlike and unmindful of the question of national unification.

*(Reuter Pacific Service)*

Peking, Jan. 18.—The National Association of Chefoo telegraphed to the President and the Premier on the 16th instant saying that the Association had received the Government's telegram of the 13th instant, dealing with the misunderstanding on the part of General Wu Pei-fu regarding the Shantung question and declaring that the intention of the Government was to redeem the Shantung Railway entirely with Chinese funds.

The Association agrees with the Government in this matter and expresses the opinion that the money required could be raised by subscription. If the Government proceeds with its plan the Chefoo Association will render all the aid possible.

*(China Press Correspondence)*

Hankow, Jan. 17.—A report has been received from Changsha that Commander Chao Heng-ti of Hunan is proposing the formation an Eight Province Alliance on the Yangtze Valley for the purpose of stabilising the position of Yangtze provinces. The report says that General Chao is no longer thinking of Canton, but instead is turning his submission toward Peking.

Four representatives have been sent out by General Chao to approach authorities of Szechuen, Yunnan, Kweichow, and Hupeh with a view to bringing about an alliance among the Yangtze provinces. Chao has urged upon General Chang Fu-lai, Wu Pei-fu's henchman at Yochow, the advisability of such a combine at this time. Other provinces suggested by General Chao are not yet known at this end.

### HABAROVSK FIGHTING

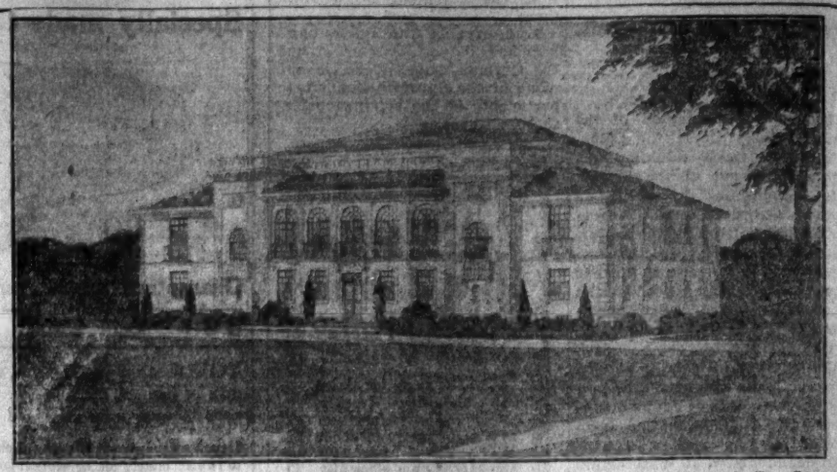
*(Dalta News Agency)*

Chita, Jan. 17.—According to the bulletin of the chief of staff, incessant battles raged in the Habarovsk sector on the 11th instant. The repeated attacks of the White Guards were successfully repulsed by the People's Revolutionary Army.

Casualties on both sides have not yet been estimated. There are no changes in the other sectors.

On January 9, the Partisans blew up three bridges within forty versts from Iman on the Ussuri Railway. Consequently, the contemplated resumption of passenger train service from Vladivostok to Habarovsk was abandoned.

# Chao-Tung University To Expand With Three New Buildings Is Plan



*Tls. 60,000 Social Hall Is One Of Group Of Structures On Which It Is Hoped To Start Construction Soon*

Three new buildings—a social hall, gymnasium and infirmary—to cost between Tls. 150,000 and Tls. 200,000 are projected for the Chao-Tung University, formerly known as Nanyang College, and it is hoped to start construction on them shortly. A drive for subscriptions to aid the building fund will be launched in the near future by the faculty and students of the institution, which is speeding up its enlargement plan, for the expansion is sorely needed.

The social hall, pictured above, is to cost in the neighborhood of Tls. 60,000 and will be a two-story building with a total floor area of 15,600 square feet. Entry will be upon an artistically designed central hall, in which will stand a memorial Pagoda bearing the names of the subscribers, and corridors will radiate to the various rooms, including a reception hall, reading room, billiard room, recreation room, cloak room, and six separate club rooms for the various students' organisations. Upstairs there will be a large meeting and concert hall and other club rooms.

The gymnasium, largest building of the three, will cover a ground area of 21,000 square feet. The gymnasium floor will measure 100 feet by 65 feet and there will be an overhead running track, which may also be used as a gallery. The swimming bath will be located in the rear half of the building and there will be locker rooms, changing rooms, offices etc. A grand stand is to be built at the rear, overlooking the playing field. Artificial stone and brick are the materials specified.

The infirmary will have a floor space of 5,000 square feet. The ground floor plan includes waiting room, patients' examining room, dispensary, operating room, clinic rooms, offices and a single ward. Two large wards will occupy the second floor and there will be several rooms for patients, nurses rooms, bath rooms and closets. The infirmary will be finished in stucco.

The architects for the three buildings are the South Eastern Engineering and Construction Company.

# E.C.C.E.A. OPENS SESSIONS TODAY; DR. SUH TO SPEAK

Members of the East China Christian Educational Association, which begins its annual conference at Union Church Hall tomorrow, will be addressed at the hall tomorrow evening at 8 o'clock by Dr. Suh Hu, who will speak on "The National Language of China." The meeting will be open to all who are interested in the subject.

The Association's meetings will begin at 2 p.m. Monday, the preliminary program for the day having been announced as follows:

2:00-2:30—Opening service and preliminary business session.

2:30-3:00—President's address, subject: "The Future Development of Christian Education in East China as related to the work of the Educational Commission" by Dr. Francis J. White.

3:00-3:30—Report of the Committee on reorganisation, Rev. E. H. Cressy.

3:30-4:15—Address, subject: "A Modern Conception of Geography" by Professor P. M. Roxby, of the Education Commission.

4:15-6:00—Reception of delegates in Social room of Union Church Hall.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## New Premier Has One Friend, Anyway

*(Chung Mei News Agency)*

Peking, Jan. 18.—The Dalai Lama has sent a representative to Peking to offer his congratulations to the new Premier, according to news received from semi-official sources. The representative has already arrived in Peking.

It is the first time in fifteen years that the Dalai Lama has sent a representative to the Capital, and the Government is feeling that it has gained much face by the arrival of the Tibetan. Congratulations were wired from the Dalai Lama at the time that Mr. Liang Shih-yi took office, and by setting out immediately, the representative was able to make the journey inside of a month, according to the reports.

At a later date the president will grant an audience to the priestly representative.

### OBATA ILL

*(Reuter's Pacific Service)*

Peking, Jan. 18.—Owing to the illness of Mr. Obata, Acting Doyen of the Diplomatic Corps. His Excellency Mr. Bergstron, Swedish Minister to China and Japan, presided at the last meeting of the Corps. Mr. Obata is suffering from a heavy cold and is confined to his room. The Japanese Consul at Peking is ill with influenza. Mr. Ito's child who has been ill is now well on the road of recovery.


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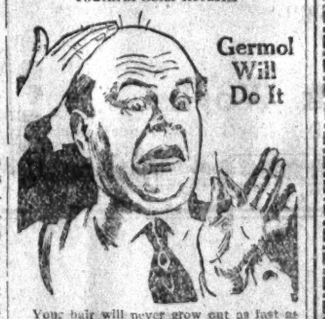

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$6.50 to $4.25 each

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Silk and Wool Combinations. High Neck—Long Sleeves
S.W. $5.50 W. $6.50 O.S. $7.50 each

JAEGER WOOL SPENCERS
Pure Wool
*Reduced from*
$3.75 to $2.00 each

MEN'S HEAVY WINTER Vests and Pants
Sale Price
$6.50 each

MEN'S BOX CALF BOOTS
Sale Price
$12.50 pair
Usual Price
$25.00 pair

SPECIAL REDUCTION in LADIES' MILLINERY

VELVET PILE Table Covers
2 x 2 yards
$50.00 each

BORDERED CASEMENT CLOTH
50" Wide
$1.75 per yard

MEN'S BOX CALF SPATS
SALE PRICE $5.00 per pair
USUAL PRICE $7.00 per pair

A LARGE QUANTITY of HATS at $5.00 each

AXMINSTER CARPET SQUARES
15' 0" x 12' 0"
SALE PRICE $165.00
USUAL PRICE $330.00

FAMOUS LOEWE PIPES
$3 25 and $2.75 each

GENUINE PERFECTION OIL HEATERS
BEST QUALITY
SALE PRICE $23.50
Usual Price $29.50

GENUINE THERMOS FLASKS
One pint size
$2.90 each

STEAMER TRUNKS
FIBRE COVERED—GREEN CANVAS
BRITISH MADE
SALE PRICE $39.00 & $49.00 each Usual Price $59.00 & $79.00 each

WEEKS & Co., Ltd.

# ALL LOANS SAFE NAVY CHIEF HERE WIRES MINISTERS

### Seizures Of Salt Funds Not To Interfere With Obligations

Standing firmly by their original ultimatum, the Commander-in-Chief of the Chinese Navy and his aides here telegraphed yesterday to the Diplomatic Corps at Peking stating their case and giving reassurances that the seizure of the Lianghwai salt revenue would not in any way affect the securities for foreign loans, but meant only the covering of the Government's indebtedness to the Navy personnel—which indebtedness runs back for seven months' time.

The naval officials justify their action by referring to the procedure taken by various of the provinces in allocating to themselves the salt revenue and express inability to understand the Government's ability to issue big loans without taking into consideration the Navy's call upon the national exchequer.

**TEXT OF TELEGRAM**

The text of the telegram follows:

"We are in receipt of a telegram from the Ministry of the Navy today that despatches received from the Ministry of Finance and the Ministry of Foreign Affairs elicited the information that the Ministers of Great Britain, France, and Japan have made representations to the Peking Government that in view of interventions of certain nature and in the interests of the Two Years Loan affecting the proper handling of the Salt Tax, due protection should be accorded to the provisions as stipulated in the loan agreement, etc.

"Our Government has been delaying the payment of the arrears in pay due to the naval men already for more than a year; nevertheless, the naval officers and men have suffered in patience without showing any signs of unrest, and this is no doubt known to all friendly nations.

**WON'T JEOPARDISE LOANS**

"The recent resolution to hold up the salt revenue of Lianghwai was based upon the understanding that our Government has been collecting monthly salt surplus amounting to four or five million dollars. Therefore, the appropriation of seven hundred thousand dollars a month for the maintenance of the Navy will not in any way jeopardise the interests of our foreign creditors.

"The present lot of the Navy is scarcely comparable with that of the provinces in general inasmuch as the provincial administrative authorities have regular income and stable assets to rely upon; and yet the Southwestern provinces have appropriated the whole salt receipts. Even Fengtien, Chihli, Hupeh and Fokien provinces have already utilised a portion of the salt surplus, according to sums fixed by the Salt Inspectorate for them to draw every month.

**GIVE REASSURANCES**

"The distressed condition of the Navy has driven us to the extreme; hence the withholding of the salt surplus to pay the arrears of the men should be made after giving the Government the assurance that any sum remaining after the payment of the men will be turned over to the Government.

"We feel sure that having a close relation with China, you will readily understand our position.

"We are at a loss to understand why our Government is able to issue a $90,000,000 loan, and a $12,000,000 exchequer loan without being able to pay $700,000 monthly for the upkeep of the Navy.

"We now specially make the above known to you in the hope of having your favorable consideration. Should the above two mentioned loans be concluded, we hope you will agree to set apart a portion of the surplus for the expenses of the Chinese Navy, which will esteem a great favor.
(Sgd.) Vice-Admiral Chiang Tsen
Rear Admiral H. K. Tu.
Rear Admiral K. S. Yang."

## WOMEN AID CHITA

*(Dalta News Agency)*

Chita, Jan. 17.—Women employes of the Chita Railway at a recent conference here resolved to give their utmost support to the people's Revolutionary Army, joining in the resolution adopted by the male employes of the railway.

# RUSSIA HERE WITH MANY PROMINENT SHANGHAI PEOPLE

Bringing many prominent residents and visitors to China, the Canadian Pacific Steamships liner Empress of Russia reached Woosung early last evening, the tender arriving at the Customs jetty at about 8:45 p.m.

Among those arriving by the Empress were Mr. Jabin Hsu, of the staff of THE CHINA PRESS, who has been attending the Washington Disarmament Conference; Mr. David Z. T. Yui, Chinese "People's Delegate" to the Conference; Mr. D. K. Lieu, secretary to the Chinese Delegation; Mr. S. T. Wen, Superintendent of Customs at Nanking and adviser to the Chinese Delegation; Mr. Li Chi-yee, secretary to the Delegation; Mr. B. Lenox Simpson ('Putnam Weale'), foreign adviser to the Chinese Government; Mr. Y. Liu, councillor to the Delegation; Mr. Percy Koo, secretary to the Delegation.

The men connected with the Conference were met at the Customs jetty by a large crowd of local Chinese, including Mr. C. C. Nieh, of the Chinese General Chamber of Commerce; Dr. Huang Yen-pei, of the Kiangsu Educational Association, and others.

In addition to the returning Chinese delegates and advisers the Russia brought to Shanghai Dr. and Mrs. W. H. Adolph, of Shanghai Christian College; Mr. A. S. Allen, Shanghai attorney, and Mrs. Allan; Mr. L. Glemby, Mr. H. Hussey, architect for the Rockefeller Foundation hospital at Peking and Mrs. Hussey; Dr. T. F. Hwang, head of the editorial section of the Chinese Delegation at Washington; Mr. K. C. Li, president of the Wah Chang Trading Corporation; the Rev. E. Pilley, for 26 years a missionary at Wuchow, Chekiang, and Mrs. Pilley; Major J. M. Sundheimer, of the Chinese Eastern Railway; Mr. Tom Z. Wang, of the American Express Company, of New York, and Mr. and Mrs. C. P. Boynton.

Mr. J. H. Pardee, president of the J. G. White Management Corporation of New York, is among the through passengers aboard the Russia, travelling to Manila.

## SINGERS' ROW

*(U. S. Navy Radio Through Reuter)*

Chicago, Jan. 19.—Lucian Muratore, tenor, has resigned from the Chicago Opera Company on account of friction with Mary Garden and her refusal to present Lina Cavalieri in the title role of Tosca.


**Dr. JAMES YUKING**
Specialist in the treatment of Venereal Diseases and Piles.
**73 Nanking Road**
(Between Honan & Shantung Rds.)
Piles guaranteed to be cured within ten days after one treatment without operation or pain. (Latest European methods of treatment.)
Office hours: 8-12 & 1-7 daily, or by appointment
Tel. C. 2127.

**THE FAR EASTERN LABORATORIES**
16 NANKING ROAD
**ANALYTICAL AND CONSULTING CHEMISTS**
41312

**TSINGTAO**
Hotel-Pension-Seaside.
open all the year round
Joseph. Th. Monchen
Proprietor.

**The Shanghai Chemical Laboratory**
No. 20 Nanking Road
*3rd Floor*


# *'Shanghai Baby' Will Be Republished As Result Of Demands*

In response to a widespread demand, the Chinese-American Publishing Company is preparing a second edition of Miss Elsie McCormick's "The Unexpurgated Diary of a Shanghai Baby," to be issued in the very near future. The first edition was completely sold out within six weeks of its appearance. On account of having a less expensive binding, the second edition will retail for two dollars a copy.

Another book by Miss McCormick, consisting of miscellaneous sketches that have appeared from time to time in THE CHINA PRESS, is also in course of preparation. Announcement of the dates when these books are to appear on the market will be made in a short time.

## BREAD PRICES UP

*(China Press Service)*

Nauen, Jan. 17.—The German press is rather excited over the increase by seventy-five percent in the price of bread because of the deteriorated mark-exchange and the Entente demand of the German government to discontinue extra allowances.

The newspapers fear that the life standards of the German people will thereby be further lowered. The Socialistic papers also demand an increase in wages to counterbalance the decreased purchasing power caused by the present low rates of exchange.


**Dr. I. KURAHARA, M.D.**
(Formerly member of the Kitasato Institute of Tokio).
No. 21A Haining Road (near Victoria Theatre). Tel. N. 2279.
Skin, venereal and internal diseases, the treatment of X-Ray and Diathermy.
Bacteriological and Serumtherapy Laboratory now opened.
Blood tests by the genuine Wassermann's reaction.
Home consultations will be attended to in the evening.
Office hours: 8-12 a.m. and 2-4 p.m.

**Dr. J. Podpakh, M.D.**
*German University (Berlin)*
Diagnostic cabinet for Urinary diseases.
Specialist in female diseases, confinements, surgical, internal, kidney and bladder diseases, venereal and skin diseases. Latest methods of diagnosis and treatment. Ultra—violet rays and electrical treatments. Analysis of blood and urine.
Consulting hours (daily, except Sunday): From 10 to 12 a.m. and 3 to 6 p.m. (or by special appointment). Telephone C. 434. 14 Kiukiang Road, corner Kiangse Road, Ezra Building, 3rd Floor, (opposite Hotel Kalee).
44693

**Dr. E. G. Lobzowsky**
**DENTIST**
Four Years' Practice in New York.
Painless Extractions. Plate Crown Bridgework, Gold and Porcelain Inlays.
Office Hours: 9 to 12; 2 to 6.
**No. 3, G, Peking Road**
Tel. Central 1125

**DR. F. FRANEK, M.D.**
Specialist in Urinary Skin and Internal Diseases (Latest European methods of treatment)
21, Nanking Road.
Consulting hours 11-1, 4-6.
39684


## NOTICE

Prof. I. K. Seto and Madam Fumi Seto, expert Japanese massuers be to announce that they have removed to Woochang Road, Shin Kong Lee, F57. Give treatment at the above address or your residence.


**R. E. S.**
**RUSSIAN ECONOMIC SOCIETY**
*WINE & GASTRONOMY STORE*
1 WOOSUNG ROAD (near Astor House).
ALWAYS IN STOCK
Black and red caviar, salted and smoked salmon and sturgeon, Kamchatka herrings, cranberry, moorberry, canned chickens, partridges and pheasants and all that you want for your table.
All purchases delivered at home.
Phone N. 519. Phone N. 519.
45067

**Preliminary Announcement**
The SHANGHAI NEW TUTORIAL CLASSES conducted by a UNIVERSITY GRADUATE in ARTS of over 25 years' TEACHING and COMMERCIAL experience, will be opened from January 9, 1923.
Pupils for the JUNIOR, SENIOR and MATRICULATION examinations of the HONGKONG UNIVERSITY as also for other examinations efficiently coached in ENGLISH MATHEMATICS, SCIENCE and other subjects.
Separate classes for the study of ENGLISH for Chinese, Japanese and Russians. For terms, etc., apply to Box 1013, THE CHINA PRESS. 44810

*DR. Z. S. TORJEWSKY*
**DENTAL SURGEON**
11, Peking Road (First Floor) Phone Central 2073
Newest methods of dental treatment and technical work.
OUTFIT AND MACHINERY AFTER THE LATEST INVENTIONS.
39555


# *Philippine Bank Report Sent In*

*(U.S. Navy Radio Through Reuter)*

Washington, Jan. 19.—Mr. Romeo Herrick, who investigated the financial condition of the Philippine Islands with special reference to the condition of the Philippine National Bank, reported to Secretary Weeks today. The latter declined to make any comment. Secretary Weeks said that the report was brought on by inquiries he was making on account of the request for a loan from the United States to the Philippine Government.

## LOST AND FOUND

LOST. White English setter. Dog. Reward. 55, Route Doumer. Telephone West 972.
45259 J 24

## GODOWNS, TO LET

FOR RENT, about 1200 square feet godown space, corner Jinkee and Szechuen Roads. Reasonable rent. For further particulars apply to Box 1170, THE CHINA PRESS.
44941

## MISCELLANEOUS

PIANO TUNER AND REPAIRER. Woldemar Rumberg offers his services. $5 charged for each service. Considerable discount for yearly basis. Phone C. 599, Avenue Joffre 248.
44529

## HOUSE BOATS FOR HIRE

FOR HIRE: Comfortable house boats, well found in every respect. For particulars please apply by letter to I. J. Muirhead Road.
44654

## USED CARS

FOR SALE, Scripps-Booth roadster, 2-3 seater with dickey seat, in excellent condition, 5 tyres almost new, engine perfect, very economical car. Cheap. Apply to Box 1240, THE CHINA PRESS.
45108

FOR SALE. "Templar roadster." Brand new, in first class condition, run only 2,400 miles. Owner going home, Tls. 2,500 or offer. Apply to Box 1280, THE CHINA PRESS.
45204 J 22

FOR SALE 4 seater motor car "Protus" overhauled under owner supervision and painted. Price Taels 1000. For particulars apply to Box 1263, THE CHINA PRESS.
45166 J 24

## ROOMS WANTED

WANTED to rent by two young men of quiet dispositions, two comfortably furnished South rooms with board. Apply to Box 1296, THE CHINA PRESS.
45230 J 22

## OFFICES TO LET

TO LET. Small office on Kiukiang Road, suitable for lawyer or broker. Address to Box 1237, THE CHINA PRESS.
45213 J 24

NICE large room with bathroom, suitable also for doctor's office with privilege to share sitting room. Apply to Dr. Bergshtam, 45 North Szechuen Road, 1st. floor.
45171

FOR RENT. Well lighted office space about 2,200 square feet on Nanking Road. Long lease and low rental. Apply to Box No. 1238, THE CHINA PRESS.
45112

**All Advertisements must be prepaid. Replies must be called for.**

# Classified Advertisements

**2 Cents a Word Minimum Charge 40 Cents**

## HOUSES TO LET

WELL-FURNISHED house to let for 6 months from 1st April. 6 rooms, 3 bathrooms, hot and cold water throughout, Western district near Carter Road. Apply to Box 11, THE CHINA PRESS.
45232 J 22

TO LET, (near Race Course), nicely furnished new house. Three big and three small rooms. Low rental. Furnitures to be taken over for Mex. $1,100. Apply to Box 4, THE CHINA PRESS.
45247

HOUSE to let in Route Vallon, French Concession, six furnished rooms, three bathrooms, hot and cold water, kitchen and pantry, garden, telephone. Modern conveniences. Furniture must be taken over. Lease one year. Apply to Box 1290, THE CHINA PRESS.
45216 J. 27

TO LET. New residences with modern conveniences. Location, Western district. Occupation, May or June. For full particulars, please apply to The Shanghai Trust Company, No. 2 Hongkong Road.
44703

8-roomed house with garage, garden, sanitary bathroom, Western district, occupation immediately. Also 6-roomed house to let, rent from Taels 140 up. Apply to Box 1220, THE CHINA PRESS.
45051

TO LET, Northern district, off North Honan Road. 9 roomed house with servants' quarters. Fittings to be taken over. Rent Tls. 75.00. Address to Box 1295, THE CHINA PRESS.
45223 J 24

FOR RENT, six roomed house. Bubbling Well, 3 bathrooms, flush toilets, etc. Furniture to be taken over. Apply to Box 1268, THE CHINA PRESS.
45178 J 22

BEAUTIFULLY located country house, partly furnished, garage, tennis court, garden, vegetable garden, stables. For particulars address to Box 1262, THE CHINA PRESS.
45166 J 24

TO LET nine roomed house. Western district. Furniture to be taken over. Apply to Box 1265, THE CHINA PRESS.
45172 J 25

## HOUSES WANTED

WANTED to rent immediately furnished or unfurnished house for two months. French town preferred. Apply to Box 1242, THE CHINA PRESS.
45119 J 22

## DANCING

WANTED, An American with Import and Export experience to assist in the management of an American firm. Apply to Box 14 THE CHINA PRESS.

## PROFESSIONAL

DON'T BE A WALL-FLOWER, come and be taught all the latest dances quickly and correctly by first class teacher. Telephone West 2749. Apply Box 426, THE CHINA PRESS.
45240 F 7

CERTIFICATED teacher of Paris University will open a class February 1st for people who wish to learn French. The special experience of this teacher will insure quick results. For particulars apply to Mr. Verger, 82 Route des Soeurs.
45176

THOROUGHLY COMPETENT MUSIC TEACHER is willing to give piano lessons at his or pupils residence. Has had many years experience locally and abroad. Excellent references from resident pupils. Judgment of pupils capabilities given gratis. Tel. C. 599, 248 Avenue Joffre.
45004

FOREIGN lady teacher is willing accept pupils for studying the German language. 248 Avenue Joffre.
45004

DANCING lessons by experienced American lady, Foxtrot, Tango, Onestep and Waltz, latest steps. Taught quickly and thoroughly. Tel. W. 2437.
45016

LEARN to play Mahjongg, the fascinating Chinese game now so popular, taught correctly in three lessons. Tel. W. 2437.
45016

MADAME CHELNAKOVA has just returned from a vacation and resumed her practise in massage (surgical, obesity and general corporal) injections. Hours 2 to 7 p.m. P574 Nanking Road. Telephone Central 6506.
45225 J 24

## SITUATIONS WANTED

GOOD house-maid recommended, experienced in serving, washing and cooking. 8 Dent Lane, near Chaoufoong Road. R. S.
45218 J 24

TWO young American women, college graduates, having many years experience, one in music, vocal and piano, the other in social work, business, teaching of English and stenography, desire positions of responsibility. Highest references as to character and ability. Apply to Box 1247, THE CHINA PRESS.
45132

EUROPEAN young man (18) good salesman, and general office assistant, desires position. Speaks Chinese. Apply to Box 1286, THE CHINA PRESS.
45212

A qualified foreign accountant seeks employment. Salary question is not important. Address to Box 1278, THE CHINA PRESS.
45203

Private and Confidential Stenography and Typewriting undertaken by Miss M. V. Andrews. 19 Baikal Road. Telephone East 436.
44542

LET the Y.M.C.A. Employment Department help you find the right man for the next vacancy in your office. Fifteen years of experience, hundreds of satisfied employers. Address Mr. C. C. Hsu, Employment Secretary, No. 120 Szechuen Road, Shanghai, or phone Central 5200.
44634

WANTED by young English boy, 15 years of age, position as office clerk. Salary no object. Anxious to secure employment. Good references. Please apply to Box 1251, THE CHINA PRESS.
45136

COMPETENT stenographer open for immediate engagement, office routine efficiently performed. Address to Box 1285, THE CHINA PRESS.
45211 J 24

AMERICAN (male) wishes position as steno-secretary. Has A. 1. references. Not afraid of hard work. Please apply to Box 1273, THE CHINA PRESS.
45194 J 22

POSITION required immediately by an English expert steno-typist (lady) with home and local experience. Apply to Box 1281, THE CHINA PRESS.
45206 J 22

YOUNG lady, American, competent stenographer desires position. Apply to Box 1261, THE CHINA PRESS.
45165 J 22

YOUNG man desires position as steno-typist and/or book-keeper. Thorough knowledge and several years experience in the above qualifications. Holding A. 1. references. Apply to Box 1239, THE CHINA PRESS.
45114 J 22

## HOUSES FOR SALE

A REAL SACRIFICE. In a best locality, newly decorated house, wholly furnished, goes, as it is with all crockery, drapery, linen, etc. for Tls. 2,900 only. Apply Box 1231, THE CHINA PRESS.
45085

## APARTMENTS TO LET

HOLLYWOOD, 301 Avenue Joffre. Large furnished flat, suitable for three or four persons, good board, large garden. Tel. W. 2437.
45255

FLAT of two or three furnished rooms, private bath (and kitchen if desired), sanitary plumbing, with or without board, near French Park, Tram No. 10. 610 Rue de l'Observatoire.
45243 J 24

TO LET, in Central district, one large furnished room and one small room unfurnished. Also in French Concession either single rooms or furnished flats. All modern sanitary conveniences. Apply to Box 1246, THE CHINA PRESS.
45128

TO LET, with board. Elegantly furnished flat. 19 Connaught Road.
45172 J 25

TO LET, one nicely furnished flat of three or four rooms, with full board, two bathrooms, (geyser), verandah, telephone, garage, and one big comfortable room with board and bathroom attached. Address to Box 1144, THE CHINA PRESS.
45088 J 22

TO LET, one well furnished flat of two rooms with verandah, bathroom attached, and all modern conveniences. With full board. Suitable for small family or separate rooms for bachelor. Apply 634 Rue de l'Observatoire.
45066 J 24

## ROOMS TO LET

**Connaught House**
**8 QUINSAN GARDENS**
Vacant 1st Feb. Large and small well furnished rooms with bathrooms attached.
Apply Mrs. G. POLLOCK.

**TO LET**
Furnished rooms with full board. Please apply to 14 Quinsan Gardens, Tel. North 482.

**TO LET**
Nice large room with bathroom for married couple in Western district with board. Apply to Box 1188, THE CHINA PRESS.

COMFORTABLE home for married couple, good table, quiet neighbourhood, moderate charge, also single room. Near tram 6, 12, 2 11. Telephone. Apply 59E Range Road.
45250 J 28

DOUBLE or single room, nice location, American family, every convenience. Full board. Apply to Box 8, THE CHINA PRESS.
45255

TO LET. Comfortable room with meals, suitable for 2 gentlemen or married couple in private American family, Western district. Apply to Box 9, THE CHINA PRESS.
45256 J 25

TO LET nicely furnished large and single rooms. Apply 59B Range Road.
45258 J 28

TO LET. Western district nice furnished room, suitable for two bachelors or married couple with full board. Apply to Box 1, THE CHINA PRESS.
45241 J 24

SMALL furnished room with board, near French Park. 610 Rue de l'Observatoire. Tram No. 10.
45243 J 24

FOR $90. Nicely furnished room, with home cooking. Central district. Quiet. Apply to Box 2, THE CHINA PRESS.
45244 J 27

TO LET. With American family, large room, nicely furnished, private bath and geyser, suitable for married couple or two bachelors. Excellent table. 312 Avenue Joffre, Phone W. 2855.
45973

HOLLYWOOD, 301 Avenue Joffre. To let, large room with private bath and full board. Tel. W. 2437.
45016

TO LET. Suitable for one or two, room with bathroom (hot water) attached. Breakfast only. Route des Soeurs. Apply to Box 1288, THE CHINA PRESS.
45214 J 24

TO LET from 1st February 2 furnished rooms, kitchen and bathroom with geyser. 37 Rue du Consulat, top floor.
45198 J 22

TO LET in French family nice furnished rooms for bachelors and married couple. Modern conveniences. French cuisine. Two minutes from the trams. Moderate terms. 82, Route des Soeurs.
45192 J 25

TO LET, at 103 Bubbling Well Road, with board, large well furnished room with private bathroom attached. Suitable for married couple or two bachelors. Excellent table, good service. Apply at above address or phone West 805.
45191 J 22

TO LET, large and comfortable rooms with bath. No. 10 Seward Road.
45139 J 22

TO LET with board, large room, bathroom attached, suitable for couple, good table, American or English only need apply. Terms reasonable. Apply to 42 Boone Road.
45160 J 22

TO LET, well furnished rooms with private bathrooms, with board or without. Apply 3 Young Allen Terrace, opposite Quinsan Garden.
45140 J 22

TO LET well furnished room with board, separate bath, telephone, verandah. Modern house. Route Vallon 65, near French Park. Apply 11 to 7.
45129 J 24

## APARTMENTS WANTED

APARTMENT wanted by American couple one or two furnished rooms with board or kitchen. Would consider sharing house. Apply to Box 13, THE CHINA PRESS.
45263 J 22

TWO foreign gentlemen desire small furnished flat in French Concession or Western district, close to trams, with or without board. Apply to Box 1297, THE CHINA PRESS.
45230 J 22

WANTED unfurnished flat, by 1st March (separate entrance preferred). Central district. Apply to Box 1277, THE CHINA PRESS.
45202 J 22

## EXCHANGE AND MART

TO SPORTSMEN—WRIGHT & BELYEA have for sale a very suitable teakwood motor house-boat for shooting purposes. Good for Creek or deepwater. Length 30 feet, beam 12 feet. Just immediately thoroughly overhauled. Both boat and engine. Very roomy, and will go anywhere. Tel. North 295, Woosung and 8 North Honan Road.
44532

FOR SALE 3 beautiful thoroughbred German police puppies, 1 male, 2 females. Price male Tls. 50.00, females Tls. 40.00. Address to Box 12, THE CHINA PRESS.
45260 J 24

WANTED to purchase Victrola. Apply to Box 7, THE CHINA PRESS.

WANTED to purchase second hand ladies wardrobe trunk. Price must be reasonable. Apply to Box 10, THE CHINA PRESS.
45261 J 24

BLANKETS, for sale 1,200 gray woollen double blankets, size 88 x 64. For particulars write to Box 1016, THE CHINA PRESS or Phone Central 2671.
44630

SAFETY Razor Blades sharpened like new, three cents single, four cents double blades. Send your old blades to the Y.M.C.A. Barber Shop—"The Sanitary Shop," 120 Szechuen Road.
44633

FOR SALE. A ladies squirrel coat with French flowered satin lining. Full length and new. Price $275. Apply to Box 1298, THE CHINA PRESS.
45237 J 24

FOR SALE. One .38 calibre revolver. One .38 standard Colt revolver. Both with holster and belt. $60 for both. Perfect condition. 37 Wayside.
45231 J 24

FOR SALE. A scroll of old Chinese painting by a famous artist of Soong Dynasty. (1200) Moderate price. Apply to Box 1292, THE CHINA PRESS.
45219 J 24

FOR SALE. I. S. S. bonds, one paid up six months, one five years, one seven years. Offers to Box 1283, THE CHINA PRESS.
45209 J 22

FOR SALE, one year old grand piano in excellent condition, owner leaving, price Taels 1000, for trial and inspection please apply to Box 1282, THE CHINA PRESS.
45208 J 24

## BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

JOINT Investor wanted for very profitable seasonable enterprise in connection with China, taking advantage of Peace Exhibition taking place in Tokio March next. Or All Rights to be Transferred. Please apply to Box 1275, THE CHINA PRESS.
45199

## SITUATION VACANT

WANTED, Reliable Portuguese girl acquainted with lace trade and qualified to manage department for manufacture of lingerie. State salary required and apply with references to Box 15, THE CHINA PRESS.

WANTED—Experienced first class compradore to purchase supplies for export. Must be prepared to furnish efficient staff for office and factory. Apply to Box 16, THE CHINA PRESS.

WANTED chartered accountant or accountant who even though unqualified is capable of taking complete charge of accounts for British firm. Please apply to Box 5, THE CHINA PRESS.
45251 J 22

WHO can recommend a good honest house boy? Good wages. No boarding house. Kindly write to Box 6, THE CHINA PRESS.
45252 J 22

WANTED. First-class stenographer by American corporation. Permanent position. Please give references, age and experience. American girl preferred. Apply to Box 3, THE CHINA PRESS.
45246 J 25

SALESMAN wanted to sell good lines on commission basis. Apply to Box 1299, THE CHINA PRESS.
45238 J 24

AN efficient, assiduous, neat and accurate foreign junior is required immediately. Apply in handwriting, stating age, nationality, experience if any, and salary to Box 1294, THE CHINA PRESS.
45222 J 24

WANTED man to take charge of import department of large American firm [illegible] had several years [illegible] in China. Good [illegible] Reply to Box 1284, THE CHINA PRESS.
45210 J 24

## Correspondence

### OPIUM HAULS

Editor, THE CHINA PRESS

Dear Sir.—Indulgence in any form of denunciation of the Japanese character is so popular that it seems a pity to criticise the story of an amah who was probably only deprived of a chair at the Washington Conference by loyalty to her present Missy.

However she could have been just as nasty with the advantage of having some regard for a semblance of facts by saying "Opium grown by Japanese in the North and by the British in India might be a material factor in the Market, were it not for the fact that since we adopted this glorious form of government, of, by and for the soldiers, opium is the principal remuneration of our army, and in consequence, the officials compel all farmers to grow it, thereby flooding the markets to such an extent that the foreigners are unable to compete."

And, by the way, your Lady Feature Writer is so universally popular (by no means excluding the undersigned) that anything I might say can't do sufficient harm to even be ungallant, so I presume to suggest that that notorious truck-load of opium was no more than a generous sample compared to the shipment brought up from Canton by the Southern Parliament. And persistent rumor sayeth that their baggage was passed through the Customs without examination. And even this notorious haul would not have been noticed in the shipment that the Szechuen Army sent down to Wuchang to pay for the ammunition with which they attempted to take Ichang.

In foreign countries opium is measured in Ounces, in Shanghai in Catties, at Hankow we hear of Piculs, at Ichang of Tons, but at Chungking it is generally referred to as so many ship loads.

In our local harbor you may see dozens of Customs Officers boarding a steamer and applying their nasal organs to every little crack and corner, endeavoring to locate the drug by its odor.

On the Ichang-Chungking run, the Customs station a man in the Ichang gorge, 11 miles above Ichang and unless a steamer is sufficiently loaded to stink up the whole gorge they don't bother with it.

All of which has a moral; viz: The opium question is very much like a lot of other questions in China and it is a pity that so many people spend so many years in a city so close to China, without seeing that interesting country and forming their own opinions instead of being influenced by the logic of their amahs and other propagandists, more proficient in English literature but whose minds are hampered by the same ancient civilisation, kept ancient by the dominant characteristic of Face.

Very sincerely yours,

D. W. CHUM.

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Editor, THE CHINA PRESS

Dear Sir: Speaking of brokers' carts, you broached the subject, or at least Arcady did (and in a most delightful fashion, too!)—we are screwing up our courage to write and ask for information. If you are unable to give it don't be too bashful to say so, but if you can you will place many of us in your everlasting debt for the enlightenment.

(One hears constantly that living in the Orient is "so broadening, you know!")

Speaking of brokers' carts then. I want to say that one of the most terrifying experiences in Shanghai's more-than-crowded streets is to look up suddenly as one is pursuing the even tenor of his way to see one of those speed-mad mafoos and his particular broker bearing down on him with that "do or die" air they have, as though nothing mattered in this old world but that they arrive somewhere and they are usually going that direction with a most extravagant semblance of hurry.

Now my question, Mr. Editor, is Why? What for? I may be very ignorant but there are others, for I've asked them! Is it a case of "why is a mouse that spins?" Please tell us what it is all about. Where are they going in such a devilish hurry?

Gratefully yours, provided you humor us.

I. J.

P. S.—In case we are to be sued for libel, here's my card.

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### ANTI-NARCOTIC SOCIETY

Editor, THE CHINA PRESS

Dear Sir.—I am requested to enclose herewith a copy of the Anti-Narcotic Society's report showing how the society was forced by official intrigue to suspend their useful work and to request that you will see your way to give its due publicity. I remain, Yours faithfully.

K. Y. LI.

Shanghai, Jan. 17.
3 Hankow Road,

[ENCLOSURE]

The Board of Directors of the Anti-Narcotic Society met on Dec. 30, 1921. By unanimous vote of the eight directors present, it was decided to suspend the operations of the Society on Dec. 31, 1921. The following statement, representing a careful abstract of official documents on file, is issued for the information of the public. The facts set forth in this statement were the immediate causes for the temporary suspension of the Anti-Narcotic Society.

**THE BLACKMAIL CASE**

On the evening of May 3, 1920, Wang Pao-shan, Kuo Ju-chang, Li Yu-shan and Wang Jui-hung, detectives of the ex-Austrian Concession of the Tientsin Police Department, forced their way into the home of Mr. Wang Sung-chou, in the native city, professing to be in search of opium in that house. They represented themselves as detectives of the Anti-Narcotic Society, showing the householder ficticious service certificates, hand cuffs, etc. They searched the house, but made off with gold, jewellery, silver coins, bank-notes, etc. instead of opium.

The same gang called on Mr. Wang again on the following day accompanied by three others, and exacted from Mr. Wang some more money.

The case was brought up by Mr. Wang to the notice of the Police Station of his district and at the same time the Society learned of the incident. In view of the fact that these Police-detectives represented themselves as employees of the Society, a letter was addressed to the Authorities by the Society urging that a strict investigation be made and severe punishment be imposed.

**EMPLOYEES INNOCENT**

Chin Po-sheng, a detective of the Society, was unexpectedly arrested in the afternoon of May 14, 1920 (scarcely ten days after the blackmail case described above) at the door of the Society's office building. Ho Wen-kuei and Li Li-ching, two other employees were also summoned by the Police Department.

The arrests having been made, the Society was informed by the Police Department that Police-Officer Liu Feng-ming of the ex-Austrian Concession transmitted to the Head-office a petition, chaimed to be signed by a Mr. Chang Chuan complaining that Society's employees then under arrest, searched Chang's house and, as a result, a gold pin was stolen. The Police therefore sent detectives to effect the arrest of Mr. Chin.

This case was finally referred to the Court, from which a judgment was handed down on August 14 1920, declaring these three men to be innocent. They were subsequently released, after having been imprisoned for three hot summer months.

**REWARD WITHHELD**

For each opium or morphine offense uncovered by the Society, the proper authorities throughout the province rendered to the Society a statement giving the punishment inflicted and remitted to it a proper share of rewards prescribed by law.

With the cases disclosed in Tientsin, this procedure was not adhered to. There are no less than twenty-two cases for which no account was rendered and in which no detectives' rewards were remitted. Even upon repeated notifications, particularly on Dec. 21, 1920, and April 8, 1921, the local Police Department, to whose jurisdiction these cases fell, gave no answer whatever. This non-response on the part of the Police Department, makes it impossible for the Society to learn of punishments inflicted and also to fulfill the expectation of the Society's employees for rewards due them.

**NEW PROCEDURE SUGGESTED**

The procedure followed by Society's employees in Tientsin and elsewhere in Chihli, in effecting disclosure of opium or morphine offenses, was to make a search after having secured the co-operation of police on that "beat." Society's detectives invariably accompanied the police to the suspected house and acted as informants and witnesses. This procedure as carried out in actual practice proved to be very practical, and effectual. More than two hundred different cases of opium and morphine traffic were disclosed in this way.

The plan was to keep the Society's activities strictly within the letter and spirit of the law and custom, yet no opportunity was given the offenders to learn of their pending arrest or search in any way enabling them to escape or to conceal or destroy articles proving their guilt.

The Society had high hopes that in the continuance of its activities following this procedure a solution to the eradication of the narcotic menace in the province might be found. However, apparently without reason, the Tientsin Police Department suggested to the Civil Governor that information concerning violations of the drug laws should first be reported to the Police Department by the Anti-Narcotic Society. The police would then use their discretion and no Anti-Narcotic detective would be permitted to effect a search even though accompanied by the local police. This suggestion was accepted by the Civil Governor, who officially transmitted it to the Society.

In view of the impracticability of the Police Department's suggestion, the Society deemed it useless to try out such a procedure. The offenders are usually exceedingly sensitive and are only too ready to make a quick "get-away" upon learning the slightest suspicion of them. And the Society's Detective Department, at one time perhaps the most useful and efficient phase of the work, was compelled to cease its activity.

**APPROPRIATION WITHHELD**

The major portion of the fund with which Society's work was carried on, as may be seen from previous reports, was received from the Civil Governor's office. A decision was announced to appropriate a sum of $50,000 annually for the work. The annual subsidy was to be paid to the Society in four instalments of $12,500 each. The first installment was received prior to November 10, 1919.

The Civil Governor was twice requested—on Oct. 29, 1919 and June 1, 1920—to authorise the payment of the second instalment. Not only has the Civil Governor failed to remit the money appropriated but has made no reply to the official requests of the Society.

It will be remembered that it was the Civil Governor himself who promised support to the Campaign to the amount of $50,000 annually. This disbursement was also duly sanctioned by the Assembly. It is therefore a matter of regret that the long promised support even after due approval from the Provincial Assembly has not been forthcoming.

The last report issued by the Anti-Narcotic Society was the "Fifth Quarterly Report" dated April 30, 1920. Events that ensued, as may be seen from the above cases, had a strong demoralising effect on the work of the Society, which for the major portion of the period covered by this statement, has remained inactive. On Dec. 30, 1921, the Board of Directors voted to suspend the work of the Society in view of the undesirability of allowing the name of the Society to exist without adequate support and without co-operation to enable it to perform some of the work for which it was organised. The Board decided to close the doors of the Society as from Dec. 31, 1921.

This statement has been issued to give a brief summary of the events that led to the temporary closing of the Anti-Narcotic Society's work. The cases described above are from authenticated records of correspondence between the Society and the authorities concerned. They have been prepared for the information of the public.

In publishing this statement, the Directors feel gravely concerned over the outlook for an eventual eradication of the traffic in opium and other harmful drugs, which has wrought such havoc among the people of China.

Tientsin, China.
December 30 1921.
The Board of Directors.

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### AUSTRALIA WAKES UP!

Editor, THE CHINA PRESS

Dear Sir, It is with a good deal of satisfaction that one learns as contained in yours of the 21st inst that the Australian authorities are at last realizing the fact that her trade representatives over-seas should be business men from Australia who fully understand the trade, ideals, etc. of that country.

Australia was undoubtedly a few months ago very ignorant as to the East near or far but your article shows that they are now waking up very fast and none too soon. I remain, Yours faithfully,

WALLABY.

Shanghai, Jan. 21, 1921.


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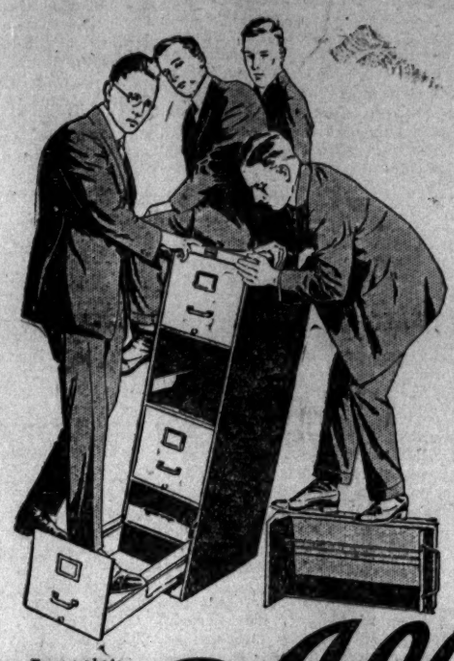

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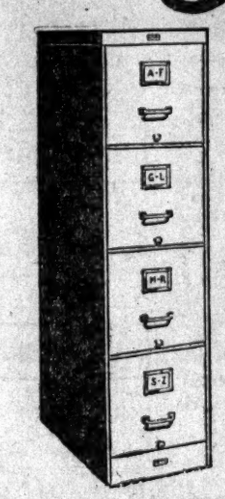

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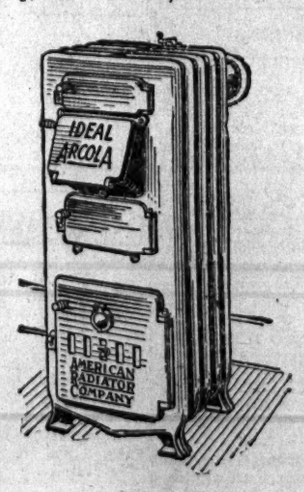


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# Hughes Hailed As Big Man Of Great Event In History

## 'He Had Insight, Courage, Tenacity; We Now See Goal At Turn Of Road," Says Lauzanne In Reviewing Parley

BY STEPHANE LAUZANNE

Washington, Dec. 10.—Upon leaving the conference I am taking back to Europe the impression of having seen a big man and a big thing.

The big man is Mr. Charles E. Hughes.

It is he, one feels, who wanted this conference, who prepared it, who carried it on his shoulders. And if his vision had been less penetrating, his mind less deliberate, his shoulders less broad, perhaps the matter would have stopped half way. But he had insight, courage and tenacity. And we now see the goal at the turn of the road.

It is customary in nearly every country to joke about the invasion of the political field by lawyers. This is both childish and unfair. Many a time in the course of her troublous history, France has had lawyers at the helm and these lawyers have saved or protected her. Theirs, who in 1871 liberated French territory, was a lawyer. Gambetta, who fanned back her flame, was a lawyer. Raymond Poincare, who during the four years of an atrocious war sustained her with his energy, was a lawyer. And Alexandre Millerand, who represents her today, is a lawyer. The great merit of lawyers, their superiority over professors, is that they deal with facts instead of dealing with theories. The world is weary of theories. It reckons with facts alone. If realities that bear the stamp of justice are brought to it, it rejoices, because it yearns for reality as much as for justice.

The imperishable merit of Mr. Hughes will be to have understood this. When he appeared before the world court he had convened he spoke of right, justice, idealism, peace, civilisation, but at the same time he brought a substantial reality, a practical means of serving civilisation, peace, idealism, justice and right. One may discuss, argue, cudgel one's brain in vain. A fact remains a fact, and the great, outstanding fact here is that when the Washington conference is over there will be 1,500,000 tons less of warships in this world of ours—in other words, 1,500,000 tons less of machines devised for killing, destroying and sinking. Where is the pacifist who has ever obtained such a result before? What disarmament conference can boast of such a balance sheet?

And the conference will have been a big thing, a very big thing.

I do not say that everything about it was perfect, that its machinery could not have been quicker, that it did not at times appear to be somewhat lacking in method. But such as it was it will mark an epoch in history. It will have shown that one of the most difficult of problems, that of limitation of armaments, could be approached with success. It will have placed before the world another grave problem: The problem of an immense country, China, which was bound, gagged, invaded, dismembered, plundered, and to which everybody generously wants to give a chance so that she may rise up again, shake herself, on and live. And it will have, above all, set the birth of that four-power agreement in the Pacific which may lead to other agreements and which is a sure guaranty of peace.

Furthermore, whatever may have been said about it, the conference has inaugurated new methods. Nations have been able to speak freely in the broad light of day. They have been able to state publicly their demands, their fears, their hopes. France, for her part, will not forget that she found an opportunity to clear herself in the open of the black accusations of militarism and imperialism which were being brought against her in the shadows. Each one was in a position to defend its own case before the bar of jurtice of the world.

Yes, I know that besides the great Memorial Hall there are the quieter rooms of the Pan-American Building, and the secluded private office of the Secretary of State, where many conversations and discussions took place at which the public was not present. And there are people, dyspeptics hard of hearing, who will again complain of secrecy and occult maneuvers. They will be talking nonsense. A public place is for talk, not for work. You can no more expect statesmen who are studying texts, searching for formulas, and exchanging views to do so under the eyes of 1,200 roaring and cheering spectators than you can expect it of a writer who is collecting his thoughts, or of a scientist carrying on his research word, or of a jury which is deliberating. There has to be a forum with a tribune, but there must also be rooms for study where silence reigns. Would those writers who complain of the secrecy of the conference write their articles in the middle of Pennsylvania Avenue? Would those Senators who condemn the secrecy of the conference invite their electors to be present at every committee meeting and take part in all conversations carried on in their lobbies?

Yes, this conference has been a big thing, big in its scope and purpose, big in its method, big on account of the good will which each has brought to it. With all our hearts we must hope that it will be crowned with a great success.

# Conference Will Show U.S. Policy Toward Siberia

*(Chung Mei News Agency)*

Washington, Dec. 14.—"When the item 'Siberia' on the agenda for the conference on Pacific and Far Eastern questions is reached and the issue of Russian rights comes up for consideration both Americans and people in many other interested nations will probably begin to realise for the first time that the United States has a policy relating to Russia which is much more important than public discussion has thus far indicated," says Malcolm W. Davies, of Foreign Press Service and the New York Evening Post. This policy is that of moral trusteeship, and has already been advanced by American spokesmen.

"Briefly stated," continues the Post's correspondent, "this policy may be said to mean that when the Government in a country becomes temporarily incapable of safeguarding the heritage of its people the duty of conserving their rights and possessions devolves upon other nations in mutual association, until there is again within the country a Government which can command recognition and resume guardianship of all their interests in security.

**STARTED BY HUGHES**

"The formula of moral trusteeship is shown to have come from the Secretary of State, Charles Evans Hughes. It developed logically as the result of the whole record of State Department action regarding Russia from the time of the revolution in March, 1917, and the Bolshevist overthrow of the Provisional Government of the Russia Republic in November, 1917. The United States early announced that this country stood for the integrity of Russian territory and would not be a partner to sanctioning any impairment or division not accepted by a duly constituted and recognised central Russian Government.

"This principle affected the American attitude toward the northern border states of Esthonia, Latvia and Lithuania, on the Baltic Sea, which have not been recognised. It also undoubtedly affects the attitude toward the Far Eastern Republic of Siberia. Consistently followed by the last Administration, it has been continued by the present one; and may be regarded as an established and lasting tenet of American policy towards Russia.

**CHITA'S INFLUENCE**

"This principle, developing new implications as one question after another affecting Russian interests arose, was finally crystallised in the formula of 'moral trusteeship' in September of this year in connection with the plans for the present conference on Pacific and Far Eastern questions.

One element which helped to precipitate it in its final form, it is known, was the fact that representatives of the Far Eastern Republic of Siberia, with its capital at Chita, desired to be included in the conference. The American Ambassador at Peking was authorised to convey to them personally an assurance that Russian rights would undoubtedly be considered and that their preservation would devolve as a sort of 'moral trusteeship' upon the conference. The United States has taken the initiative in the matter by placing the question of Siberia on the agenda and securing agreement to it and by sponsoring the idea of international obligation to respect and conserve Russian territory, property and rights."

## GENERAL CAPTURED

*(Dalta News Agency)*

Chita, Jan. 18.—A telegram from Urga informs that the White Guard general, Bakitch, together with his entire staff and his military train has been captured in Mongolia and is being taken to Urga.

# Russia To Oust Payroll Leeches

*(Rosta News Agency)*

Moscow, Jan. 16.—A decree of the All-Russian Central Executive Committee orders the creation of a commission in the Presidium of the Central Executive Committee for controlling all government offices of the Russian Socialist Federal Soviet Republic. The task of the commission will be to liquidate all superfluous offices and to reduce the staff to the minimum.

## RUSS SCHOOLS

*(Rosta News Agency)*

Moscow, Jan. 16.—A decree of the All-Russian Central Executive Committee forbids all payment in schools of the republic. Refusal to teach or to admit pupils as well as failure to pay the voluntary school tax will be severely punished by the people's tribunals.

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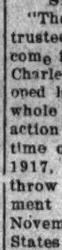

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# Marconi Says: Only A World Conference Of Business Men Can Avert Economic Ruin

**"Up To Today We Have Seen Virtually Nothing Attempted To Remedy The Tragic Situation. What Business Men Must Have Before They Can Engage In Foreign Trade Is Stabilisation Of Exchange."**

By HAYDEN TALBOT

London, Dec. 10.—"The restoration of the world to prewar economic conditions may or may not ever be possible of accomplishment, but in my opinion a sine qua non of any attempt to accomplish it is that it must be entrusted to men whose business experience fits them to approach the intricate problem intelligently."

This is the considered opinion of Guglielmo Marconi, famous inventor, who granted me an interview regarding the world's economic outlook.

"After all," he continued, "when a bank gets into difficulties the procedure invoked is always the same—whatever the country. Responsible business men, whose interests are involved, are called together, and generally ways and means are found to save the bank. There is nothing of altruism in this. It is merely hard, cold business sense. To allow that bank to go under might mean financial distress in the case of dozens of other business institutions, directly and indirectly concerned.

**ECONOMICS NEGLECTED**

The point is that the fate of that bank is determined by the joint judgment of business men. Politicians are not called in. Members of Commerce are not appealed to. Experience has taught the business world that in matters of this kind any organisation is by virtue of its very organisation prone to view a complete matter too generally—and to be too timid to take drastic, definite action—that kind of radical compromising which business men are accustomed to make many times in the course of a year.

Today we face, not the impending failure of a bank, but the economic destruction of half the world. And up to today we have done virtually nothing to remedy the tragic situation.

In a broad sense there have been thus far two serious world conferences—the Peace Conference at Versailles and the so-called disarmament Conference at Washington. In that they both dealt with world problems arising out of the war, in that they brought representatives of the world's nations together, and in so far as they established mutual understanding—they undoubtedly worked toward good end. But from a practical, business viewpoint what have they accomplished?

"The thing the Italian importer of steel wants to know, for instance, neither the League of Nations nor the Washington Conference ever even faintly considered. Yet until some responsible body of men gets together and determines the point of paramount importance to that Italian importer of steel—the world is going to continue to stagger along in its present hopeless economic plight.

**MUST STABILISE EXCHANGE**

"Steel is badly needed in Italy. Supplies of steel are here in England in abundance. On the face of it here is all that is necessary for prospering trade conditions—the demand and the supply. But under existing conditions British export trade is almost nil, and Italy's needs are going unsatisfied. The reason is so self-evident as hardly to need stating. But to emphasise my point, let me say that no man—in Italy or elsewhere—is going to make a purchase when he has no way of knowing what the price is going to be.

"On the day the Italian importer places his order for this English steel—to be paid for, mark you, in pounds sterling—it may be that the sovereign is worth 70 lire. On the day when the payment falls due, however, the exchange rate may have gone against Italy until the sovereign is worth 95 lire. In the difference between the two rates is the difference between a profit and a huge loss.

"Business men in Europe—including the Germans—are not nearly so much concerned about the depreciation of their currency as one might suppose. What they do want, what they must have, before they can engage profitably in foreign trade, is a staballsation of the exchange.

"If I may be permitted a homely analogy, let us take the case of a lady on a shopping expedition who buys a hat for $25 and considers she has a bargain. Supposing the following day she finds the hat market at $15—the same hat in the same shop! Then supposing the next day she finds the same hat in the same shop has risen in price to $35! Surely her bewilderment would be easily imagined.

"Let the prices of all such articles fluctuate in equally wild fashion—what would be the inevitable result? Assuredly ladies would cease shopping.

"That is all that is wrong with world trades as I see it. Let values be definitely determined and speedily buyers will come back into the markets of the world, and we shall have taken the first step toward a solution of all the problems which, however independently important they may seem, are actually all co-related and dependent on a solution of this major problem.

"It seems to be popular at the moment to blame labor for a larger share of responsibility for the world's business stagnation than any other class, but I am inclined to take a different view. It is a fact, of course, that labor wants more than once it accepted. But it is also a fact that capital wants more. In order days 5 percent was considered an excellent return on invested capital. Today 10 percent is wanted and 8 percent accepted reluctantly.

"If the argument is urged that 10 percent today, withgovernmental taxation what it is, nets the investor no more than 5 percent formerly netted—surely the same argument can be urged in support of labor's claims that higher wages are necessary.

**'A CALIFORNIA SOCIALIST'**

"But obviously, both capital and labor cannot have more—without an inevitable economic crash. This seeming impasse, however, is a matter for economists of the world to study collectively, and together to evolve a way out that will give both capital and labor the maximum of practical concessions. It is as absurd to say that a solution cannot be found as it is absurd to think that a solution can ever be found—by politicians, whose whole training and instinctive viewpoint unfit them for the task.

"It may sound strange, coming from me, but the fact is I am at heart more or less a Socialist. I can't say that I believe in the form of socialism which makes Russia an economically worthless nation—but I am most heartily in favor of that kind of socialism which I understand exists in the State of California, where every sixth person owns his automobile. There is evidence of an equality of division of wealth which appeals to me. It is just possible, I suppose, that the cause is to be found in the fact that Californians have caught the essential truth of economic prosperity—and that they all work!

"But in considering the world's admittedly menacing economic situation there must be taken into consideration the psychological factor of labor's mental attitude. Less, perhaps, among British workmen, but very much among French and Italian workmen is a feeling that labor on this side of the water has come out of the war very much less advantageously than American labor. I don't pretend to say that this feeling is shared by thoughtful Europeans, but it is a factor that can not be ignored if we are to arrive at a solution of the existing problems.

"Your Italian or French workman argues that American labor profited hugely out of the war. In lives lost America sacrificed an inconsiderable proportion of Europe's blood sacrifices. Wherefore—thus your French and Italian workmen argue—the only thing for America to do to even the balance is to make the money sacrifice involved by cancelling the Allied debt.

"Now there is room for doubt that such action by the United States would at all work to the advantage of Europe—capital or labor. It is by no means certain that labor in England or Europe would benefit to the extent of getting back to pre-war conditions. In any event this is approaching the whole subject from a one-sided angle. What labor holds to be a penacea, on the face of it is a self-interested opinion. As such it is worth stating only that the fact may be known.

**MARCONI'S SOLUTION**

"As I see it the vitally important thing is that this world problem should be approached and a solution sought by employers of labor who in their own business have proved that they understand and are properly sympathetic toward labor's aspirations. None better than such men knows that any attempted solution which does not take labor into account and which does not admit that there is a case for labor would be foredoomed to failure.

"Let there be arranged a world conference of business men of known ability in their own spheres. Let each group have the support of its Government. From such a conference, in my opinion, would come a practical, speedy solution of the pressing problem—surely the most urgently needed thing in the whole world today."

GUGLIELMO MARCONI

In the early days of the war, in an interview which he granted me, Marconi had some strikingly interesting things to say about the use of wireless telephony along the Italian front—and at that time prophesied that "before long" trans-Atlantic wireless telephony would be an accomplished fact. I asked him how near to realisation this prophecy now was.

"It has been realised already," he replied. "Several words have been spoken on one side of the Atlantic and heard on the other side—but as yet trans-Atlantic wireless telephony is not commercially practical. However, I have reason to believe that before another Christmas comes it will be possible for a man in New York to talk with a man in London as clearly and distinctly as over half a mile of telephone wire. At the present time three nations are at work experimenting along these lines—England, America and Germany.

"From my yacht in the Mediterranean I have frequently talked with shore stations 1,000 miles distant, and from the standpoint of distinctness I have had better results than have ever been obtained over a short-distance wire telephone. But beyond 1,000 miles indistinctness has still to be overcome. So long as it is necessary to differentiate between similar sounding letters, such as F and S, and B and T, one cannot say success has been achieved. Of course over the wire telephone—especially in newspaper work—one frequently has to use 'S for sugar' and 'T for Tommy' in order to ensure accuracy.

"But from what has already been accomplished in wireless telephony it is safe to predict that once the problem of bridging that 3,000 miles has been solved, trans-Atlantic conversations will be carried on with the same distinctness as though the speakers were in adjoining rooms."

Finally I asked Marconi if there were anything new to say about the wireless signals from Mars which, it will be recalled, he announced some time ago had been interpreted as regular repetitions of Morse symbols. Whereupon he dictated the following statement:

"My remarks about the possibility of the detection of wireless signals coming from the planet Mars seem to have been very widely misunderstood. I and other observers have occasionally noticed that specially-tuned wireless receivers were affected by signals of very great wave-length coming apparently from some point at a great distance. I simply stated in connection with such signals that the possibility that they might come from the planet Mars could not be entirely excluded. I may add that lately these effects have not been nearly so noticeable."


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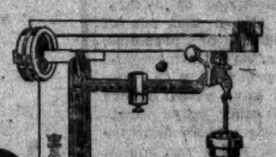

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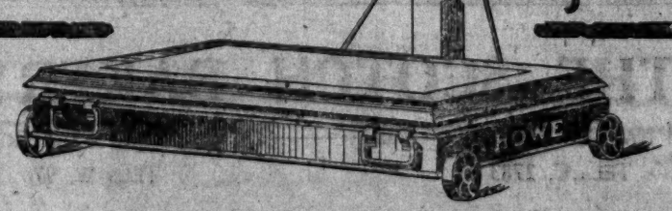

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# Gabriele D'Annunzio Sees A Vision Of Commodore Perry Warning U. S. And World Of Japan's Ambition To Acquire White Races' Lands

**"The Insatiable Champion Of Asia (JAPAN) Affirms 'Mine Is the Right To Repeople The New Countries, To Refertilise Unproductive Regions. If I Can Hold In My Hands The Triumph Of Fleshly Fecundity, I Shall Be The Strongest.' It Is Easier To Put The Pacific In A Barrel Than To Restrain This Pride And Appetite." Poet Paraphrases Perry.**

BY GABRIELE D'ANNUNZIO

*Foremost poet, dramatist, soldier-aviator and popular leader in Italy.*

Milan, Italy, Dec. 17.—Commodore Perry continues to smile, lowering slightly the corner of his mouth, which is dented by the constant use of his pipe, carved from a root with a clasp-knife. In the other, the symbolic world, he retains his seamanly swagger like the perfect mariner that he was. He has not abandoned the habit of keeping vertical, the center of his gravity thus assuring a firm basis for his solidly planted feet.

The Commodore is erect on his two legs, as though he were again standing on the deck of his good ship Susquehanna in truth he does not show any trace of that untimely gout which was his passport to the other world. On the contrary his smile changes into a coarse laugh at the merry suspicion that diplomatic gout will not condemn the Washington Conference to immobility.

**"MICE ARE LAUGHING"**

Commodore Perry, smiling, says:

"Allow me to intervene, although not convoked by regular Presidential invitation.

"Almost seventy years ago I left in the waters of Yedo Bay, opposite Uraga, a sounding buoy. We sailors say that a buoy 'watches' when it floats. Well, my buoy has watched and is still watching. I do not doubt but that my countrymen are better informed than I, but the conference is apt to confound ideas, even in the soundest of heads.

"When, on July 7, 1853, I cast anchor before Uraga, I had in my frigate two gun batteries, one covered and the other uncovered; but I had two more batteries, still more efficacious. One was a battery of simple ideas and the other was honest good will. Both were quite uncovered.

"My cook, too, possessed his secrets, and not even his dearest scullery servant was able to wrest one from him. The kitchen of the conference is surrounded by spongers of every country and quality, but it is true that its secrets are impenetrable.

"Meanwhile I assure you that all the mice on the Nippon roofs are laughing. Following a proverb of that country, when the while man prophesies the future of Japan or expresses thoughts on the soul of Japan, the gracious rodents on the paper roofs laugh in chorus unceasingly.

"Official representatives of the Mikado, on the contrary, do not laugh, do not make gestures or signs, and speak only what is absolutely necessary, but perpetually keep their faces like the old ivory and giltwood masks.

"The Governor of Uraga, when he tried to send me to Nagasaki to treat with the rulers, remained impassive on my refusal. I never had the pleasure of seeing a muscle of Prince Idzu's face wrinkle.

**POWER, NOT JUSTICE**

"It has been said and said again that when Charles Hughes, with unexpected boldness, proposed the destruction of ships, all the white puppets jumped as though the wires had suddenly broken, while the yellow puppets remained as blandly insensible as sheathed sabres of well-tempered steel.

"Fata immota manent. Destiny remains immovable. Though I recognise myself as a man of humble knowledge, I risk this solemn quotation, hoping to augment my authority with the illustrious Western lights come to dine in the Federal Capital.

"Destiny—that is the vital necessity of the race, that is will power, that is the purpose of aggression and expansion; and it is inseparable and unchangeable from the plans of the secretive people whom it was my honor to introduce to the world struggle.

"This virile truth must be well imprinted upon the mind of the people of the starred banner who aspire and who should aspire to a hegemony of the world.

"There are those who cry, 'Europe for the Europeans,' and there are others answering, 'Asia for the Asiatics.' Here it is not a question of justice, for justice is yet to come to man. The Son of Man sacrificed himself in vain to establish it upon the earth.

"Here is no question of justice, but of power. For a long time yet the dividers of the world will be iron men. And for a long time attempts at revindications for social transformations will be problems of power and not of justice, acts of violence and not persuasion.

"It does not help to waste time in deploring the harshness of this reality any more than it helps to wonder why England is ready to give back Weihaiwei but keep Hongkong.

"I pray my God that the reality of these things enters well into your minds.

"An arrangement of hypocrisies of the conference can have but the value of stratagems in a bloody war. Alternately the negotiators take off the mask to put on the muzzle, which they again take off to replace with the mask.

"Japan since 1914 has conquered her internal market, has eliminated from China all foreign competition, has invaded the markets of Indo-China, Siam and India, has created connections with South America and Canada, has already entered a trade battle with European commercial firms, and has copied from European models the intimate mechanism of industrial, commercial and financial systems of the white man by excluding from trade all middlemen.

**ACQUIRE BUT NEVER GIVE**

"An American of my time, a clear, far-sighted American, William Seward, foresaw that two civilisations which were separated 4,000 years ago on the plains of Asia would be encountered again in the vastity of the Pacific.

"He considered inevitable the overflowing of the Asiatic tank toward the American continent.

"Today how does California and the northern coast of the West defend itself?

"If you go to British Columbia, to Australia or New Zealand, you will find this same question of defense keeping always uneasy the men at the helm. At Wellington, at Vancouver, at Victoria, the bars are up against this invasion.

"When the Japanese emigrant establishes himself in a country he immediately ousts his white rivals from factories and fields. His family soon follows him to his new abode. His habits unfailingly exert their predominance. By assiduously working he and his companions enlarge the zone of their occupation, expelling little by little their white rivals.

GABRIELE D'ANNUNZIO

"Although the yellow man demands that he be allowed freedom to penetrate wherever he pleases, he does not admit the foreigner to his own life. He affirms his right to acquire and exploit, for example, a mine in Canada or a mine in the United States, but he does not let a foreigner become the owner of a Japanese copper or antimony mine.

"He wants to fish in American and Canadian waters and has made himself master of practically all the fishing off British Columbia but he forbids foreigners to fish in Nipponese waters.

"This terrible faculty for assimilation is now well known. They are even by virtue of it a race worth admiring, even while we set our will to oppose it.

"They declare that Asia is one and indivisible, that the Himalayas are the only apparent division between two similar civilisations—a Chinese one with its Confucius communism, and an Indian one with its Veda individualism. But the highest snowy barriers cannot interrupt that 'ample sublime unity' from which were generated all great religions of works.

**NIPPON TO POPULATE WORLD**

"The people of the Rising Sun go out of their insular boundaries to make valuable again that unity and to present oppressed and drained Asia a perfect example of a national independent state.

"What may not this example cost the world?

"But their task is still more vast and solemn. Their new task is to melt and weld and harmonise perpetually the two civilisations of the Orient and Occident. Their future hegemony, following the genius and will of the race, is to be considered not only from an Asiatic but from a world viewpoint.

"Their race, in truth, is very fertile. Human material is abundant. Asia, with its multitudes, aspires to replace the increasingly barren white world in the mission of repopulating and exploitation of the whole earth. The insatiable champion of Asia affirms 'mine is the right to repeople the new countries; mine the right to refertilise the unproductive regions. I have adopted your arts, your inventions, your method of labor, your system of struggle. If I can hold in my hands the triumph of fleshly fecundity, I shall be the strongest.'

"Beneath the mask of sculptured ivory and wood there is a formidable breathing purpose. It is easier to put the Pacific in a barrel than it is to contain and restrain this pride and this appetite.

"All the rest is senile and vain discourse and useless hypocrisy.

"Fata immota manent."

These are the words of Commodore Perry, who, with two frigates and two corvettes, imposed his will upon the Orient.

You may sink your good-for-nothing hulks to the bottom of the sea—for I tell you each one of these peoples, either white or yellow, whether crowned with a Wilsonian olive branch or with a cherry blossom forced in a Winter garden, whether singing a peace hymn or "tanka," will sacrifice on the alter of peace only old and useless hulks. But Commodore Perry continues:

"To wooden ships, steel hearts. To steel ships, diamond hearts. And to diamond hearts, all the world is glass."

And the Commodore shrugs his broad, ghostly shoulders as he turns to leave the conference table. Then he stops. He turns again. And smiling from the corner of his mouth, dented by the constant use of his root-carved pipe, he adds:

"I have a sounding buoy even in the Potomac."

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## Today's Church Services

**Holy Trinity Cathedral.**—Third Sunday after Epiphany. 8 a.m. Holy Communion (and at Bubbling Well Chapel). 10:30 a.m. Mattins and Sermon; Psalm 57; Lessons: Isaiah lxii.; Matth. xiii, 4-24; Anthem, "Arise, shine," Elvey; Hymns 7, 487, 179; Preacher: Rev. W. Robbins, M.A. 3 p.m. Children's Service and Sunday School. 6 p.m. Evensong and Sermon; Psalm 68; Lessons: Isaiah lxv.; Acts xiii, 26-end; Anthem, "O gladsome light," Sullivan; Hymns 298, 178, 20; Preacher: The Dean.

**St. Andrew's Church, Broadway.**—10:30 a.m. Mattins, Holy Communion, and Sermon; Psalm 57; Lessons: Isaiah lxii.; Matth. xiii, 1-24; Hymns 261, 280, 317, 293; Preacher: The Sub-Dean.

**St. Joseph's Church.**—Low masses at 6, 7 and 8:15 a.m. At 10 o'clock, High Mass, Sermon in English. At 4 p.m. Benediction. On week days, masses at 6 and 7:30 a.m.

**Union Church.**—11 a.m. Preacher: Rev. A. Norman Rowland, M.A.; Subject, "The Mission of a Prophet;" Cnant 94; Anthem, "He watcheth over Israel," Mendelssohn; Hymns 37, 196, 533. 6 p.m. Preacher: Rev. A. Norman Rowland, M.A.; Subject: "What to think of Heaven;" Anthem, "O worship the Lord," Smith; Hymns 223, 414, 693.

**Community Church.**—11 a.m. Columbia Country Club, 30 Avenue Doumer, Rev. Luther Freeman, D.D., Preacher; Subject: "The Honor of the Interpreter." 5 p.m. Masonic Hall, 50 The Bund, sermon by the Rev. Dr. Edwin M. Poteat.

**Shanghai Free Christian Church.**—Corner of Range and Chapoo Roads. The services will be conducted as follows: 11 a.m. by Rev. J. Darroch, L.T.D.; 6 p.m. by Mr. A. Taylor.

**Christian Science Society of Shanghai.**—Masonic Hall, The Bund. Sunday Service 11 a.m. Subject: "Truth." Sunday School 10 o'clock. Testimony meeting Wednesday evening, 6 o'clock. Reading Room open daily except Sunday from 10:30 a.m. to 12:30

## Wu Pei-Fu's Motives

By Josef W. Hall

PERSONS who are acquainted with General Wu Pei-fu, and who as well have made a study of the man and his career, have remarked during the past few days that his actions have been very un-Wu Pei-fu-like, and that he has evidently come under the spell of politicians who are utilising his prestige and power for political revenge and aggrandisement.

Wu has heretofore approached greatness through the simplicity of his policies and statements and the rigor and directness of his actions. Although, in his dislike of the Liang Cabinet, the public is with him, there seems to be, in his violent denunciations, an absence of that simplicity of purpose and clarity of thought which have in the past characterised the man.

What comprise his motives and whether or not they lead in the direction of a constructive, or even definite, plan, is of prime importance to the Chinese nation today, inasmuch as upon Wu now rests the burden of political action involving the territory south as well as north of the Yangtsze.

The charge that telegrams of denunciation have been forged in Wu's name does not disguise the fact that he has taken a position of extreme hostility to the present Cabinet. In analysing his motives, we may be sure that the basis of this opposition is his determination to keep the power and influence of Chang Tso-lin north of the Great Wall. Wu Pei-fu is a man of one idea—of one scheme. That is the redrafting of the constitution and the reunion of the nation through a National Convention, such as that which sat at Philadelphia and created the American Nation in 1787. (Only, by the way, 137 years ago. This begins to seem recent to residents in China.) Wu Pei-fu has made a study of this bit of American history, and he is obsessed with the idea that a new National Convention can produce as much improvement over the Nanking Provisional Constitution of 1911 as, in America, the convention which created the United States and its constitution in 1787 produced over the Confederation of six years earlier.

With this idea has undoubtedly become mixed, especially since his success in the Wuhan region last summer, a personal ambition bred by conceptions on Wu's part as to the part he is to play in the new regime. Even before his expedition to Wuhan he disclosed his conviction that democracy must and can be set up in China only under the protecting wing of a military leader of progressive ideas, and this role he set himself to fill. Whether such ambition be culpable, praiseworthy, or neither, but rather, because of the human co-efficient, merely dangerous, does not demand discussion in this connection. Suffice it to say that to Wu Pei-fu's schemes, both political and personal, the influence of Chang Tso-lin south of the great wall is deadly. "I have never," remarked Wu Pei-fu to me rather wistfully last August, as I interviewed him on the eve of his departure for Hankow, "been for anything but that Chang Tso-lin has been against it." "And how can you eliminate him?" he was asked. "Keep him out of the provinces proper," was the reply. "No one covets his position in Manchuria. But the eighteen provinces can get on quite well without the country outside the wall for the time being."

Looked at from this light, it would appear that the understanding between the Chihli and Fengtien factions upon the strength of which Chang Tso-lin established the recent cabinet in Peking was a "frame-up" on the Mukden lord; the original intention of the Chihli people being to ruin the cabinet the moment Chang was back in Mukden, ruining at the same time Chang's face and influence south of the wall. Probably such a possibility had a place in Wu Pei-fu's mind, and became a policy with him through the incitation of various politicians opposed to the Chiaotung government, including the deposed premier, Chin Yun-peng and his disciples.

If Wu Pei-fu's aims do not go beyond the destruction of Chang Tso-lin's influence south of the wall, they are possible of accomplishment, it would seem, without a clash. Indeed, they have been more than half accomplished already by the mere demonstration that the Lower Yangtsze Tuchuns stand with him rather than with Chang Tso-lin; and which demonstration of itself is sufficient to bring about under ordinary circumstances the downfall of the cabinet.

Should Wu Pei-fu's common sense give way under the arguments and flattery of politicians with ulterior motives, and should the General actually be pursuaded to stage a triumphal entry into Peking, it seems certain that he would meet no opposition—would merely find all the government offices empty, creditors clamoring for their payments, and a tremendous "White Elephant" on his hands. The situation would then be reversed. It would be up to Wu Pei-fu to set up a government and Chang Tso-lin to kick it over. Such hasty action by Wu Pei-fu would only throw the advantage back to Chang Tso-lin.

Should Wu actually cast out the Liang crowd before the China New Year, a financial crisis would be precipitated the responsibility for which he could not escape. The situation is bad enough now: with silver being hoarded and money so scarce due to the recent bank suspensions and other causes that native hongs throughout the country are barely able to meet the New Year settlements; with the price of silver relative to copper currency rising daily; and with hoardings from the interior pouring into Shanghai where they are of no utility and serve merely to bring down an interest rate when there is no business requiring to borrow. The downfall of the Chiaotung clique would cause every one of the large Chinese banks owned by and affiliated with the

(Continued on Page 13)

## The Cassel Agreement -:- By Orrin Keith

THE Cassel agreement, in spite of its present state of suspended animation, still furnishes the subject matter for considerable debate among Chinese, Americans and British in the Far East. The Chinese, especially those in the South, condemn the contract as a deliberate attempt on the part of the British to tie up the economic resources and restrict the commercial development of Canton and its hinterland. The Americans who have written of the agreement have taken much the same view. The British resent this attitude on the part of both Chinese and Americans. They insist that Major Cassel simply obtained a business contract; that the opposition of the present government in Canton is due to the fact that the Kwangsi people instead of themselves received the immediate benefits of the deal; and that the American observers have simply accepted the Chinese complaint at its face value and have made no effort to hear the other side, a thing they might easily have done by consulting the local British authorities.

Let us consider the contract, then, with a full appreciation of the British point of view. For this purpose the most useful basis of our investigation will be the contract itself, Major Cassel's own statement in defense of it, and such additional light as may be given by the statement of the British Consul-General at Canton.

It should be stated at the outset that the frequent references which have been made to the "British" doing this and the "British" doing that are without foundation if it is intended to imply that the British Government has had any hand in the matter. It does not appear that either London or the local authorities had anything to do with the negotiation of the contract.

When Major Cassel broached the matter the Consul-General told him he was at liberty to make an agreement if he could but that he would have to secure the approval of Peking before it would be worth anything. He then had no more to do with it until after the agreement was formally signed and ratified. When the present government came into power and denounced the contract as illegal, it appears that the Consulate did its best to secure the recognition of the contract. This cannot reasonably be objected to. Consular officers are charged with the protection of the rights of their nationals. It is not within their functions to pass judgment upon the justice or fairness of those rights provided the rights clearly exist. Such criticism as may be directed at the Cassel contract, therefore, must be directed at it as a private venture and not as an action of the British Government.

There are in Kwangtung Province indications of extensive and rich coal deposits. There has been a considerable amount of development work done and a number of mines are operating. There is no extensive mining, however, and the production is nowhere near enough to satisfy the local demand for coal. The result is that all of the great British steamship lines have to buy their coal from the Japanese. As the Anglo-Japanese Alliance does not touch upon coal prices, the British are forced to pay a heavy tribute to the Japanese monopoly. Not only the British companies, but even the Chinese steamer in coast and river service.

About two year ago Major Cassel, acting in the interest of the British steamship lines, began negotiations with the then government of Kwangtung Province to secure a concession to mine some of the local coal. It so happened that the government of the Province was at that time under Mok Wing Sung. Mok was a Tuchun of the Tuchuns. He held his sway over Kwangtung not by any legal appointment, but by means of an army imported from the neighboring Province of Kwangsi. Mok was brought up in the old school and Kwangtung was his field. Little he cared what its future might be if the present returns to himself were sufficiently large. It was then a peculiarly favorable time to secure concessions.

Mok's title was "Military Governor," and of course military governors have no shadow of authority to deal with civil matter such as the making of business contracts. As the Kwangsi crowd had run things entirely on a military basis, there was no civil governor. Mok thought the contract would look better if it had a civil governor's signature on it, however, so he appointed one for that purpose. One Cheung Kan Fong, a creature of Mok's, received the doubtful honor and signed where he was told.

The British contention in regard to th authority of Mok and Cheung to sign the contract is that they constituted the "de facto" government of the Province at the time and there was no other government to deal with.

Passing the question of the propriety of entering into such a contract with such a government, the next charge against the agreement is that it constitutes a British monopoly of all the coal mining rights of Kwangtung. This would mean a practical monopoly not only for Hongkong, but for Canton and all the neighboring Chinese ports.

The British contention is that the contract gave exclusive rights in only one district, the valley of the North River. This valley, however, is admittedly the largest coal district in the Province. In fact, it is the only one of sufficient size to be worked commercially. There are deposits of less extent and of questionable value on the West River, along the eastern coast, and in the extreme South. None of these is accessible and none can compare in size or quality with the North River field.

That the Cassel contract fairly well appropriated the whole of the North River field is evident from the document itself. It names all the known districts in that field. Having granted the right to prospect this entire field to the Cassel syndicate the "government" then agrees not to grant a similar right to any other person, firm or company for a period of nine months. It then binds itself to revoke any previously-granted concessions in this field which have "not yet been worked on a commercial basis."

Even this was not thought sufficient to enable the syndicate to secure sufficient coal for the steamship lines. The "government" must not only give it extensive rights, shut out all other applicants, revoke all previous concessions not worked on a commercial basis, but no less than fifty mines which were being worked, all the possible competitors in the field, are designated, and the Kwangtung "government" agrees "to render all such assistance as it is able to render the said Company, to acquire such concessions at a reasonable price." It may be safely left to the imagination of the reader how "reasonable" a price these mine-owners would get from a company working with the "assistance" of an autocratic mandarin who was directly interested in making the price as low as possible.

Major Cassel states, however, that "it was never the intention of myself or the syndicate to create a monopoly but before venturing into the unknown I had to have some safeguard that if we risked the preliminary expenses of prospecting, we should be granted the mining rights over a sufficiently large area to ensure not only a fair return on the capital invested, but an adequate supply of coal."

Accepting this as a sincere statement, it must be said that the instrument has unintentionally fallen into the error of constructing, by means of an elaborate process, as effective and complete a monopoly as could well be designed if that were its sole intention.

Another outstanding exception which has been taken to the contract is that it grants the right to the British to build a railroad from a point on the Canton-Kowloon railway below Canton and thus make the largest city of China a way station on a branch of the through line from Hongkong to Central China. The Chinese insist that Canton and not Hongkong should be the port and the distributing center for this vast territory and they have elaborate plans for the development of Canton harbor with that end in view.

It is quite natural that Hongkong capital should be deeply interested in this matter and that it would look with favor on any project which held the possibility of such a railway concession and thus ensured the continued commercial domination of South China, to say nothing of the rich Yangtsze region, by the port of Hongkong. It is equally natural that a Kwangsi man, ruling the Province of Kwangtung by the power of his Kwangsi troops, and engaged in selling the resources of the richer Province for his own benefit, should have no particular scruple against including a concession for a railway that would greatly limit, if not ruin, Canton's future.

Major Cassel says in regard to the railway clause: "Taking as a presumption that the coal mine could not be found in the immediate vicinity of an existing railway, I wanted to obviate the possibility of someone else obtaining a concession to build a railway to connect up the coal mine with an existing trunk line and by prohibitive freights on that section squeezing us to such an extent that the whole proposition would become useless as a commercial enterprise, and I never for a moment interpreted this clause to mean that I had any railway concession rights, other than that of linking up a coal mine with an existing railway."

The fact that Major Cassel "never for a moment interpreted this clause" to give the syndicate the right to build the connecting link between the existing railways and cut off Canton, cannot alter the fact that the clause itself in as plain words as possible, does grant that right. It reads: "The said Company when incorporated shall, for the purpose of its business, be entitled to use any waterways, wharves, ports, railways, and other means of transport, or storage now existing in Kwangtung Province, and also to construct, manage, superintend and work any other roads, railways, waterways and buildings as may be deemed advisable for the purpose of the business of the said Company, or to improve these now existing but shall pay reasonable remuneration or compensation to any individuals or individual affected, or prejudiced, by such use or construction." The Company then, is granted the right to build any railway in Kwangtung Province that it deems advisable for the purpose of its business. Who could reasonably ask more?*

It is further contended in defense of the contract that Kwangtung Province was to have a half interest in the project for nothing and that there was nothing to prevent them from buying as much of the remaining half as they cared to, as the shares were to be put up for public subscription.

But this is not the effect of the contract. The first charge on the gross profits is a royalty of "not exceeding one dollar per ton." This of course is subject to the disposition of the promoters. One half of the capital stock—five million dollars worth—is to be alloted by the British directors, who must always be a majority. Presumably they are to offer them for public subscription, but there is nothing which requires them to do so. The remaining half of the shares are variously disposed of. One million dollars worth is to be held in trust by the Company "for the benefit of the Kwangtung Government." Another million is to go trustees "nominated by the Kwangtung government" for education and the poor. The remaining three million dollars worth are to be "allotted by the directors of the Company who are of Chinese nationality in such manner as they decide. In other words, the half interest which it is contended goes to Kwangtung Province, goes in fact to Mok and his friends, three million of it without any strings, one million of it subject to a "face-making" trust which they might or might not carry out, and the remaining one million in hard cash.

For it must not be supposed that Mok, or any other militarist sitting on the crater of a revolutionary volcano, would be content to wait the slow development of years to bring him returns on his politico-commercial ventures. Mok insisted on receiving a tangible quid pro quo forthwith. One hundred thousand dollars he was to receive, according to the original contract, when the agreement was ratified by Peking. (Here is one place at least where the people of Kwangtung should be grateful to the Peking authorities. It is a standing regulation of the Chinese Government that it will not recognise as valid contracts made by the provincial governments unless they are ratified by Peking.) Nine hundred thousand dollars more Mok was to receive for granting to the Company the right for a period of ninety-nine years to mine coal in "all or any" of the areas mentioned.

This million dollars in cash was to be paid to Mok's "government" as "security for the due carrying out by the Company of its objects". It was carefully provided, however, that under no circumstances should this million dollars have to be paid back. The interest on it was to be retained by the Company out of the dividends on the remaining four million dollars of stock given to the "government". Also a sinking fund of four percent was to be retained out of these same dividends. But no interest: no dividends, no amortisation fund.

The Cassel contract struck its first rock at Peking. By its terms Peking's approval was necessary. An outcry against the contract was raised. Peking delayed and finally dodged the issue by sending the contract back to the local government for revision. Mok attempted to evade the requirement for Peking's approval by entering into a supplementary agreement on August 2, 1920, where by Mok and Cheung ratified their own contract! This ratification cost he syndicate $100,000 in real money. Their time for prospecting was extended from nine to fifteen months.

Then came the overthrow of Mok and his Kwangsi army. General Chen Ching-ming drove them out of Kwangtung and himself became Governor of the Province. The Cassel contract was denounced as illegal and repudiated at once by the new government. Even the fact that they could have secured $900,000 by carrying out the agreement did not deter them. They would have none of it.

There the mater rests. The Peking ratification is lacking and even the suporters of the agreement admit it is invalid without that. The present government of Kwangtung refuses absolutely to recognise the contract and it is therefore of little practical value. It is understood that the syndicate are willing to revise the instrument so that it will eliminate the features which are most objectionable but so far they have not been able to tempt the new government into negotiations. They can therefore only bide their time. Canton politics is somewhat kaleidoscopic. Perhaps Mok will return some day. Perhaps General Chen will need money very badly. Perhaps Peking can be persuaded. Perhaps the new government will want something else so much that it will be willing to recognise the contract to get it. Perhaps—well, the syndicate has a whole bagful of "Perhapes" to show for its $100,000.

*Note.—It should be said that the construction of the connecting railroad would conflict with the Consortum agreement, which, however, was not signed until some months later.


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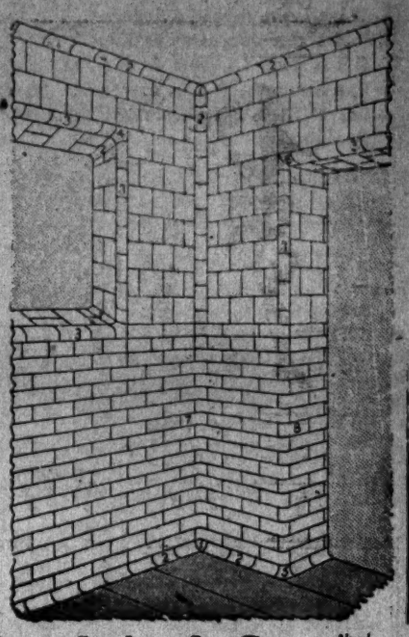
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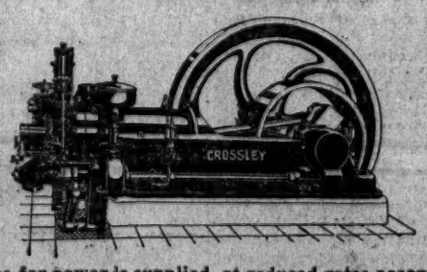

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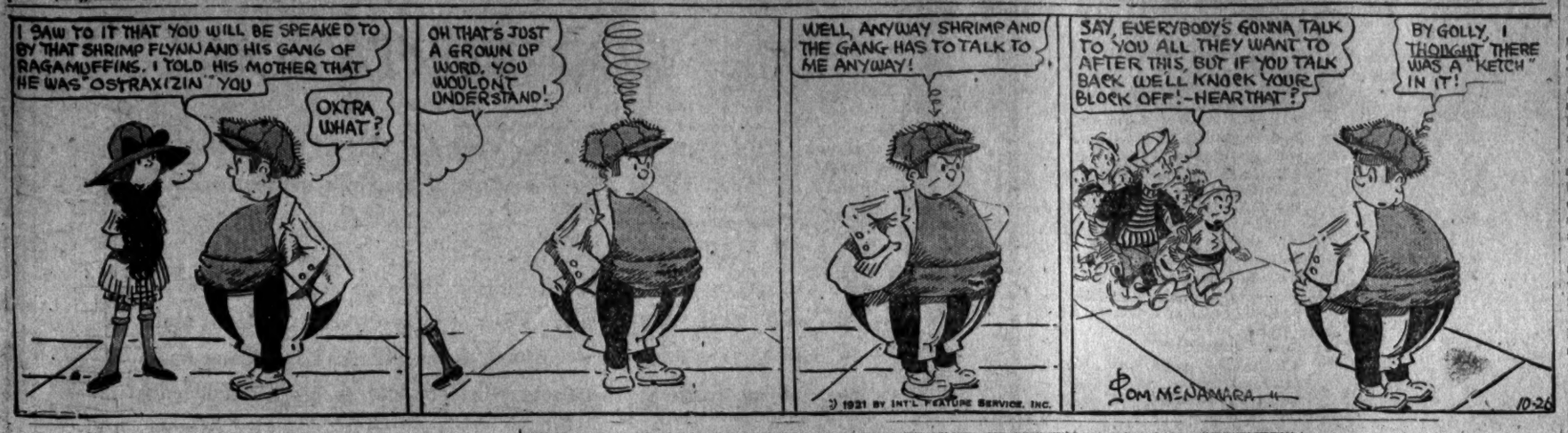
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BY GOLLY, I THOUGHT THERE WAS A "KETCH" IN IT!
TOM MCNAMARA
10-26
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## Today's Concert

BY GERALD ZALSMAN

We still carry with us pleasant recollections of the Wagner concert of last year in which Mrs. Tscherkaskaya was soloist and are glad of having this treat again today, for Mrs. Tscherkaskaya is a good Wagnerian singer.

Wagner's predecessors wrote arias to suit this or that vocalist, but Wagner himself reformed the opera into music drama, and the singers of his time were not at all satisfied.

"You are a man of genius," said Mme. Devrient, "but you write such eccentric stuff that it is hardly possible to sing it."

Critics discovered that Wagner had no melody, no form. "This sort of music reacts on the nerves," they said.

In "Tristan," for instance, there is no repetition of the words. The vocal melody is already contained in the poem, and the poem is again the substance of the symphonic music. Voice and orchestra are going together and the people may not complain that "they can't hear the singer," but try to understand the music as a whole.

Wagner decided that the orchestra should be invisible, and the forte of trumpets and trombones are heard less at the theater than at the concert hall, but anyway we may be glad to hear them. It won't spoil the music and acting.

Wagner is a supreme master of instrumentation, of orchestral color. He uses chromatics in horn and trumpet parts, and there is a peculiar charm in the vast sound of Wagner's wood-wind and brass.

The innovations in harmony and melody peculiar to Wagner are mainly due to the free use of chromatics, very characteristic, for instance, in the opening bars of the prelude to "Tristan." But it would be difficult to point to a single crude harmony among the many unusual and colorless combinations in "Tristan" or his other works.

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## Chinese Medicine -:- By J. R. Wilkinson, M.D.

*(A paper read before the Soochow Missionary Association on Jan. 5)*

MY many friends among, and long association with, Chinese doctors has caused me to have a great respect for their sincerity in their profession. They enjoy the respect of the people and medicine is a much honored profession.

The medical profession of China, like that of other nations, has its peculiarities. It is made up largely of Specialists, such as "Nae Ku" or Internalist, "Nga Ku," or Externalist, "Song Ku" or Injurist, "Kyin Ku" Fit Doctor or Spasmist, "Tsen Ku" or Puncturist, "S Nyang" or exorcist, the latter women who do their work by incantations, noise and gibberish with which they agitate and scare the patients and their relations, from whom they extract large fees.

Last year I was detained down stairs an hour at a house where I was called to see a desperate case of cholera. When finally I practically forced my way upstairs, I found a "S Nyang" in the midst of her devilish incantations over a man dying for want of Saline which an hour before might have saved him.

We may think our own profession has not divided up so, but it has. A year or two ago, a poor countryman came into an American town with a bad right eye. He saw a doctor's sign, and rang the bell, went in and waited an hour for his turn, only to be told that the doctor was an "Internist" he must go to building so and so. He hunted up the building and went in and was told by the first man he met "I am a surgeon, go up stairs." Second floor told him he was a "stomachist;" third floor told him he was a "throatist," fourth floor told him he was a "noseist." On the fifth floor he saw "Eye Specialist." He went in and the nurse asked him which eye. "Right eye." "What did you come here for? This doctor looks at left eyes. Go up stairs." He went up, took his seat and was examined. A chit was handed to him and he was led to the door. "Are you not going to do something for my eye?" "No, we are diagnosticians. Take this chit up to Dr. Last. He treats RIGHT EYES." That was worse than getting goods through the Customs in Shanghai!

Some time ago an old country doctor was ordered before the court at home in a murder case. The lawyer very crisply asked the doctor if he were a specialist on injuries of the head. He said "No." "What are you then?" "I am a doctor." "Can you explain to the court, doctor, the difference between a doctor and a specialist?" "Yes," says he, "I reckon I can." "Please do then." "Well, sir, it takes about nineteen of those fellows to make one good doctor." So you see America is as infested with specialists as China.

### ANCIENT NOTED MEDICOES

Shen Nong was probably the earliest theraputist who made anything like a systematic study of drugs and medicines, tasting and experimenting with them and classifying them according to their theraputic value and uses. He probably lived and thrived long before the first Emperor. Another famous doctor, Wong Ti, wrote the book "Nae Ku." Shen Nong's theraputics was probably the basis of treatment in the "Nae Ku" or "Practice of Medicine."

Later on, in the Han Dynasty Hwo Do (or Oh Do) made a thorough study of the five books which existed in his time and made contributions to "Nag Ku" or "Surgery." It is told that his great friend "Kwan Yong Dzang," a great general of the Han Dynasty, suffered with bone disease. Upon hearing of it, Hwo Do invited General Kwan with other friends to come and see him. While the friends talked and entertained the general the doctor cureted and removed the dead bone after which the patient recovered. Nothing is said as to whether he used Novocaine or Apothesine.

It is claimed that some of these early doctors used medicines to relieve the suffering while they performed certain operations. Another legend is that about this time there arose a famous surgeon who was consulted by the Emperor. He advised the Emperor to allow him to operate on his head, for the purpose of removing something from the brain. The emperor ordered him decapitated for presuming to suggest that his head needed an operation. This is somewhat similar to the case of the artisan in early European history who discovered a method of treating glass to make it malleable like lead or zinc, and who on being presented to the King for commendation was ordered put to death for a witch.

### TWO GENERAL DIVISIONS

Medicines seem to be divided into two general groups, Heating and Cooling, "Nyih Yah" and "Liang Yah." It is an unfortunate bungle if a foreign doctor makes a mistake in his answer when asked the leading question: "Is your medicine heating or cooling?"

Heating medicines include all forms of tonics, such as "Pills of Tiger," "Tiger Teeth Pills," "Powdered Pearls," etc.

Cooling medicines include Diuretics, Cathartics, Heart Depressants, Antifebrics, Diaphoretics.

A Chinese doctor does not furnish medicine. He only writes a prescription and in important cases where several doctors are called in one after another, one need not be surprised to find that his prescription is not filled for if there is a grandmother or mother-in-law in the house who does not even know a character, she often selects which one is to be filled. So be careful to pay due homage to such a person if you are able to single her out from among the many important personages you see, and emphasise her importance in the whole management of the case. See to it too that the old gateman is properly impressed with your generosity, so that you may have a running chance to see the patient a second time, for he also knows whose next visit is best for the patient. An old gate-keeper said to me as I left a house once that if my tip was good to look at, that he would be home-sick to see it again.

### DRUG STORE

You can generally tell when you see a man coming from an apothecary shop. He carries a pyramidal package hanging by a string on his finger, with the various drugs done up in square packages, the bulky ones on the bottom and in order of size stacked on each other forming a pyramid, and if he is doing the thing in real first class form, a little "fong lu" or charcoal stove, charcoal and chips to start the fire, "a kwon deu," or earthen skillet and lid. On arrival at home, he starts the fire and then opens his medicine, possibly composed of herbs, snake skin, beetles, dried worms, aromatics, centipedes, lizzard tails, etc., and puts them in the skillet, fills it with water and starts it off boiling while the patient, even in summer time and with a hot fever, is wrapped up in the bed with plenty of cover and mosquito net well tucked in. When this pint or so of decoction is well boiled it is poured out and the patient drinks it, while more water is poured on to get the second dose. When this is administered and the man sweats the evil spirits that caused the disease are run out and take refuge in the skillet containing the residue. When the spirits have all had time to seek shelter, the skillet is then hurried out of the house and emptied, spirits and all, in the center of the street, so that passers-by may tread on it and so disperse the spirits to all parts of the city so they cannot reassemble for another attack, while the poor patient sweats in bed.

One night a few weeks ago I was on my way home and my bearers were making fine time when the head bearer stepped plump into the middle of a fresh pile of spirit laden residue. It was so full of spirits that it threw his feet up in the air and he came down on the "place structified by nature" for that purpose so hard that he slid on the stone with a bound as though his foot had not mashed all the spirits out of the pile. I do not here record what he said because I might be accused again of being very weak in my religious life.

When a patient is unconscious straws and fuzzy things are twirled up his nose to see if he can sneeze, which indicates whether or not the victim is in a serious condition.

I was called in once to see an old man who had a severe pain in his "sawdust." The puncture doctor was there at work on the pain. He had a very fine sharp needle about six inches long which seemed to be a veteran unknown to the sterilisef. He had started pressing and twisting it in about an inch above the umbilicus. About two inches was then sticking out and he was faithfully twisting and pushing it around by its head. After watching him until I felt a pain in my own stomach, I asked him what he was after. While continuing his boring for oil, he, in a very condescending way, explained that the man had a pain in his abdomen and he was going to let it out! I have had patients come to me to have these needles taken out.

I have seen deer raised for their horns to make ammonia, "Hartshorn." I understand that as the tiger is the strongest animal, his whole body, hide, hair, intestines and everything, are made into pills to renew strength. A pigeon split open and placed over the abdomen is fine for relieving paralysis following cerebro spinal meningitis.

I was called in consultation with one of Soochow's most celebrated old doctors to see his daughter-in-law who was suffering nigh unto death with heart disease. This doctor showed me the tail part of a South Sea Island frog of some kind which he said had a wonderful reputation in such cases. The patient died.

One of the simplest treatments for fracture of the femur is a five by five inch piece of skin covered with a black tarlike mixture stuck on, given a few professional pats, and sent away to get well.

What pleases a foreign surgeon beyond description is to have a patient badly cut and torn to pieces with all the wounds packed with ashes, or still worse, fox-tail fluff to stop the blood.

One of the chief methods of diagnosis used by the Chinese doctors is by feeling the pulse. By feeling the pulse at various different places they claim to be able to diagnose almost anything from in-growing toe nails to bald heads.

A great many Chinese doctors are now buying foreign medicines and medical books and show considerable signs of waking up.

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## Tobacco War Fails To Halt Smoking

Washington, Dec. 10.—The various campaigns waged against tobacco in the past year had little effect on the production and consumption of the "weed" in the United States.

The enormous amount of 62,000,000,000 cigarettes were produced in America in 1920, of which 46,000,000,000 were consumed in America and the remainder exported. This does not take into account the number who "roll their own."

In addition to the vast amount of cigarettes produced in 1920, 20,515,096 cigars and 3,979,568 pounds of smoking, plug and twist tobacco were turned out.

Kentucky, with 550,000 acres and 467,500,000 pounds in 1920, led all tobacco-producing States, followed by North Carolina, with 582,000 acres and 384,120,000 pounds, and Virginia, with 243,000 acres and 177,390,000 pounds. Prior to the Civil War, Virginia led all other States in producing tobacco but Kentucky usurped this distinction in 1869 and has led the field since.

Although the United States is the greatest tobacco producing and manufacturing country in the world, considerable quantities of both unmanufactured tobacco and tobacco products are imported. The leaf imported is mostly devoted to the manufacture of high-grade cigars and certain brands of cigarettes. Cuba is the greatest contributor of leaf tobacco to the United States.

As a revenue bringer to Uncle Sam tobacco ranks among the foremost, bringing in $294,267,609 in 1920 in the various forms of tobacco taxes. This was an increase of more than $89,000,000 over that of 1919, which, in turn, was larger than that reported for any prior year.

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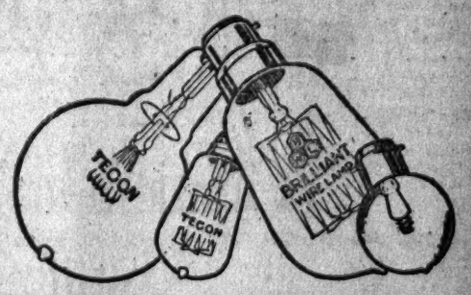


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## Wu Pei-fu's Motives

(Continued from Page 12)

clique to close in on debtors and cut off all credits, if it did not bring about actual bank suspensions. The government would be at once bankrupt and unable to make even an effort to meet New Year settlements. Hongs large and small, unable to settle, would begin to close their doors throughout the country, and what would set the bounds of the panic is difficult to see. It would probably bankrupt the militarists themselves, including Wu Pei-fu, whose armies are dependent upon the income of the Peking-Hankow Railway and the prosperity of the Wuhan region, before it passed.

The Liang crowd are anxious to remain in power over the New Year, to save their own financial interests which are interlocked with those of the government financial organs. Wu will do well to allow them to remain over the settlement period. Then, having saved to a certain extent their faces as well as their fortunes, they will undoubtedly be quite willing to step out, and Wu can bring on the next act of the same old play, or, possibly, something quite novel.

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# "I Have Only Myself To Blame" By Princess Bibesco

Prince and Princess Bibesco

"I have only myself to blame." She had said it to herself so often that, once she set the words going they went on repeating themselves automatically till she forced herself to turn them off as if they were a gramophone record. In a way they had ceased to mean anything, but she tried to give their sense back to them by repeating each word slowly and forcibly concentrating her mind.

"Myself, myself, myself," she said. Self-accusation had become her one form of relaxation.

There had been so many reasons why she shouldn't marry him, and only one reason why she should—if it could be called a reason.

She was the first person he had ever loved. He had trembled when he touched her. His spasms of passion had been like spasms of pain, his face contorted and his voice rough, and then there had followed intervals of wretched shyness. When he had thought of possessing her he had become a saint waiting for a divine manifestation.

It was this transforming of an ordinary physiological fact into a miracle that won her. She could see inevitability—in desire, in triumph, in failure. Hers was the man's attitude. He lifted her into the region of the ridiculous and the sublime.

"Your privacy is sacred," he said. "Everything that you give me is divine. But it is a gift. I have no rights."

She could not resist the thought of being married to a monk. He had made no vows concerning her spirit, her mind, her habits. These he was free to violate. Here he must insist on asserting himself.

She hadn't thought of that . . .

All her friends tried to dissuade her. They told her—some delicately, some violently—things about him that she knew better than they did.

"I like his attitude toward women," she sometimes explained wearily. . .

"My dear! What a reason! You of all people."

"Just so," she said.

Now there was a conspiracy of silence. No one said anything ever.

"My life has become a sort of solitary confinement," she laughed drearily.

Their tact and her loyalty barred the doors.

And he was a success! He was a Member of Parliament and a writer of magazine stories. Of most of them she was—avowedly—the heroine. He dexterously hinted it in interviews and blatantly proclaimed it in conversation—graciously, a furnace of rage burning behind her eyes, she accepted it as a toast.

One of his most successful stories had been called "Countess Cherie," and thus his friends playfully addressed her. It branded her, and she was glad to be bathed by her friends with the cool water of her own Christian name.

And all the time she was bound to him by some indefinable physical tie—not her passion for him, but his reverence for her—or rather for her body. She wondered if what she gave into his tender, delicate keeping atoned for the things he stole and broke.

Tonight every nerve was crying out "no," while those external six words, "I have only myself to blame," hummed an accompaniment.

She was waiting for him in her charming boudoir. He had come in late from the House and was dressed for dinner.

In a detached way she was enjoying the firelight and her own apricot tea gown, but she was too much annoyed with him for changing to enjoy either very much. Why couldn't he have come in as he was?

The door opened and he appeared —very immaculate. She would have felt more forgiving had he been more untidy.

"I must apologize for having kept you waiting."

"You shouldn't have changed."

"I disapprove of a man who thinks he can be as dirty and unduly as he like, simply because he is at home. Besides," he took her hand and kissed it, "I like to show some consideration for my wife."

How well she knew this comedy of formality that was his idea of fine manners.

Dinner was announced. He gave her his arm.

"A very good wine, my Catherine." He sipped his claret.

"It is always like that. Everything that belongs to him he consecrates by possessing it," she thought angrily.

He enjoyed the dinner and his own conversation. By including her in his complacency he did his duty to his wife.

"I met Henry Donald today and asked him to come in after dinner. He is staying the night at his club instead of going back to the country."

"No wonder, with a wife like that to go back to."

"Mrs. Donald is a friend of mine." He had got his stern, smile-proof look.

"Possibly. But hardly a favorite of his. I can't think why he married her, though I suppose her two thousand pounds a year made a great difference to him at that time."

"Catherine, I forbid you to say such coarse, cruel things. Henry is devoted to his wife."

"Well, if he were it would be to his discredit."

She realised what a particularly silly argument it was.

"I could almost hate you when you talk like that."

"And I have no redeeming two thousand a year."

His look of horror disarmed her a little.

"Don't look so horrified. It would be very nice if I had."

"I hope I am able to support my wife."

"I think you stand her wonderfully well, on the whole."

"That was not what I meant." She had made him too cross to be bantered back into sunniness.

"Don't you wish she spent a little more on her clothes. Her

(Continued on Page 15)


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# "I Have Only Myself To Blame" By Princess Bibesco

(Continued from Page 14)

shoes always look as if they were recommended by a chiropodist."

He did not smile.

"Mrs. Donald is a good, loyal, simple woman. As the wife of a very dear friend of mine she is sacred to me."

"Well, I could wish for his sake that she were a little more secular and alluring.

"Catherine," his voice was firm, "there are certain things that I have the right to exact from my wife: one is that she should keep her bitter tongue off my friends."

"And their wives and their cousins and mistresses."

"Catherine!"

"Didn't you know that people had mistresses?"

"Mr. Donald!" The announcement was a relief.

"Good evening, Mr. Donald. I am so glad to see you."

"You have come just in time for some port. A most excellent wine. You will not be allowed to smoke until you have finished it."

Horace was in his element. He revelled in his duties as a host. He knew what wine should be drunk with which fish, and the Lord Chamberlain himself had not a more accurate knowledge of the laws of precedence. He enjoyed offering his arm to the lady of highest rank, even if she were one of his wife's supercilious relations. He liked the sight of diamonds and the sound of titles—though fortunately he had never connected these pleasures with their source.

Above all, he loved the moment when, alone with the men, he could push round the decanters, offer cigars of varying lengths and equal though different perfection, and dominate the conversation. He liked to tell a good story and even to listen to one. His love of a prompt retort was not confined to those he made himself. He was genuinely fond of his fellow creatures, loyal to his friends and ready to do a good turn to anyone.

He had a rigid sense of honor which consisted of variations on the theme of "You should never hit a man when he is down"; "You should never question a servant"; "You should not look at the envelopes of your wife's letters." When he lost a game he was always the first to congratulate the winner with the invariable formula "The best man won." Victorious, he never omitted to say "You were a bit off color, old chap," to his defeated opponent.

He preferred cricket and rugby to lawn tennis and golf. "Team work, there's nothing like it," was his watchword. He believed in a judicious mixture of armaments and economy, imperialism and free trade. He believed in the weakness of women, he believed in not believing in God. He was shocked by corporal punishment and prostitution, and he had never quite been able to make up his mind about vivisection.

He thought Freud an impostor. He loved animals, he was on the wine committee of his club. He was a good son, a good brother, a good husband, a good citizen and a good friend.

Of all these things Catherine was devastatingly conscious. She watched the two men and listened to them in a desultory, dispassionate way. Their conversation was so full of nicknames that it reminded her of the social letter in the "Tatler." Some of them she suspected were inaccurate. Unimpeachable Johns and Williams became Jacks and Bills.

A well-known feminist whose "Margaret" was a trumpet call to continents emerged from a wrapping of "Maggie." The Chancellor of the Exchequer as "Toddles" was revealed by subsequent sidelights. "Why should I mind? What does it matter? Why do I listen?" thought Catherine. "My chatterbox is very silent." Horace laid his hand on hers, "and she knows she only enjoys herself when she is talking a lot."

"Don't mind him, Mrs. Little. He is jealous of your superior conversational gifts."

Don't mind him; don't mind him, she reflected. What excellent advice. She smiled.

"How is your wife" she inquired.

"Much better, Mrs. Little, much better, thank you. She is looking forward to paying her respects to you when she comes to town."

Why did he keep repeating her name like a nursery governess?

"And the children?" she persisted.

"Very well, thank you. Charley-boy is going to school next term."

"How dreadful for his poor mother."

"Well, it will be rather a wrench for her, Mrs. Little, but the time has come for him to be made a man of."

There was a pause Catherine thought, "Why does one always want to listen and to interrupt at the same time if one is amused, or to do neither if one isn't."

Horace thought, "She always tries to make my friends seem dull."

Henry thought, "Charming feminine woman, Mrs. Little, but dashed if I've ever seen any of that wit people talk about."

"Shall you send your daughter to school, too, or have a governess?" Catherine painfully pursued the topic of the young Donalds' education which interested no one, not even their father.

"It's a very difficult question, isn't it? Rather lonely for an only girl and yet one doesn't want to send her to school where she might—er—hear things.

The hesitation and the blush were too much for Catherine.

"You ought to talk to her quite frankly," she said firmly, "facts are only disgusting if they are hinted at and sniggered at and veiled, so that they become the center of perverted imaginings and ignorant curiosity."

Horace was horrified by the turn the conversation had taken.

"By the way," he intervened hastily ("what way," she wondered) "I met your uncle Wrotham in the street."

"Who with?"

"Miss Gardiner."

"A sweetly pretty girl." Henry was glad to be off the rocks "I saw Lord Wrotham escort her onto the terrace the other day. A charming picture they made. He is a most magnificent-looking man."

"They are certainly amazingly alike."

"They are surely not related" Henry could easily have graduated for the College of Heralds.

Catherine raised her eyebrows. "Oh, didn't you know? She is his daughter."

"Really, Catherine, how can you talk in such a disgusting way about your uncle?"

Horace was furious. "But it isn't disgusting. Uncle George lived with Mrs. Gardiner for years. Everyone knows—why shouldn't he, poor man? His wife has been shut up as a lunatic for ages."

"She is still his wife in the eyes of the law."

"Really, Horace, considering that you don't believe in God, you really have taken on all the intolerance of all the churches in the world."

Again they had reached an impasse. One of Horace's rules of behavior was "Never argue with your wife in the company of a third person." He couldn't begin a "by-the-way" again, and he was profoundly grateful when Henry said:

"Life is full of tragedies. We should try to judge charitably."

This unanswerable truth created a new silence, broken first by Horace offering his guest a cigar, and then Catherine asking if the telephone rates were really to be raised?

"I know I shall start talking about venereal diseases if this atmosphere lasts much longer," she said to herself.

At last Henry rose to say good-night. The relief at his impending departure brought a rush of conversation. Suddenly they were all full of things they were longing to say. Speaking all together they shouted one another down, laughing and talking twenty to the dozen.

Drowned in the noisy cordiality of their good-byes, Henry took his departure. Horace came back into the room and shut the door. This, as his wife knew, was the herald of a scene. Yawning and stretching herself, she set light to his anger. "God, what an evening! I was too bored even to listen to what I was saying myself."

"You were lucky. I fortunately heard every word you said."

"I must apologise for having been almost as dull as Mr. McDonald. Such is infection."

"Henry is an excellent fellow and a charming companion. With your amiable desire to distress and embarrass my friends I realise that you deliberately chose to discuss such enthralling topics as the sexual education of girls and your uncle's—"

"What extraordinary language you use about my poor cousins, but if I talked too much about my family, I am sorry. It is a most tiresome habit."

Deliberately she was infuriating him, drawling at him with perfect control of her temper.

"You will please realise that I am master in my own house," he asserted irrelevantly.

"Of course, dear. Let us go to bed."

He strode to the door and locked it.

"Not until you have apologised."

"I apologise." She was smiling at him a calm, amused smile.

"Thank you." She bowed her head as she left the room. The gesture of a queen in a carriage. He was frustrated, impotent, furious. "She deserves to be smacked," he said to himself, and then remembered that no man ever struck a woman.

She undressed and wondered whether he would come up to bed. She felt very tired and the evening had been a complete failure. She had behaved childishly and in a way that she was forced to admit was rapidly becoming characteristic. In a way Henry ought to have helped them. She had absolutely nothing to say to her husband when they were alone. She heard Horace's footsteps on the stairs. He paused and knocked at her door.

"You baby," he said, "how young you look with your hair down. May I sit in your armchair for a moment?"

She pushed it nearer the fire and got onto his knee. With the curling capacity of a cat she fitted herself into his arms. Suddenly she began to cry.

"Horace," she said, "I'm so lonely, so terribly lonely."

He kissed her and soothed her and mesmerised her. Then he lifted her into bed. She dreamt that she and Horace and Lord Wrotham and Miss Gardiner and Freud were talking about girls' schools and then Henry arrived, saying: "Here is Toddles," and Horace said: "We will not pollute this port with smoke," and she answered: "I'll have only myself to blame."

## Princess Bibesco's Book Deals Frankly With Life

Close on the heels of the publication of the amazingly frank diary of her mother, Mrs. Margot Asquith, wife of the former Prime Minister of Great Britain, the Princess Antoine Bibesco, their daughter Elizabeth Asquith, wife of Prince Bibesco, the Rumanian Minister to Washington, has published a book equally frank, entitled "I Have Only Myself to Blame."

Inheriting all the lively wit and keen analysis of her clever mother, she has added to this collection of brilliant short stories a grace and piquancy all her own. They give a definitely fresh view of life and living by an observer whose perceptions are keyed to top notch. The book is dedicated to her husband.

## Foch Takes Back Shipload Of Gifts

*(Chung Mei Service)*

New York, Dec. 14.—When Marshal Foch sailed for home after six weeks' visit in the United States at the invitation of the American Legion, the largest of the associations of American veterans of the world war, he took with him tributes that were amazing in their number and variety. Besides thirty degrees conferred on him by the universities of the United States and Canada, he had as reminders of his enthusiastic hosts:

Theodora, the wildcat presented to him by the State of Wyoming.

Six swords probably worth more than $10,000. Several are made of gold and studded with diamonds.

A key chain, with the key of every big city the Marshal has visited.

Canes, fountain pens, gold pencils and thousands of invitations.

Several hundred photographs of himself taken in various cities.

Several hundred feet of movie films donated by large moving picture concerns.

Two new uniforms. One is the full regalia of the Crow Indians. The Marshal is Chief Charging Thunder of this tribe. Another uniform of the Sioux Indians. He is Chief Napoleon of this tribe. Included with his Indian uniforms are bows and arrows, trinkets and expensive blankets made by Indians.

About fifty medals by famous artists, representing the Marshal's visit to certain cities.

Several hundred certificates representing his honorary membership in clubs and societies.

And besides holding all long distance records in obtaining degrees, the Marshal took back to France, it is added, the friendship of more than 100,000,000 people.

## Bits of Local News

*Overheard in the tram, somewhere on Nanking Road, while hanging on to a strap.*

"I wish I could tell you how good the dinner we had last night was! But . . . . what's the use? The proof of the pudding is in the eating, they say. Well, if you go down to Shainin's, you can be sure what you'll get there will make your dinner taste as good. Goodbye, see you later at corner Jinkee and Szechuen."


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# What the Stars Predict for Peggy Marsh's Child

## Will the Fate and Fortune of the Actress's Fatherless Boy Really Turn Out as Prof. Maccabee Forecasts His Horoscope?

Photo INTERNATIONAL

**Peggy Marsh Fishing for Shrimps at Deauville, France.**

BECAUSE the child's father neglected to say nine words—"I take thee, Peggy, to be my wedded wife"—little four-year-old Henry Anthony Marsh has lost an inheritance of millions and his future is tied up in a confusion of complications the outcome of which the human mind cannot predict.

If Peggy Marsh, the winsome musical comedy actress, had become the wife instead of the sweetheart of Henry Field 2d, grandson of the late Marshall Field, of Chicago, everything would have been sunshine and happiness for Peggy and her baby.

It was in London five years ago that young Field met Miss Peggy while she was playing at the Alhambra there. The young multi-millionaire became very much attached to the girl and they established themselves together in an apartment where young Field and the actress were very happy together.

In due course of time baby Henry was born and young Field recognized the infant as his son.

But the youthful millionaire never offered to make Peggy Marsh his wife. He did, however, make an agreement in February, 1917, that he would establish a fund of a hundred thousand dollars for the support of the actress and her child. Young Field then married Miss Nancy Perkins, a niece of the Langhorne sisters of Virginia. And shortly afterward he died.

Miss Marsh has sued the Field estate and the litigation is being fought through the Illinois courts.

Meanwhile, newspaper readers were surprised the other day by the news that Peggy Marsh had married Albert L. Johnson, son of a well-to-do New York railroad man and nephew of the late Tom L. Johnson, four times Mayor of Cleveland.

But what of the child?

It is not only the loss of the Field millions which the child suffers from its mother's indiscretion, but it must go through life with the social stigma which attaches to a love child.

Young Johnson has made Peggy Marsh his wife and thus established and rehabilitated her as far as this is possible. And little Henry Anthony will no doubt be adopted and become Henry Anthony Johnson.

What will the courts decide in the child's suit for a share of the Field fortune? How will the cloud of the child's parentage effect his future? These interesting speculations are answered below on this page by Professor William A. Maccabee as he reads and intreprets the child's horoscope from the stars that ruled that night in the Summer of 1916, when he was born.

Photo INTERNATIONAL

**Four-Year Old Henry Anthony Marsh.**

**Peggy Marsh, Now Mrs. Albert L. Johnson.**



**Mr. Albert L. Johnson. Who Has Married Peggy and Will No Doubt Adopt Henry Field's Fatherless Boy.**

## Horoscope of Little Henry

### By Professor Wm. H. Maccabee.

ACCORDING to the ancient science of astrology as taught by the Chaldeans, the Egyptians and the Arabs, the fate of each of us is fixed at the hour of our birth by the position at that time of the stars in the heavens. According to their arrangement—how close they are to each other and in what parts of the sky—so it is supposed will the future life of the one born under them be arranged. This celestial page of destiny, of which the lettered symbols are the seven planets, the moon, the sun and the constellations of the zodiac, is called a horoscope. It is a difficult script to read, but by rules and formulas determined by centuries of observation we can at least decipher its larger meanings.

Were it possible to know its exact meaning, down to the least detail, we could predict the happenings, hour by hour, in the life of anyone whose horoscope was under examination. We would be able to read the Book of Fate as easily as a grown man can read the alphabet. Of this perfection the science in modern times has fallen short. We can read, nevertheless, though haltingly.

In the horoscope of little Henry Anthony Marsh there are three important factors. An examination of the position of his star in what is called "The House of Fortune" shows it just peeping over the eastern horizon. This signifies the financial aspect of the native—as the person for whom the horoscope is being drawn is called. Here we find the evidences of his future in terms of wealth and material prosperity.

Henry Anthony Marsh's star insures that the boy will never lack for money. Here is the first factor. The second factor is the position of the benevolent, ponderous and jovial old Samaritan, the planet Jupiter, who is just above the horizon in Division 12 and in the Zodiacal sign of the Bull. His position gives little Anthony a remarkable power and ability to overcome the most serious obstacles. Whenever any crisis arises Jupiter backs the boy.

But the third factor is vastly threatening. It is the position of the sinister, malicious and scandal-creating Saturn, in conjunction with Venus, menacing her and seeking the aid of the evil and treacherous Cauda to augment his malignant influence. Saturn always endeavors to nullify the beneficent influence of Jupiter and eclipse the promise of the House of Fortune.

Will he succeed? My reading is that in the material welfare of the boy he will not—but in the spiritual destiny, the love life of Henry Anthony Marsh, he will certainly find gratification for his evil enjoyment.

With Saturn as a menace, the red planet Mars lifes up threatening the child's health. Beside them stands the planet Uranus—a warning to the lad and to his parents to be very careful in the selection of associates and friends. Against these three evil factors—Saturn, Mars and Uranus—are the strong constellation of the Bull, the beautiful but somewhat handicapped Venus, and good old Jupiter, the best star of all.

The boy will grow up fond of pleasure, of singing and dancing, and will always be much given to the society of the other sex. The stars indicate that his temperament will not be so much frivolous or merely pleasure loving as full of the joy of living. Balancing this lightness, Jupiter gives him sympathy, generosity and justice—the entire combination making for an exceedingly pleasant, companionable and trustworthy friend.

Yet through his life Uranus in the House of Friendship constantly leads him to betrayal by his friends, and Saturn, using the weapon of the history of his birth, constantly seeks to make him unhappy—and more or less succeeds.

It is not until his first love affair, which occurs in his nineteenth year, that Saturn deals his first effective blow. The boy will be precocious, and this affair of the heart, although occurring at such an early age, will be as serious as though it happened to a man ten years older. Certain indications in the constellation of Taurus show that about this time he will engage in ranching, possibly in Mexico. He will fall in love there with a girl of other blood than his own, but whose home is close to his own. There is evidence that she is of a proud Spanish family. They will be engaged to marry, but through a faithless friend, who himself cares for the girl, the secret of Anthony's birth will be told to the parents. This will put a sudden and sorrowful end to the romance and the boy will give up the career that he has been bent upon, and will go back to his mother and his stepfather.

Five years later, the wound healed, he is again engaged to a girl of an aristocratic family in America. This romance is ended by another malicious friend, who distorts various lively but innocent friendships with other girls into matters for suspicion and jealousy. The question of birth does not enter into this at all.

But immediately after the question does become prominent.

Notwithstanding the fact that Anthony will be surrounded by and constantly in the society of fashionable people, and that his environment will be of the best, he will never be able to resist or, at least, wholly to overcome, a desire to choose companions and associates from lower strata of society. His sympathy with people of this kind constantly betrays him, and he will always be inclined to look too leniently upon their conduct and limitations.

This tendency, which will worry and distress his mother, from the time he is ten years old, finds its culmination from the influence of Saturn shortly after the unhappy breaking of the second love match.

Filled with resentment and morbid introspection, young Anthony is shown as forsaking his parents and their class and burying himself among these lower people with whom he has always had the peculiar sympathy noted.

And when he is thirty he will pick from these associates a life partner. The girl he will marry will be from the lowest rank of family servants! She will have no family and there is indicated some scandal or blemish upon her reputation.

Whether this is the same shadow that rests upon Anthony, or whether it is some slip or ill doing of her own is not clear. But she will certainly not be the kind of daughter-in-law that Peggy Marsh would have picked out.

He will not be happy in this marriage. Constantly the other and the larger side of his nature will picture the possibilities of a home with one more in harmony with his early environment and education. His wife will love him dearly, but she can be no true companion. The strength of her love, however, will restrain him from breaking away whenever the other urgings become dangerously strong. The wife will not have his mother to combat; the stars show that she will not be inimical. Indeed her own happy marriage—for a casual study of an astrological chart drawn at the time of her wedding to Albert Johnson shows that it will be happy—will greatly broaden and soften Peggy Marsh. There is not one indication of even a shadow of danger of a separation, or any great discontent between Peggy and her husband. Curiously enough, however, the influence of his stepfather upon Anthony to keep him to his duty will be even greater than that of his mother.

The horoscope shows that there will be two children of Henry Anthony Marsh's marriage, a boy and a girl. The boy will die young but the stars indicate a remarkable career for his daughter, a career which will repay for all the unhappiness experienced both by her grandmother and her own well-meaning but comparatively ignorant mother. But of this more later.

There are two great dangers from violence indicated. The first occurs in Anthony's twenty-fourth year and indicates a wreck at sea with serious scandal attached. It is linked with the breaking of his second romance, but not as the determining factor. It would seem to me as though at this time he were either the guest of the host of some yachting party and that his companions were a number of very frivolous people. Disaster is clearly indicated and several deaths. Anthony's is not among them. The significance of the relation of this occurrence to the second romance is perhaps that it will be one of the entanglements which the faithless friend will use to destroy the love of the woman who might have shaped Anthony's life very differently.

His second great danger comes when he is thirty-five. At that time, the stars indicate, the United States will be engaged in a minor war and Anthony will serve as an officer in it. This struggle will be the precursor of a great war which will follow five years later, a struggle more deadly and murderous than the one from which the world is just recovering.

As his horoscope shows no participation in this war whatever, I would infer that wounds received in the other struggle will incapacitate him from again taking part in his country's defense.

The length of his life is indicated as eighty-five years. He will be fifty before he becomes a widower and will not remarry, using the great wealth that will be his at that time in charitable enterprises.

There is evidence that he will possess in turn five fortunes. Each one of these, except the last, he will lose through the evil influence of Uranus working through those same unreliable and false friends. These fortunes, so it is indicated in the chart, will be progressive in size. The first one comes to him when he is six, old and is connected in the horoscope with his real father. It will accrue from settlement of the litigation now being brought by his mother against his father's estate.

Very curiously, the fifth and last fortune, which is the greatest of all, has its roots in that period of obscurity which occurs after his second great love experience. During that time young Mr. Marsh will secure the friendship, the trust and the actual love of persons very powerful in this strata of society. The stars show a steady and continuous cleavage between those social factors which are called the masses and the classes. In the crystallization of ideas on both sides and increasing and more perfect organization many powerful men will arise in each of the opposing camps.

There is a very puzzling symbol which links up the low-born wife with the gaining of wealth. Just what the connection is I cannot tell; but it is clearly there.

The shadowy evidences of the destinies of the girl child of the Marshes are also linked with this fortune. Actually it seems to be at the base of what promises to be one of the most remarkable careers of women in America. Indications of government, great executive responsibilities and commanding position are focused in this portion of the Marsh's horoscope—that part which refers dimly to the children to come. If I dared to guess, I would say that it is not unreasonable to predict that the granddaughter of Peggy Marsh, the dancer, may be the first woman President of the United States!

So much for what the stars seem to indicate for little Henry Anthony Marsh.

Pennsylvania
VACUUM CUP TYRES.
THE TYRE WITH THE SAFETY GRIP.
H. S. HONIGSBERG & Co., Inc.
P. W. Giovannini MGR. TYRE DEPT.

(Third Section)

# The China Press
大陸報

SHANGHAI, SUNDAY, JANUARY 22, 1922

Firestone
TYRES AND TUBES
"Most Miles Per Dollar"
THE CENTRAL GARAGE CO.
REPAIRING VULCANIZING

## Business and Official Notices

### THE INTERNATIONAL MIXED COURT OF SHANGHAI

Re: Sing Nyih New World Company
(in liquidation)
(司公限有業新界世新)

Notice is hereby given that Messrs. Burkhardt, Amidani and Company have resigned the appointment of liquidators in this matter and, by order of this Honorable Court, the undersigned have been appointed the liquidators.

All debts due to the estate should be paid to us forthwith and debtors are warned not to pay their debts to any person or persons other than ourselves.

SETH, MANCELL and McLURE.
Official Court Accountants.
Avenue Edouard VII,
Shanghai, 21st January, 1922.
45249

### NOTICE

CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

CHINA NEW YEAR HOLIDAYS
NINGPO LINE

Please note that s.s. "Hsin Feking" will not sail from Shanghai on either of the following dates: Friday, 27th inst., and Monday, 30th inst. She will leave Shanghai again on Wednesday, 1st February, at 4.30 p.m.

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE.
Agents.
45189

### Hankow and Ports

The Hoong On S.S. Co.'s Steamer Chang-On, Capt. Warild, will leave from the Ningshao Wharf, Chinese Bund, Nantao, on Tuesday, the 24th January, at about 12 o'clock (midnight). (Cabins fitted with steam heater). Passage Money, Shanghai to Hankow, $40 single and $60 return. For Freight or Passage apply to Office of the Company, 1B Hankow Road. Telephones: Freight 1520, Passage 3283. 45254

### Dr. Med. M.O. Pfister

M.R.C.S. (England) L.R.C.P. (Heidelberg and London University) Lecturer on medicine at the Tung-chi medical college Shanghai, has started his practice for internal, nervous skin and venereal diseases. Consulting hours 11 a.m. to 1 p.m. (or by appointment).

5 Yates Road. Tel. 2774.
45245

### Genuine Leather Trunks

Suit and hat cases, handbags, etc., fitted with Yale locks.

AN UNUSUAL BARGAIN
of 20 to 40% disct. at
Y 1920 N. Szechuen Road
near Wuchang Road.
THE CHINA TRUNK EMPORIUM.
45107

FRESH BUTTER
"DAISY"
BRAND
and
"MEADOW"
BRAND
in one-lb. pats.

Fresh, Pure, and Delicious.

These brands of finest quality Fresh Butter are supplied daily to all leading Storekeepers.

OUTPORT ORDERS

Butter for outports (minimum 10 lbs.) is packed in pure machine made ice, free of charge. Orders may be sent to us direct.

Geddes & Co., Ltd.
5 Peking Road, Shanghai.
Tel. C. 346.

### MUNICIPAL NOTIFICATION
No. 2932.
EVENING CLASSES.

Classes in English conversation and Business Correspondence for foreign students, will be conducted at the Public School for Boys, 200 North Szechuen Road Extension, three times a week, from 7-8 p.m. A fee of $10 per mensem will be charged. Application in person should be made at the School at 6.30 p.m. on Monday, January 23.

A course of 12 lessons in the Elements of Book-keeping will be begun on Monday, January 23, at 6 p.m., and continued on subsequent Mondays and Wednesdays throughout the course. A fee of $10 for the course will be charged. Application in person should be made at the School at 5.30 p.m., on Monday, January 23.

By order,
N. O. LIDDELL,
Secretary and Commissioner General.
Council Room,
Shanghai, January 19, 1922.
45195

### MUNICIPAL NOTIFICATION
No. 2934.
ELECTION OF COUNCILLORS.

NOTICE is hereby given that the following four Ratepayers, having been duly nominated, are, in accordance with the terms of Article XVIII of the Land Regulations, considered to be elected as Councillors for the remainder of the Municipal year 1921/22:

Messrs. W. P. LAMBE,
A. B. LOWSON,
V. G. LYMAN,
P. F. WHITHAM.

The remaining members of Council, who were elected on February 10, 1921, are:

Messrs. H. H. GIRARDET
E. F. MACKAY,
S. SAKURAGI,
H. G. SIMMS.
A. BROOKE SMITH.

By order,
N. O. LIDDELL,
Secretary and Commissioner General.
Council Room,
Shanghai, January 19, 1922.
45205

### NATIONAL LOANS.

Subscribers to the National Loans of the Third Year of the Republic (1914) and Fourth Year of the Republic (1915) are hereby notified that drawings for the redemption of the above Loans will be held this year as follows:

4th Drawing of Fourth Year Loan ($4,400,000): redemption begins 12th April.

5th Drawing of Third Year Loan ($2,750,000): redemption begins 31st December.

The time and place of the drawings will be notified by the Ministry of Finance in due course.

In order that redemption of the Fourth Year Loan may be accelerated and that the Loan may be fully redeemed by the 6th and final drawing in 1923 according to the Original Schedule and the Loan Regulations, it is proposed to have a supplementary drawing in September this year—namely the 5th drawing ($4,640,000)—due notice of which will be given by the Ministry of Finance.

To extinguish the Third Year Loan at the proper date, namely, December 1925, it will also be necessary to have a supplementary drawing of this Loan in 1924, due notice of which will be given.

F. A. AGLEN,
Inspector General of Customs.
Inspectorate General of Customs,
Peking, 18th January, 1922.
45253

### Concert and Ball in Aid of the Jewish National Fund

will be given
On Thursday, the 26th January, 1922, at 9.15 p.m.
at
THE ASTOR HOUSE
Under the Auspices
of the
Shanghai Zionist Association
and
Zionist Organization "Kadimah"

Some well-known local Amateurs have volunteered their kind services.

ADMISSION $3.

Tickets can be had at Astor House and Palace Hotel

### GORDON'S DRY COCKTAIL GIN

As a good appetiser
Gordon's Dry Gin Cocktail
is hard to beat
Obtainable at all
Clubs, Hotels & Store-keepers

*Cocktail directions free on application*

GARNER, QUELCH & Co.
73, 73A Szechuen Road, Shanghai.
Tel. C. 2021

### Customs Notification
No. 987.

The Custom House will be closed, and the shipment and delivery of cargo suspended from the 28th to the 31st instant inclusive for the Chinese New Year Holidays (Old Calendar).

E. GORDON LOWDER,
Commissioner of Customs.
CUSTOM HOUSE,
Shanghai, 20th January, 1922.
45220

### Shanghai Automobile Show

A meeting of the Executive Committee of the Shanghai Automobile Show will be held at the offices of Messrs. A. R. Burkill and Sons, corner The Bund and Canton Road (N. K. Building) on Monday, January 23rd at 5.30 p.m.

JOSEPH J. KEEGAN,
Honorary Secretary.
45207

### The Shanghai Sanitary Laundry Company, Limited.

Customers are hereby notified that the Laundry will be closed on Saturday, 28th January, 1922, until further notice, and that no soiled Linen will be received after Monday, 23rd instant.

By Order of the Directors,
J. P. BISSET & CO.,
Secretaries & General Managers.
Shanghai, January 21, 1922.
45232

### International Savings Society
7 Avenue Edouard VII,
SHANGHAI

Cents make Dollars and Dollars make you independent.

Start playing this game by saving a cent and you will have an I. S. S. Premium Bond in a very short time
and
on the 15th February, 1922, you MAY DRAW
$12,000 or more

### Union Garage

43 Avenue du Roi Albert

We beg to announce that the above Garage formerly operated by the Eastern Technical Co. will be taken over by us from the 1st of February.

*A few boxes are available for private cars.*

Apply to
ZYLSTRA TRADING CO.,
3E Peking Road.
45227

### NOTICE

As from the 21st Dec., 1921, Mr. W. J. PRIEST is no longer in our employ.

JOHN RICHARDS & CO., LTD.
45158

### NOTICE

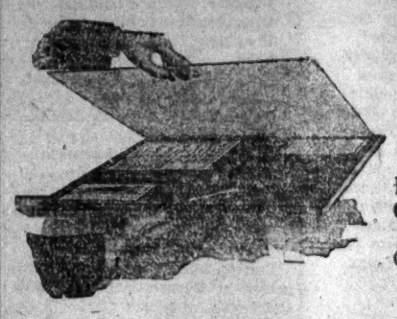
Miss M. Olesen (trained nurse) Swedish massage, electricity, etc has moved to 8 Edinburgh Road. Tel. W. 2204.
45183

### RIDING SCHOOL

Gordon Road—Phone: W. 693

Riding and jumping lessons given by the instructors, finished recial horsemanship academy For last year more than 250 clients. Ponies for sale.
44879

GLASS DESK PADS



In sizes
16" x 24"
20" x 30"
20" x 34"

Felt Backs
Invisible Brass Corners Best ¼" Plate Glass Ground Edges

The best there is
COOL—SANITARY—CONVENIENT

THE OFFICE APPLIANCE CO.
Phone Central 4773 SPECIALISTS IN OFFICE EQUIPMENT 22 Nanking Road, Shanghai. Cable Add.: 'Appliances'

MANHATTAN CAFE
14 Rue du Consulat (corner of Rue Montauban)
A Restaurant
will be opened on the upper floor on
Thursday, January 19th
*"The Best of Food and Service"*
OUR SPECIALITY—A Business-man's Tiffin
Comfortable Private Dining Rooms
JACK CONELY
Tel. C. 1854 Proprietor
45109

### S. H. N. R.

NOTICE.

CHINESE NEW YEAR DAY.

The Train Service will be suspended on Saturday, January 28th, 1922, Chinese New Year Day, with the exception of the undermentioned trains:

SHANGHAI-HANGCHOW SECTION.

No. 110 Down Express leaving Shanghai North at 2.50 and Shanghai South 3.00 p.m.
No. 109 Up Express leaving Zah Kou at 2.10 p.m.

KIANG SHOO BRANCH LINE.

No. 128 Down mixed train leaving Kon Zen Chiao at 1.55 p.m.
No. 129 Up mixed train leaving Zah Kou at 6.40 p.m.

1st, 2nd and 3rd class return tickets between Shanghai North and Shanghai South, Jessfield, Siccawei, Sungkiang, Fungching, Kashai, Kashing, Yeh Zah, Changan, Kon Zen Chiao, Hangchow, Nanshinchiao and Zahkou and vice versa will be available, from Friday, January 20th, until Monday, the 6th February, 1922, both dates inclusive.

1st, 2nd and 3rd class through return tickets at a fare and a half will be issued from the above mentioned stations (except Shanghai North) to the following stations on the Shanghai Nanking Line and vice versa.

Soochow, Wusih, Changchow, Tanyang, Chinkiang and Nanking.

By order,
TRAFFIC MANAGER.
45264

### SHANGHAI NANKING RAILWAY

NEW YEAR DAY (LUNAR CALENDAR).

The Train Service will be suspended on Saturday, January 28th with the exception of the undermentioned trains:

"Up" Through Express leaving Shanghai North at 9.30 hours.
"Down" Through Express leaving Nanking at 15.50 hours.
"Up" Night Express Train leaving Shanghai North at 23.30 hours.
"Down" Night Express Train leaving Nanking at 23.00 hours.
Woosung Down Trains leaving Shanghai North at 9.00 hrs., 13.15 hours and 17.30 hours.
Woosung Up Trains leaving Woosung Forts at 9.40 hours, 13.55 hours and 18.10 hours.

On Sunday, January 29th the following trains only will be run:

"Up" Through Express leaving Shanghai North at 9.30 hours.
"Down" Through Express leaving Nanking at 15.50 hours.
"Up" Night Express leaving Shanghai North at 23.30 hours.
"Down" Night Express leaving Nanking at 23.00 hours.
"Up" 3rd and 4th class train leaving Shanghai North at 9.50 hours
"Down" 3rd and 4th class Train leaving Nanking at 8.10 hours.
(A First and Second class Compo will be attached to these trains on this day only).
"Up" Fast Train leaving Shanghai North at 13.05 hours.
"Down" Fast Train leaving Nanking at 11.45 hours.
"Up" Shanghai-Changchow Local Train leaving Shanghai North at 17.15 hours.
"Down" Changchow-Shanghai Local Train leaving Changchow at 7.10 hours.
"Up" Nansiang Local leaving Shanghai North at 7.20 hours and 12.25 hours.
"Down" Nansiang Local leaving Nansiang at 8.15 hrs. & 13.36 hrs.

The full service on Woosung Line except those trains leaving Shanghai North at 23.05 and 0.30 hours and leaving Woosung Forts at 23.45 and 1.10 hours.

First and Second Class return tickets will be issued from Friday January 20th, 1922, from Shanghai North to Soochow, Wusih, Changchow, Tanyang, Chinkiang and Nanking and vice versa at a fare and a half for the double journey, available for the return trip until Monday, February 6th, 1922 inclusive.

1st, 2nd and 3rd class Through return tickets at a fare and half will be issued from the above mentioned stations to the following stations on the S. H. N. R.:

Shanghai North, Jessfield, Siccawei, Sungkiang, Fungching, Kashai, Kashing, Yehzah, Changan, Konzenchiao, Hangchow, Nanshinchiao and Zahkou and vice versa.

By order,
THE TRAFFIC MANAGER.
45265

## Business and Official Notices

### Humphreys Soap Works, Limited
(In Voluntary Liquidation).

Tenders are invited for the purchase of Buildings, Lease, Machinery, Installations, Furniture and other contents of the Humphreys Soap Works situated at 238 Paoshan Road (North Honan Road Extension).

All Tenders must be sealed and should be sent to Seth, Mancell & McLure, 7 Avenue Edouard VII, on or before 28th January, 1922. The successful bidder will be required to take possession of and pay for the contents of the Works seven days after having received notice that his bid has been accepted.

Inspection of the Works may be arranged and full particulars ascertained by applying to the undersigned.

S. A. SETH,
A. McLURE,
Liquidators.
7 Avenue Edouard VII,
Shanghai, 7th January, 1922.
45105

### NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

THE SWEDISH-CHINESE EXPORT & IMPORT CO.

On and after Monday, the 23rd instant, our office will be situated at No. 4 Avenue Edward VII (The Great Northern Telegraph Building), Shanghai.
45233

### HONMA HOSPITAL
No. 3A Miller Road,
Tel. N. 2361

DR. K. HONMA
former Assistant at the Imperial University at Fukuoka).
Women's Diseases, Confinements
Surgery, X-Ray and diathermy
Examination with Uretrascope
Skin Diseases
Massage Treatment

### Cercle Sportif Francais

THEATRE

Regarding that the tickets for the first performance
of
"L'ENFANT DU MIRACLE"
Comedie bouffe en 3 actes
are all sold the Committee have great pleasure in announcing that a second performance will be given Tuesday, 24 January, 1922.

Entrance is open to the General Public.

Tickets can be obtained at Foutrie & Co., where place can be booked.

Price of Tickets $2.00
45106

### THE SMALL INVESTORS' CO.

8A Peking Road.
Tel. C. 977 & 761.

We are buyers of the following Stocks at market prices:

All issues Shanghai Municipal Council Debentures, either Taels, Dollars or Sterling Loan.
Shanghai Waterworks Co., Ltd. 8% Debentures.
Shanghai Land Investment Co., Ltd. Debentures, all issues.
French Municipal Council 8% Debentures.
Chinese Govt. 5% Reorganisation Gold Loan of 1913.
New Engineering and Shipbuilding Works Ltd. 8% Cumulative Preference shares.
and all
RUBBER SHARES.

For strict cash.

Amusement Advertising will be found on Page 20 and 21

### In the French Mixed Court at Shanghai.

NOTICE

The undersigned having been appointed Liquidator of the SHANGHAI CASING CO. under order of the French Mixed Court dated the 19th. day of January, all persons having claims against the aforesaid SHANGHAI CASING CO. are required to present their proofs to the office of the Liquidator, No. 4 Avenue Edouard VII, before the 4th day of February, after which date no claims will be considered. All persons indebted to the aforesaid SHANGHAI CASING CO. are required to send the amount of their indebtedness to the office of the Liquidator without delay.

MARCEL DARRE
Court Accountant
LIQUIDATOR
45239

### China Detective Bureau

*11 Laidlaw Building.*

Telephone C. 6740.

All classes of investigations except divorce cases, merchants credit systems issued. Skilled operators. Strictly under Foreign Supervision.
43443

### DR. R. HOLPER, M. D.
(Bordeaux University, France)
SPECIALIST IN VENEREAL, URINARY AND SKIN DISEASES.
American Oriental Bank Build.
No. 15 Nanking Road.
Hours 11 to 1 and 4 to 6. Tel. C. 734.

### Dr. Alexander Rosemberg, M. D.
University of Montpellier
22 Chaoufoong Road
Consultation hours
from 1 to 3
and by appointment
Tel. North 737.
41844

### NOTICE

The China Detective Bureau, 11 Laidlaw Bldg., Phone C. 6740, are the only party authorized to collect the accounts of the B. F. Brown & Co., Inc. (Garage).
45190

### Notice of Removal

EASTERN TECHNICAL CO.

On and after Friday, 20th instant, Our offices will be situated at No. P574 Nanking Road, and the GARAGE which is operated by us will be from the First February at No. 2 Woosung Road.

We beg to announce that we will operate the Union Garage from the 1st of February.

ZYLSTRA TRADING COMPANY.
45180

### Frederick's Hotel

Kuangtung Road Off Jukong Rd.

A new up-to-date quiet family hotel. We take pride in the excellence of our table. Special Menu a la carte. Within a minute's reach from tram-car or railway station.

We make a speciality of catering for private dinner parties.

We have a quantity of Veuve Cliquot. Gran Vin Sec, Champagne Quarts for sale at an extremely low price.
45023

### "Take a 71"

The best advice you can offer to a friend suffering from a cold or sore Throat. No. 71 has the largest sale of any Throat Pastille in China. Its popularity is easily explained—it does what we say it will.

Manufactured by ALLEN & HANBURYS, LD., London. The name is the guarantee.

Stocked by all Chemists.

### NOTICE

Piles both external and internal cured altogether from the root by external painless applications only (No Knife used at all).
Apply to Dr. MEHTA,
40 North Szechuen Rd., Shanghai.
42664

### Dr. GUIDO PIAZZA, M.D.
GRAZ-PADOVA UNIVERSITIES
(late assistant to Prof. MATZENAUER)

Has started his practice for internal diseases, surgery, skin and venereal ailments and latest treatment of syphilis. Consulting hours 10 a.m. to 12 and 2-5 p.m. 3 Ezra Road, 4th Floor. Tel. C. 6735.
44423

### TO CLEAR

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| DAMASK TABLE CLOTH | 62 inch | Mex. | $1.60 | per yard |
| ,, ,, ,, | 64 ,, | | 1.65 | ,, |
| ,, ,, ,, | 74 ,, | | 1.80 | ,, |
| Irish Linen | 36 ,, | | 1.65 | ,, |

A. 158 Broadway, 1st Floor (opposite Broadway Store) Tel. N. 156
44361

### FOUNTAIN PEN SALE UNDER COST

| | Our price | Market price |
|---|---|---|
| WATERMAN SELF FILLING | $4.20 | $6.50 |
| CONKLIN SELF FILLING | 4.50 | 7.00 |
| SALZ SELF FILLING | 3.00 | 4.75 |
| EVERSHARP PENCIL | 2.00 | 3.50 |

MAIL ORDER A SPECIALTY.
Samples sent on request. We never let others undersell us.
Our prices are the lowest.

WOOD BROS. FOUNTAIN PEN CO.,
Sincere's Building. 604 Chekiang Road.
45177

LET US RE-MAGNETIZE
YOUR FORD MAGNETO
WHILE YOU WAIT

25 MINUTES is all the time required. Shorts in the coil and weak magnets cause more starting troubles than most repairmen suspect.

Hard starting, weak sparks, dim lights, poor mileage, and fouled spark plugs are all traceable to above causes.

Tel. W. 2470
" W. 2640
MODERN SERVICE STATION
3a Yates Road
4517

# Chinese and Foreign Banking Announcements

## Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China

Incorporated by Royal Charter 1853.

| | |
|---|---|
| Capital | £3,000,000 |
| Reserve Fund | 3,600,000 |
| Reserve Liability of Shareholders | £3,000,000 |

*Head Office:*
38 Bishopsgate London, E. C.
*Shanghai Branch:* 18 The Bund

*Court of Directors:*
Sir Montagu Cornish Turner, Chairman.
Sir Duncan Carmichael,
T. Cuthbertson, Esq.
Sir Alfred Dent, K.C.M.G.
Sir William Henry Neville Goschen, K.B.E.
The Rt. Hon. Lord George Hamilton, G.C.S.I.
Sir John Newall Jordan, P.C. G.C.I.E., K.C.B., K.C.M.G.
W. Foot Mitchell, Esq.
James Maxwell Grant Prophit, Esq.
Lewis Alexander Wallace, Esq.

*Bankers:*
The Bank of England.
The London Joint City & Midland Bank Limited.
The London County and Westminster and Parrs Bank, Ltd.
The National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Limited.
The National Bank of Scotland, Limited.

*Agencies and Branches:*

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Ajor Star (Kedah) | Hongkong | Puket |
| Amritsar | Ilolio | Rangoon |
| Batavia | Ipoh | Saigon |
| Bombay | Karachi | Seremban |
| Calcutta | Klang | Shanghai |
| Canton | Kobe | Singapore |
| Cawnpore | Kuala-Lumpur | Sourabaya |
| Cebu | (F. M. S.) | Tientsin |
| Colombo | Madras | Tavoy |
| Delhi | Manila | (Lower Burma) |
| Haiphong | Medan | Taiping |
| Hankow | Peking | New York |
| | Penang | Yokohama |

Drafts granted on the above Agencies and Branches and also on the principal Commercial Cities throughout the world. Bills of Exchange bought and received for collection. Travelling Letters of Credit issued and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.

Interest allowed on Current Deposit Accounts, according to arrangement.

Fixed Deposits are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

L. W. ROBERTSON,
Acting Manager.

## Banque Belge Pour L'Etranger

Societe Anonyme.
(Affiliated to the Societe Generale de Belgique.)

| | |
|---|---|
| | Frs. |
| Capital (subscribed) | 100,000,000 |
| Capital (paid up) | 75,000,000 |
| Reserves | 13,962,300 |

President: Jean Jadot
Head Office: Brussels.
Branches and Agents at London, Manchester, Paris, New York, Bucarest, Cologne, Alexandria, Cairo, Tantah, Ziftah, Zagazig, Peking, Shanghai, Tientsin.
Affiliated Banks:
Banco de Cartagena, Madrid, with Branches in Spain and Morocco.
Wiener-Bank-Verein, Vienna, with Branches in Austria, Hungary, Czecho-Slovakia, Poland, Rumania, Italy (Tyrol), Yugo-Slavia, Turkey, and Asia Minor.
A. Kouyoumdjiski & Co., Sofia.
*Correspondents in all parts of the World.*
Every description of banking and exchange business transacted.
L. STRAFTMANS,
Manager, Shanghai branch.

## The Exchange Bank of China

SHANGHAI BRANCH
41 Kiangse Road.

Telephone C. 1941.
Telegraphic Address "Knabes."

Capital ..... Yen 10,000,000

Head office ..... Peking
Registered in the Ministry of Finance.

General Banking Business of Every Description transacted.

Foreign and Domestic Exchange Business a speciality. We issue Demand Drafts, T/T. Letters of Credit, Buying and Selling Specie etc., etc.

Foreign and Domestic Commercial Papers and Bills discounted.

Loans and Advances made on approved Securities.

Interest allowed on current accounts and fixed deposits according to arrangement.

Foreign Agencies at Tokio, Yokohama, Kobe, Osaka, Nagasaki, Moji, Singapore, Bombay, London, New York.

Domestic Agencies at Tientsin, Hankow, Kiukiang, Tsingtau, Dairen, Changchun, Mukden, Foochow, Amoy, Swatow, Hongkong, Canton.

T. TSENG Manager.

## Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

Paid-up Capital ... $20,000,000

| | |
|---|---|
| Reserve Funds:— | |
| Sterling .... | £4,500,000 |
| Silver ..... | $21,500,000 |
| Reserve Liability of Proprietors .. | $20,000,000 |

Head Office: HONGKONG
*Court of Directors:*
G. T. M. Edkins, Esq. Chairman
G. M. Dodwell, Esq. Deputy-Chairman.
D. G. M. Bernard, Esq.
A. S. Gubbay, Esq.
P. H. Holyoak Esq.
Hon. Mr. A. O. Lang,
E. V. D. Parr, Esq.
W. L. Pattenden, Esq.
J. A. Plummer, Esq.
H. P. White, Esq.
*Chief Manager.*
Hon. Mr. A. G. Stephen.

*Branches and Agencies:*

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Amoy | Harbin | New York |
| Bankok | Iloilo | Penang |
| Batavia | Ipoh | Rangoon |
| Bombay | Johore | Saigon |
| Calcutta | Kope | S. Francisco |
| Canton | Kuala Lumpur | Shanghai |
| Chefoo | London | Singapore |
| Colombo | Lyons | Sourabaya |
| Dairen | Malacca | Tientsin |
| Foochow | Manila | Tsingtao |
| Haiphong | Nagasaki | Vladivostock |
| Hankow | Peking | Yokohama |

*London Bankers:*
London County Westminster and Parr's Bank Ltd.

*Shanghai Branch:* 12 The Bund
*Sub-Agency:* 9 Broadway

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and on Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.

Local Bills Discounted.

Credits granted on approved Securities and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Drafts granted on London and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, Africa, China, Japan and America.

G. H. STITT,
Manager.

## Russo-Asiatic Bank

| | |
|---|---|
| | Roubles. |
| Capital (fully-paid) | 55,000,000 |
| Reserved Fund | 26,960,000 |
| Capital Contributed by the Chinese Government | Kup. Tls. 3,500,000 |
| Reserve Fund | 1,750,000 |

*Head Office:*
Paris, 9 Rue Boudreau
*London Office:*
64 Old Broad Street, E. C. 2.

*Bankers:*
London: Messrs. Glyn, Mills, Currie & Co.
Societe Generale pour favoriser le developpement du Commerce et de l'Industrie en France.
Paris: Societe Generale pour Favoriser le Developpement du Commerce et de l'Industrie en France.
Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas.
Lyons: Societe Generale pour Favoriser le Developpement du Commerce et de l'Industrie en France.
Milan: Credito Italiano.
Rome: Banco di Roma.
New York: The Irving National Bank.
San Francisco: The Crocker National Bank of San Francisco.

BRANCHES IN ASIA

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Bombay | Harbin | Shanghai |
| Chanchun | Hongkong | Tientsin |
| Chefoo | Manchouli | Urumtchi |
| Dairen | Kashgar | Vladivostock |
| Hailar | Newchwang | Yokohama |
| Hankow | Peking | Kobe |

SHANGHAI BRANCH
Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels and Dollars. Terms on application. Local Bills discounted.
Foreign Exchange on the principal cities of the world bought and sold.
SAFE DEPOSIT BOXES.
L. Jezierski,
Th. de Krzywoszewski,
P. Petithuguenin.
Managers for Branches in Asia.

## Bank of Communications

Specially authorised by Presidential Mandates of April 7th, 1914, and October 31, 1915.

Capital: Kuping Taels 10,000,000

HEAD OFFICE: PEKING
Over 60 Branches and Agencies at principal cities and commercial centers in China
Agencies abroad: Singapore Hongkong, Tokio (Japan).

SHANGHAI BRANCH
14 The Bund.
Interest allowed on both Current and Fixed Deposit Accounts. Credit granted to approved securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.
Y. M. CHIEN, Manager,
T. S WONG, Sub-Manager.

## Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

Savings Bank Office:
12 The Bund and 9 Broadway.

Deposits of not less than $1.00 will be received.

Not more than $200 will be received during one month from any single Depositor.

Interest at the rate of 3.1/2% per annum will be allowed upon the monthly minimum balance.

The maximum balance on which interest will be allowed is $5,000.00.

Deposits may be withdrawn on Demand. Accounts will be kept either in Dollars or Taels, Local Currency, at the option of the Depositor.

Depositors will be presented with Pass Books, in which all transactions will be entered. Pass Books must be presented when paying in or withdrawing money.

OFFICE HOURS: 10 a.m. to 3 p.m.
Saturdays, 10 a.m. to noon.

## The Bank Of Canton, Limited

Incorporated 1912

| | |
|---|---|
| Capital authorised | £1,200,000.00 |
| Capital paid up | 1,057,790.00 |
| Reserved Fund HK. | $400,000.00 |
| Undivided profit HK | $950,837.73 |

HEAD OFFICE
No. 6 Des Voeux Road, Hongkong

SHANGHAI OFFICE
No. 2 Ningpo Road.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Canton | Bangkok | S. Francisco |
| Batavia | Bombay | Colombo |
| New York | Manila | Samarang |
| London | Singapore | Calcutta |
| Honolulu | Rangoon | Yokohama |
| Sourabaya | Canada, etc | |

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

WONG WEN-KUANG,
Manager.

## The Chinese American Bank of Commerce

Established by American and Chinese Capitalists under Special Charter of the Government of China April 12th, 1919.

| | |
|---|---|
| Authorized Capital | G.$10,000.000 |
| Paid-up Capital | 5,000,000 |

HEAD OFFICE: PEKING.

*Branches:*
Hankow, Harbin, Manila, Peking, Shanghai, Sihkiachwan, Tientsin, Tsinan.

Correspondents throughout the world including the interior of China.

The Bank receives deposits, grants loans; issues drafts and makes telegraphic transfers; buys and sells foreign exchange; issues commercial and circular letters of credit; collects bills, checks and other documents; and does other general banking business.

*Shanghai Branch*
No. 11A Nanking Road.

Telephone Nos. Central 5841, 5842 and 5843.

A. KANN, Manager.
LOUIS SHEN, Assistant Manager.
SOOYII K. SHEN, Assistant Manager.

## Banque De L'Indo-Chine

| | |
|---|---|
| | Francs. |
| Subscribed Capital | 72,000,000.00 |
| Paid-up Capital | 68,400,000.00 |
| Reserve Fund (1|6|20) | 69,500,000.00 |

*Head Office:*
15 bis, Rue Laffite, Paris.

*Branches and Agencies*

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Saigon | Pnom-Penh | Battambang |
| Haiphong | Hanoi | Tourane |
| Peking | Hankow | Tientsin |
| Hongkong | Canton | Mengtze |
| Singapore | Pondichery | Bangkok |
| Papeete | Shanghai | Noumea |
| | Djibouti | Yunnanfu |

*London Bankers:*
The National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ltd.
Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris—Credit Lyonnais

The Shanghai Agency undertakes all Banking and Exchange operations; grants credits on goods and approved securities; opens current and fixed deposit accounts in taels and francs according to arrangement.

L. ARDAIN, Manager.

## International Banking Corporation

Capital, Surplus & Undivided Profits G.$14,000,000

Owned By
THE NATIONAL CITY BANK OF NEW YORK.

*Head Office:*
60 WALL STREET, NEW YORK.

*London Office:* 36 Bishopsgate E. C.
*Lyons Offices* 27 Place Tolozan.
*San Francisco Office:*
232 Montgomery Street

*Branches*

| | |
|---|---|
| China | Spain |
| Shanghai | Barcelona |
| Peking | Madrid |
| Tientsin | Straits Settlements |
| Hankow | Singapore |
| Harbin | Dominican |
| Hongkong | Republic |
| Canton | Santo Domingo |
| India | Sanches |
| Bombay | San Francisco |
| Calcutta | de Macoris |
| Rangoon | San Pedro |
| Japan | de Macoris |
| Yokohama | Santiago |
| Kobe | Puerto Plata |
| Java | Barahona |
| Batavia | La Vega |
| Sourabaya | Panama |
| Philippines | Panama |
| Manila | Colon |
| Cebu | |

Branches of
THE NATIONAL CITY BANK OF NEW YORK

| | |
|---|---|
| Argentina | England |
| Buenos Aires | London |
| Rosario | Italy |
| Belgium | Genoa |
| Antwerp | Peru |
| Brussels | Lima |
| Brazil | Porto Rico |
| Pernambuco | Ponce |
| Rio de Janeiro | San Juan |
| Santos | Russia |
| Sao Paulo | Moscow |
| Chile | Petrograd |
| Santiago | Temporarily closed |
| Valparaiso | Uruguay |
| Cuba | Montevideo |
| Havana and 22 branches | Venezuela |
| | Caracas |

Commercial and Travellers' Letters of Credit, Bills of Exchange and Cable Transfers bought and sold. Current accounts opened and Fixed Deposits in local foreign currencies taken at rates that may be ascertained on application to the Bank.

N. S. MARSHALL, Manager.
1a Kiukiang Road.

## The Bank of China

(Specially authorised by Presidential Mandate of 15th April, 1915)

| | |
|---|---|
| Authorised Capital | $60,000,000.00 |
| Paid-up Capital | $12,279,800.00 |
| Reserve Fund | $3,584,600.00 |
| Special Reserve Fund | $3,584,600.00 |

Head Office: Peking.
Branches and Agencies:

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Peking | Taiyuan | Shanghai |
| Tientsin | Kaifeng | Hankow |
| Chanchun | Wuhu | Ichang |
| Antung | Anking | Changsha |
| Dairy | Hangchow | Nanchang |
| Moukden | Ningpo | Kiukiang |
| Newchwang | Nanking | Foochow |
| Harbin | Chinkiang | Amoy |
| Kirin | Hsuchow | Canton |
| Tsinan | Soochow | Hongkong |
| Chefoo | Wusieh | Swatow |
| Tsingtao | Yangchow | Chungking |

*Foreign Correspondents:*
London, Paris, Berlin, New York, San Francisco, Tokio, Osaka and Yokohama.

SHANGHAI BRANCH,
3 Hankow Road.
Loans granted on approved Securities. Local Bills discounted. Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels or Dollars according to arrangement.

Sung Han-chang.
Manager.

## Kincheng Banking Corporation

金城銀行

Sanctioned by Ministry of Finance and registered in Ministry of Agriculture and Commerce in accordance with Banking and Company Laws.

| | |
|---|---|
| Authorised Capital | $5,000,000 |
| Paid-up Capital | $4,500,000 |
| Surplus | $ 300,000 |

Head Office: Tientsin
Branches and Sub-Branches:
Peking, Tientsin, Shanghai, Hankow, Nanking and Peng-pu.
Correspondents in all important places of the world.
President: Chow Tso Ming.
Manager, Shanghai Branch: S. Y. Tien.
Sub-Manager, Shanghai Branch: C. C. Woo.
Every description of Banking Business transacted.
Savings Accounts kept in Tientsin and Shanghai Offices.
Cable Address, "Kincheng" Shanghai
Tel. Nos:
General Office: C. 3366
Managers Office: 1350
Foreign Dept. C. 3440

## Nederlandsche Handel Maatschappy

(Netherlands Trading Society)
Established 1824.

| | |
|---|---|
| Paid-up-Capital: Guilders | 80,000,000 (about £6,666,666) |
| Reserve Funds: Guilders | 18,979,250 (about £1,581,604) |
| Special Reserve: Guilders | 22,660,000 (about £1,888,333) |

Head Office: AMSTERDAM.
Head Agency: BATAVIA
*Agencies in Holland:*
THE HAGUE and ROTTERDAM

*Branches*

| | |
|---|---|
| Bandjermasin | Pekalongen |
| Bandoeng | Palembang |
| Bombay | Penang |
| Calcutta | Pontianak |
| Cheribon | Rangoon |
| Djember | Semarang |
| Djokjakarta | Singapore |
| Hongkong | Soerabaya |
| Kobe | Soerakarta |
| Kota-Radja | Tebing-Tinggi |
| Langsa | Tegal |
| Makassar | Telok Betong |
| Medan | Tjilatjap |
| Padang | Weltevreden |

*London Bankers*
National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ltd.

Correspondents at the principal places in Europe, Asia, Australia and North America.

The Bank buys, sells and receives for collection bills of exchange, issues letters of credit on its branches and correspondents and transacts banking business of every description.

Shanghai Interest Allowed on current tael accounts and fixed deposits, according to arrangement.

M. J. HERBSCHLEB,
Acting Manager.

## 東亞銀行 The Bank of East Asia, Ltd.

Shanghai Branch:—30 The Bund

| | |
|---|---|
| Authorised Capital | $10,000,000.00 |
| Paid up Capital | $5,000,000.00 |

Head Office: Hongkong
London Bankkers: The London Joint City & Midland Bank, Ltd.

Every description of banking and exchange business transacted
Loans granted on approved securities
Fixed and current deposit accounts opened on terms according to arrangement.

RUE CHENG,
Acting Manager.

## The Chekiang Industrial Bank, Ltd

Established 1908

| | |
|---|---|
| Capital | $2,000,000.00 |
| Reserve Fund | $133,310.00 |
| Undivided Profits | $120,751.00 |

*Head Office and Branches:*
Hangchow, Shanghai, Haimon, Hankow and Lanchi.
*Domestic Agencies:*
Throughout CHINA'S principal Cities.
*Foreign Correspondents:*
London, Paris, Rotterdam, New York, Chicago, San Francisco, Hamburg, Berlin, Tokyo, Koke, Yokohama, Osaka, Hakodate, Seoul, Fusan and Hongkong.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and fixed Depisits according to arrangements.
Saving Accounts at 4% compound interest.
Every description of Banking and Exchange transacted.

LI MING,

*SHANGHAI BRANCH,*
U39 Peking Road.
Tel. C. 3145, Manager's Office
C. 2147, General Office
*Cable Address:*
"CHINDUBANK" Shanghai

## SINO-ITALIAN BANK

| | |
|---|---|
| Aut. Cap. Silver Dollars | 4,800,000 |
| Aut. Cap. Gold It. Lire | 16,000,000 |
| Paid up Capital | Silver $1,200,000 |
| Paid up Cap. Gold It. Lire | 4,000,000 |

*Branches:*
Hankow, Peking, S'hai, Tientsin
*Bankers:*
Italy: Credito Italiano.
England: Credito Italiano, National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ld., Glyn Mills and Currie.
France: Banque Francaise et Italienne pour l'Amerique du Sud, Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris, Banque Italo Belge.
United States: Credito Italiano, Equitable Trust Company.
Canada: Canadian Bank of Commerce.
South America: Banca Italo Belga.
Switzerland: Banca Unione di Credito.
Belgium—Credit Central Liegeois.
Current, fixed and savings accounts carried in Taels, Dollars, Sterling, U. S. Gold, Italian Lire, Francs and other currencies. Terms on application.
General banking business transacted. Special facilities for Italian exchange.
Telegraphic Address: Banksinit.
SHANGHAI, No. 16 Kiukiang Rd.
Tel. Offices: Central 5090 & 5091.
Managers' Office, Central 5094.

Managers.

## Chung Foo Union Bank

(Established in 1917)
Statutes approved by the Government in 1919
Head Office: TIENTSIN

| | |
|---|---|
| Subscribed Capital | $2,000,000.00 |
| Paid-Up Capital | $1,500,000.00 |
| Reserve Fund | $ 124,000.00 |

Managing Director: T. Clarence Sun
Deputy Managing Director: Nieh Chi-wei

Branches and Agencies in Domestic Cities and Foreign Countries:

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Tientsin | Chinkiang | Ichang | Yokohama |
| Shanghai | Soochow | Changsha | Chicago |
| Peking | Wusieh | Shasi | Philadelphia |
| Hankow | Hsuchow | Wuhu | Seattle |
| Nanking | Ningpo | London | Baltimore |
| Yangchow | Shaoshing | New York | Cleveland |
| Hangchow | Canton | San Francisco | Detroit |
| Pengpu | Hongkong | Boston | Buffalo |
| Changchun | Changteh | Tokio | Pittsburgh |
| Antung | Chengchow | Osaka | Montreal |
| Kiukiang | Tsinkiangpu | Kobe | St. Louis |
| | | Cincinnati | |

And also in other principal cities in foreign countries.

### Shanghai Branch:
8 441 Ningpo Road.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted. Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in taels, dollars and other currencies according to arrangement.

Credits granted on approved securities.

Y. B. Sun, Manager,
T. D. Zar, Sub-Manager.

## PARK-UNION FOREIGN BANKING CORPORATION

Owned and controlled by National Park Bank of New York and Union Bank of Canada

| | |
|---|---|
| Capital (fully paid) | G. $4,000,000.00 |
| Surplus and Undivided Profits | G. $ 621,000.00 |

HEAD OFFICE: 56 WALL STREET, NEW YORK
BRANCHES:
SAN FRANCISCO YOKOHAMA
PARIS TOKIO SEATTLE
Shanghai Branch:
No. 7 Kiukiang Road. Tel. Nos. 5874 and 5875
Current and Fixed Deposits
Accepted in Taels, Mexican Dollars, U. S. Dollars, Canadian Dollars, Sterling. Interest Rates on application. Every description of banking and exchange business transacted.

G. A. TISDALL
Manager

## The Shanghai Commercial & Savings Bank, Ltd.

Head Office: 9 Ningpo Road

| | |
|---|---|
| Capital | $2,500,000.00 |
| Reserve | $380,000.00 |

Every description of modern banking and exchange business transacted—Personal, National & International.

Branches and Agencies:
In principal cities throughout China
Foreign Correspondents:

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| London | New York | Yokohama |
| Paris | Chicago | Tokyo |
| Marseilles | Seattle | Osaka |
| Amsterdam | San Francisco | Manila |
| Berlin | Singapore | |

Cable Address: "COMSAVBANK"

K. P. CHEN,
General Manager.

中南銀行

## CHINA & SOUTH SEA BANK, LTD.

| | |
|---|---|
| Authorized Capital: | $20,000.000 |
| Paid-up | $5,000,000 |

4 Hankow Road, Shanghai.

Every kind of banking business transacted. Agents and correspondents all over the world.

Telegraphic Address: Chinasosea

Tel. Nos. { Managing Director: C. 6324 / Foreign Exchange: C. 3099

Y. Hou,
Managing Director.

## FAR EASTERN BANK

| | |
|---|---|
| Capital Authorized | Lit. 50,000,000.— |
| Capital Paid up | Lit. 12,500,000.— |

HEAD OFFICE
36, Kiangse Road, Shanghai.

BANKERS
Banca dell'Italia Meridionale; Naples, Milan, Bari, Genoa, Palermo, Pozzuoli, Italy.
East River National Bank, New York, U. S. A.
Bank of Italy, San Francisco, Cal., U. S. A.
The Dai-Ichi Ginko, Ltd., Tokyo, Yokohama, Japan.

BRANCHES
Canton—Tientsin—Tsingtao.
SHANGHAI BRANCH
Interest allowed on current accounts, savings accounts and fixed deposits in all currencies according to arrangement.

Local bills discounted N. Cable transfers bought and sold. Drafts issued and telegraphic transfers effected all over the World.

SPECIAL FACILITIES for Italian business and Exchange, for Gold exchange and for Chinese Stock Exchange transactions.

Viscount di Villa & Mr. W. S. T. Nien,
Managing Directors.

TELEPHONE:—C. 3487 Managers
C. 6678 T. T. and Exchange
C. 2082 General Office
C. 494 Chinese Department.

## RUSSIA'S TROUBLES

(*Rosta News Agency*)

Moscow, Jan. 15.—Mr. Krassin, the Soviet representative in London, has declared to a correspondent of the Times that the question of advancing credits to Russia must be solved on an international scale, because the needs of Russia are so great that they cannot be satisfied by any private groups of financiers. Russia especially needs credits for restoring agriculture by purchasing seeds, machinery and food. If the Russian peasants could obtain sufficient outside help, Russian agriculture within five years would produce 1,000,000,000 poods of wheat for export annually.

## Commercial Bank of China

*Head Office:* SHANGHAI

| | |
|---|---|
| | Sh. Tls. |
| Subscribed Capital | 5,000,000 |
| Paid-Up Capital | 2,500,000 |

Advances made on approved securities. Bills discounted.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts at 2 per cent per annum on daily balance. On Fixed deposits:—
For 3 months at 3% per annum.
For 6 months at 4% per annum.
For 12 months at 5% per annum.
On deposits in Dollars according to arrangement.

H. C. MARSHALL,
Chief Manager.

## The National Commercial Bank, Ltd.

Established 1907.

| | |
|---|---|
| Paid-Up Capital | $2,500,000.00 |
| Reserve Fund | $500,000.00 |

*Head Office: Shanghai.*
Peking and Kiangse Roads.
Tels: Manager's Office: Cen. 2656
General Office: Cen. 2613 & 2614
*Branches*
Hangchow, Hankow, Peking, Tientsin, Mukden and Harbin.
FOREIGN CORRESPONDENTS
London, Paris, New York, San Francisco, Tokio, Yokohama, Kobe Osaka, Berlin and Hamburg.
Correspondents at the principal cities throughout China.
Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels, Dollars, Gold Dollars, Sterling and Yen according to arrangement.
Interest allowed on Deposits at Call both in Taels and Dollars according to arrangement.
Domestic and Foreign Drafts purchased and sold.
Credit granted on approved securities.
Savings accounts—4% per annum.
Every description of banking business transacted.
Modern Safe Deposit Boxes For Rent.
Shen Chu Hsu, Manager.
Shu Chin Mih, Sub-Manager.
Y. S. Tung, Sub-Manager.
K. Z. Tsoe, P. P. Manager.

THE SHANGHAI INDUSTRIAL BANKING CORPORATION
上海商工銀行

| | |
|---|---|
| Authorized Capital | $1,000,000.00 |
| Capital paid up | $ 750,000.00 |

*Head Office and Branch I:*
17 & 18 Kiukiang Road.
General banking business transacted and agencies, correspondents in principal commerical centres in China.
General Manager: ROBERT LEE 李璟九
Manager: K. N. SUNG, 沈華生
Sub-Manager: S. Y. FONG, 馮叔鵬
Opening date: 3rd Nov.
Tel. No. C. 6414 & C. 6415.
Telegr. Address: Banksibco / Chinese "4999"

## New York Stocks

The Chinese American Bank of Commerce has received the following telegraphic quotations, dated New York, Jan. 17, 1922:

| | |
|---|---|
| Liberty Bonds 3rd | 4½'s 1928 97.70 |
| Victory Bonds | 4¾'s 1922-23 100.20 |
| American Telephone and Telegraph Convertible | 6's 1925 117⅛ |
| Standard Oil Co., of New York | 7's 1931 107½ |
| New York City | 4¼% 1965 104¼ |
| British American Tobacco Co., Ltd. Common | 13¼ |
| Pacific Development Corporation Stock | 6¾ |

OTHER QUOTATIONS

New York, Jan 10.—The following were the closing prices today:

| | |
|---|---|
| Bar Silver | 66¾ |
| Demand Sterling | 422⅞ |
| Centrifugal Sugar | 3.54 |
| Manila Hemp | |
| **STOCKS** | |
| American Smelter | 43⅝ |
| American Sugar | 57¾ |
| American Tel. and Tel | 115⅝ |
| Anaconda | 48⅝ |
| Atchison | 93¼ |
| Baldwin Locomotive | 94 |
| Baltimore and Ohio | 33¼ |
| Bethlehem Steel | 55⅞ |
| Calif. Petroleum | 43¾ |
| Canadian Pacific | 120 |
| Chgo. Milw. and St. Paul | 17⅝ |
| Crucible Steel | 62½ |
| Cuba Cane | 8¼ |
| General Electric | 136¾ |
| General Motors | 9 |
| Great Northern | 71 |
| New York Central | 73⅝ |
| Reading | 71¼ |
| Southern Pacific | 78½ |
| Studebaker | 80¾ |
| Texas Co. | 42¼ |
| Union Pacific | 125⅛ |
| United States Steel | 82⅞ |
| Westinghouse | 49¼ |
| United States Rubber | 52⅜ |

San Francisco, Jan. 10.—Cocoanut oil, ex-sellers' tank cars, 7¾.

# -:- Financial And Commercial News -:-

## BENJAMIN AND POTTS SHARE LIST
### Yesterday's Close

| Stock Banks | Closing Quotations |
|---|---|
| H. K. and S. B... | $730 |
| (New) | $735 |
| Chartered | £14¼ |
| Russo-Asiatic | Rs. 250 |
| **Marine Insurances** | |
| Canton | H. 440 |
| North China | Tls. 144 |
| Union of Canton | H. 230 |
| Yangtsze | $23 B. |
| Far Eastern Ins. | Tls. 22½ |
| **Fire Insurance** | |
| China Fire | H.$125 B. |
| Hongkong Fire | H.$360 B. |
| **Shipping** | |
| Indo-China Def. | H.$260 |
| Indo-China Pref. | H.$86 B. |
| "Shell" | 91/3- |
| Shanghai Tug ord. | Tls. 36½ S. |
| S'hai Tug Pref. | Tls. 36 B. |
| **Mining** | |
| Kaiping | Tls. 18¾ B. |
| Oriental Cons. | 18/- S. |
| Raub | H. $1 B. |
| **Docks** | |
| Hongkong Dock | H.$170 S. |
| Shanghai Dock | Tls. 103 B. |
| New Eng. Works | Tls. 8¼ B. |
| " Pref. | Tls. 4.65 B. |
| **Wharves** | |
| Shanghai Wharf | Tls. 150 |
| Hongkong Wharf | H.$90½ B. |
| **Lands and Hotels** | |
| Anglo-French Land | Tls. 82 B. |
| Shanghai Land | Tls. 81 B. |
| Weihaiwei Land | Tls. 8 |
| S'hai Hotel, Ltd | Tls. 67½ B. |
| China Realty ord. | Tls. 50 |
| China Realty Pref. | Tls. 50 |
| **Cotton Mills** | |
| E-wo (ord.) | Tls. 18.35 B. |
| E-wo (pref.) | Tls. 96 |
| Laou-kung-mow | Tls. 82 |
| Oriental | Tls. 13¼ B. |
| Shanghai Cotton | Tls. 138 B. |
| **Industrials** | |
| Butler Tiles | Tls. 25 |
| China Sugar | H.$180 |
| Green Island | H.$24.80 Sa. |
| Langkats | Tls. 10½ |
| Major Bros. | Tls. 5 |
| S'hai Sumatra | Tls. 80 |
| **Stores** | |
| Hall and Holts | $8 |
| Llewelyn | $80 |
| Lane, Crawford | $97½ B. |
| Moutrie | $40 |
| Watson | H.$9.45 B. |
| Weeks | $12½ B. |
| **Rubbers (Local)** | |
| Alma | Tls. 4 S. |
| Amherst | Tls. 0.10 B. |
| Anglo-Java | Tls. 4.30 B. |
| Anglo-Dutch | Tls. 1½ |
| Ayer Tawah | Tls. 11½ B. |
| Batu Anam 1913 | Tls. 0.35 B. |
| Bute | Tls. 0.40 |
| Bukit Toh Alang | Tls. 0.60 B. |
| Chemor United | Tls. 0.35 B. |
| Chempedak | Tls. 2 B. |
| Cheng | Tls. 1 |
| Consolidated | Tls. 1 B. |
| Dominion | Tls. 0.80 B. |
| Gula Kalumpong | Tls. 4 B. |
| Java Consolidated | Tls. 6 B. |
| Kapala | Tls. 6 |
| Kapayang | Tls. 0.10 S. |
| Karan | Tls. 3 B. |
| Kedah | Tls. 1 |
| Kota Bahroe | Tls. 0.85 |
| Kroewoek Java | Tls. 6 |
| Padang | Tls. 2¾ B. |
| Pengkalan Duriat | Tls. 1 |
| Permata | Tls. 1 |
| Repah | Tls. 25 cts. |
| Samagaga | Tls. 0.40 |
| Seekee | Tls. 50 cts. |
| Semambu | Tls. 0.50 B. |
| Senawang | Tls. 0.60 B. |
| S'hai Klebang | Tls. 0.35 B. |
| Shanghai Malay | Tls. 1 |
| S'hai Malay pref. | Tls. 5 |
| Shanghai Pahang | Tls. 50 cts. |
| Sungala | Tls. 25 cts. |
| Sungei Duri | Tls. 5 |
| Sua Manggis | Tls. 1 |
| S'hai Seremban | Tls. 0.40 |
| Taiping | Tls. 0.15 |
| Tanah Merah | Tls. 0.25 B. |
| Tebong | Tls. 0.80 |
| Wangbo | Tls. 1¾ B. |
| **Miscellaneous** | |
| C. I. & E. Lumbe | Tls. 325 |
| Culty Dairy | Tls. 10 |
| Shanghai Trams | Tls. 90 B. |
| Shanghai Gas | Tls. 26 B. |
| Horse Bazaar | Tls. 40 |
| S'hai Mercury | Tls. 20 B. |
| S'hai Telephone | Tls. 87 B. |
| S'hai Waterworks | Tls. 135 B. |

S. Sellers. Se. Sales. B. Buyers

Benjamin and Potts, 3 Jinkee Rd.

Telephone No. Central 395.

## Jute Fabrics

In the jute fabrics circular of January 18, Mr. J. A. Fredericks writes as follows:

Owing to a demand for 2½ lbs. greenstripe and the cessation of further liquidation by weak native holders, the gunny market has improved appreciably since the last circular. Heavy C's 2½ lbs. greenstripe are quoted @ Tls. 195 while 2¼ lbs. bluestripe are Tls. 170. In view of the fact that stocks are low in Shanghai, a futher rise in 2½ lbs. especially could be looked forward to after the Chinese New Year. Hessians are Tls. 85.

## Money Exchange

Shanghai, January 21, 1922
Market ..... 73
Native Interest ..... 02

**Mexican Dollars**
Shanghai Gold Bars 978
Touch ..... 324
Copper Cash ..... 212.500
Bar Silver ..... 34⅞
„ London rate
Bank rate of Discount ...5%
Paris on London ..... 52.06
New York on London . 421½

**Banks Opening Selling Rates.**
London
Telegraphic Transfer per Tael ..... 3s. 5½d.
Demand ..... 3s. 5⅝d.
New York
Telegraphic Transfer .... 72¾
Demand ..... 73
Paris
Demand ..... 903
India
Demand ..... 262
Hongkong
Demand ..... 74¾
Yokohama
Demand ..... 65¼
Batavia
Demand ..... 202
Singapore
Demand ..... 67

**Banks Opening Buying Rates**

| | Nominal |
|---|---|
| London | |
| Demand | 3s. 7⅛d. |
| 4 m-s. Credits | 3s. 8⅛d. |
| 4 m-s. Docs. | 3s. 9d. |
| 6 m-s. Credits | 3s. 9⅝d. |
| 6 m-s. Docs. | 3s. 10⅛d. |
| New York | |
| Demand | 75¾ |
| 4 m-s. Credits | 79¾ |
| 4 m-s. Docs. | 80½ |
| Paris | |
| 4 m-s. | 1000 |

**Gold Dollars: Bank buying rate**
@ 75¾ = Tls. 132.02
@ exch. 73.2 = Mex. $180.35

**Sovereign: Bank buying rate**
@ 3s. 7⅛d. = Tls. 5.55
@ exch. 73.2 = Mex. $7.58

**Tourists' Exchange**
@ Bank's Demand Buying Rates (*Hongkong and Shanghai Bank*)
£10 @ exch. 3s. 7⅛d. = Tls. 55.49
G.$50 @ exch. 75⅝ = Tls. 66.01
Fr. 250 @ exch. 950 = Tls. 26.32
1 Shanghai Tael = Mex. $1.38 at Bank's selling rate for Mexican Dollars.

**CUSTOMS HOUSE EXCHANGE RATE FOR JANUARY**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Hk. Tls. | 4.90 @ 3/8 | £1 |
| „ | 1.20 @ 74⅝ Gold | $1 |
| „ | 1 @ 995½ Frs. | 11.09 |
| „ | 1 @ .... Marks | .... |
| „ | 1 @ 65⅛ Yen | 1.71 |
| „ | 1 @ 276⅛ Rupees | 3.08 |
| „ | 1 @ 16.75 Ital. Lire | 19.26 |
| „ | 1 @ 1.56 Mex. | $1.50 |
| „ | @ .... Roubles | .... |

*International Banking Corporation*
**CLOSING COUNTER RATES**
Demand selling on America 72¾
Demand buying on America 74¼
Dmand selling on London 3/5½
Demand buying on London 3/6¾

**GOLD BAR QUOTATIONS**
(*Far Eastern Bank*)

| Time | Quotations | Bars |
|---|---|---|
| Opening | | |
| 9:00 | 323.80 | |
| 9:35 | 324.60 | 525 |
| 10:05 | 325.70 | 650 |
| 10:40 | 325.00 | 455 |
| Closing at | | |
| 11:10 | 325.80 | 240 |

**ROUBLES EXCHANGE**
Banks' Buying Rate
Roubles 160,000 .....Tls. 100
Roubles 100 .....Mex. $0.08

**LIRE EXCHANGE**
Bank's Selling Rates
It. Lire 16.25 = 1 Tael
Swiss Frs. 3.60 = 1 Tael
Marks 130.00 = 1 Tael
**Equivalent Foreign Quotations**
It Lire 96.25 = 1 Pound Sterling
It. Lire 22.45 = 1 U. S. Dollar
It. Lire 187.05 = 100 Fr. Francs

## Exchange Fluctuations
**Asia Banking Corporation**

January 21, 1922

Spot bar silver was unchanged and forward down ⅛d. in London yesterday.

The New York price declined to 65 cents, and the London-New York cross rate to 420¾.

The only changes in the official quotations here today were a drop in the Gold Dollar rate to 72¾ and in the Rupee rate to 261½.

Our market here today opened easy and closed weak.

In the early part of the morning, business in Sterling was done at 3-5⅝ for January, 3-5⅛ for February and 3-4¾ for March.

Gold Dollars were done at 73 for January, 72¼ for February and 71½ for March.

At the close, however, there were buyers of Sterling at 3-5⅛ for January, 3-5 for February and 3-4¾ for March.

There were buyers of Gold Dollars at the close at 73 for January, 72 for February and 71½ for March.

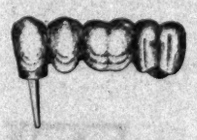
There was nothing doing in the London silver market yesterday.

The last cable received from New York, dated the 19th instant, reports their market as being weak, with free sellers and no buyers.

## *Chartered Stock And Produce Exchange Ltd.*
**Closing Quotation Of Transactions, yesterday**

Shanghai, January 21, 1922
Chinese Bonds 1st Year
$25.00 January
$25.00 February
**The China Trading Trust Co.**
$6.40 January
$6.70 February
$7.10 March
Shanghai Flour Exchange
$60.00 January
Nanyang Brother's Tobacco Co.
$20.00 January
Industrial Development Bank of China.
$48.00 January
$48.00 February
**Chartered S. & P. Ex. (New).**
$48.80 January
$55.70 February
**Chartered S. & P. Ex. (Old).**
$162.50 January
$194.90 February
$177.00 March
**China Cotton Standard of Tungchow.**
Tls. 32.95 February
Tls. 32.90 March
**Local Yarn for Standard 16's Cloudy Stork.**
Tls. 147.50 February
Tls. 149.90 March
Tls. 150.00 April
Tls. 149.90 May
Shanghai Gold Bar 978
Tls. 323.70 February
Tls. 326.20 March


**Dr. Peter Kingman**



*Dental Surgeon of the Southern California Dental College, U. S. A.*

Will perform all kinds of dental operations on modern scientific principles and supply:

Teeth of superior workmanship in vulcanite, gold and alloy plates, gold crown and bridge work.

All work is guaranteed to entire satisfaction.



**EQUITABLE EASTERN BANKING CORPORATION**

Capital ..... U. S. $2,000,000
Surplus and Undivided Profits ..... U. S. . $800,000
Head Office: 37 Wall St., New York
Member American Bankers Association

*Correspondents*
The Equitable Trust Company of New York
New York-London-Paris
Mercantile Trust Co., San Francisco, Cal.
The Northwestern National Bank of Portland, Ore.
Citizens National Bank, Los Angeles, Cal.

大通銀行

*Shanghai Branch*
No. 1 KIUKIANG ROAD
Telephones. C. 1164-*Manager* C. 2012-*General* C. 1140-*T. T. Dept.*

CURRENT AND FIXED DEPOSITS ACCEPTED
*INTEREST RATES ON APPLICATION*
TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFERS, DRAFTS BOUGHT AND SOLD
Jas. J. Rogers, Manager.


## Singapor Rubber Auction

Singapore, January 5, 1922.

There has been a gradual slight decline in all markets during the past week, owing to lack of manufacturing demand. London has dropped ⅛d and New York ¾ cent. The local market has remained rather steadier, and sellers are still holding out for full prices.

At this week's acution there were catalogued for sale 709 tons, out of which 654 tons were offered and 494 tons changed hands.

Prices realised show an all-round decline on the week, but the demand was fair throughout the sale.

One lot of Awarded Standard Ribbed Smoked Sheet was sold at 37½ cents, and another lot in cases fetched 38 cents. The majority of the lots, however, were withdrawn at buyers' bids of 37½ cents.

Sheet equal to Standard sold freely at 37½ to 37 cents, which marks a decline of 1 cent.

Good parcels of Off Quality Sheet fetched very fair prices.

Awarded Standard 1st Latex Crepe was wanted, but sellers withdrew their lots at bids of 37 cents.

Crepe equal to Standard and Off Color Latex found buyers.

Brown, Dark and Barky Crepes sold to an interested market at prices practically unchanged on the week.

## Silk Report

Messrs. William Little and Company write as follows in their silk report of yesterday:

Our last Report was dated January 13.

White Silk.—The market has rule very quite. Stock lots are practically exhausted and silkmen are now not inclined to do business till after China New Year.

Tussah Filatures 8 coc.—Some small transactions are reported at Tls. 850 av. for best grades.

Cables from Japan a weaker market with Shinsui No. 1, Yen 2,000 nominal.


**The China Mutual Life Insurance Co., Ltd.**

Registered in England and Hongkong.

A BRITISH COMPANY with a complete organisation throughout Asia, and Assets exceeding.

TAELS TEN MILLIONS

HEAD OFFICE
01 Canton Road. Shanghai.


## Share Market

Messrs. J. P. Bisset and Company write as follows in their share report for week ending January 20:

With the approach of the Chinese New Year business on the local share market, as is usual, has been quiet and prices generally speaking remain at about the same level. Shares in Shanghai Lands, Anglo-French Lands, Gas Co., and Telephone Co. are all in good demand and difficult to obtain at present quotations. Cottons continue dull without buyers except for Ewo Mills in which a small business has been done during the past two days at Tls. 18-18½ Cash and Tls. 18¾-19 for March Settlement. Shanghai Docks, S. & H. Wharf Co. are somewhat easier without buyers today. New Engineerings are wanted at Tls. 8¼ but it is not likely that this figure will lead to business.


***The Small Investors' Co.***

**8A Peking Road**
Shanghai, January 21, 1922
**Business Reported**
Telephones @ Tls. 88.
Anglo-French Lands @ Tls. 82½.
Orientals @ Tls. 13½.
Chemors @ Tls. 0.35.
Weeks @ $13.



**AMERICAN EXPRESS SYSTEM**

have pleasure in announcing the establishment of

TRAVEL DEPARTMENTS

in the undermentioned offices, which are equipped to render to the Traveling Public

A COMPLETE TRAVEL SERVICE

This includes the sale of railroad and steamship trickets to all points at the regular tariff rates.

FAR EASTERN OFFICES.
PEKING
Grand Hotel des Wagons Lits
YOKOHAMA — 73 Main St.
TIENTSIN — 27 Victoria Rd.
HONGKONG — 11 Queens Rd. Central
MANILA — 36 Escola
CALCUTTA — C. 6 Clive Bldgs
KOBE — 31B Akashi-Machi
SHANGHAI
8 Kiuklang Road
(Corner Szechuen Road)
Telephone: C. 1977, 1978, 1979



**Genuine Jewel Bargains at Richterman's**

"THE STORE OF OCCASIONAL GOODS"

Unset Ural Gems of all sorts—Antiques—Curios—Personal Jewelry—Ikons—Yalta Silver—Cossak Silver-Coin Belts—Furs—Pictures and Thousands of Art Treasures at Sacrifice Prices.

RICHTERMAN'S
PALACE HOTEL BUILDING
NANKING ROAD—PHONE C. 348



**"Ah-ha!**

**I perceive that you dine at the Trocadero"**

FIRST CLASS TABLE d'HOTE MEALS AT REASONABLE CHARGES

SPECIAL MONTHLY RATE TO BOARDERS

Direct Supervision and Management of

J. A. RAYNES

**Noted for the unvarying excellence of its Steaks, Chops, Mixed Grill, Sea Food, Poultry, etc.**

14 Astor Road. Tel. N. 1664



**TRY IT IN YOUR BATH**

BY APPOINTMENT TO H.M. THE KING.

**SCRUBB'S CLOUDY AMMONIA**

MARVELLOUS PREPARATION

Invaluable for Toilet and Domestic Purposes. Softens Hard Water. Splendid Cleansing Preparation for the Hair. Allays the Irritation caused by Mosquito Bites. Cleans Plate, Jewellery, and Carpets.

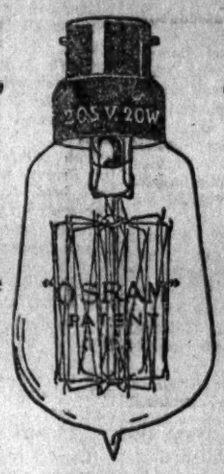
For Sale by all Grocers and Chemists.

SCRUBB & CO., Ltd., Guildford Street, LONDON, S.E.1.



**"OSRAM" VACUUM LAMPS**

Long Life
Brightness
Strength




**"OSRAM" GAS FILLED**

Double Light
Same Cost

**THE GENERAL ELECTRIC CO. (of China) Ltd.**

Head Offices:—1-2 Ningpo Road, Shanghai.
Branches:—Hongkong, Hankow, Tientsin, Dairen.
Telegrams: "Genlectric." Telephones: Cen. 1606 and 1608



**CHANG FOONG FLOUR**

**"Field Gun" Brand**

Equal to the Best Imported Flour.

Our Flour is milled from the finest quality Chinese Wheat, and is of the highest grade. Our daily output is about 15,000 bags.

Our Flour is highly commended by all Chinese and foreign consumers. We supply it to all parts of China and any part of Europe.

We solicit your inquiries and patronage: the former will have our immediate attention.

Motor Truck Delivery

**CHANG FOONG FLOUR MILL CO.**

Head Office, 43A Kiangse Road: Tel. Central 2480.
SHANGHAI.

**SOUND, RESTFUL SLEEP**

We would like to give you a sample of

OVOMALTINE

from Dr. A. Wander, Berne and *prove to you* that a cup of Ovomaltine taken just before retiring ensures sound, tranquil, and refreshing sleep. Ovomaltine woos sleep naturally, it contains no chemicals or drugs.

Fill in the coupon and mail it NOW

Dear Sirs:—

Please let me have a sample of Ovomaltine and the booklet "The Fountain of Health"

Yours truly

to: Siber, Hegner & Co.,
6-7 French Bund
Shanghai

# American Woman's Club Has Interesting Week

The members of the American Woman's Club who were privileged to look with Miss Ethel Lacey through the windows of the Odes into the past history of China thoroughly enjoyed the program presented at the regular meeting of the club last Tuesday afternoon.

Miss Lacey in her introduction said that the preservation of the Odes in this "Book of Poetry" which commemorates the Chow and Shang Dynasties was largely due to the enthusiasm and admiration which the sage Confucius felt for these poems. Miss Lacey reads with sincere appreciation and understanding of her subject matter and her choice of the Odes gave many intimate pictures of by-gone rulers and their subjects, such as the tribute of the ladies of King Wan's harem to his queen, who was never jealous of the lesser favorites, but allowed their services, "as a tree permits the creeping vines."

The usual cozy tea served by the Social Committee prefaced the meeting, at which the most important business item was the election of the Nominating Committee for 1922—Mesdames W. W. Lockwood, J. B. Sawyer, G. C. Stockton, James Macbeth, and J. H. Gray.

**MOTHERS' DEPARTMENT**

Dr. J. H. Gray addressed the Mothers' Department at its Wednesday morning meeting, stressing the importance of unrestricted exercise in the development of the child. The speaker showed most interestingly the connection between physical and mental growth and the result in the personality of the child. The next meeting of the department will be on February 1 at ten o'clock in the Royal Asiatic Society's Rooms, when Mrs. W. W. Peter will speak on the prenatal life of the child, using the reflectoscope to illustrate her talk.

The Literary Department at its Friday meeting heard two very interesting papers on early Chinese civilization. Mrs. R. P. Roberts described the legendary Shang dynasty with its luxuries of life and elaborate ancestor worship and Mrs. H. S. Dickerson traced the forces which led to feudalism through the delegation of authority to successful chieftains and thence to various fendal lords and relations of the ruler, with subsequent internecine war.

**DANCE FEBRUARY 14**

The Club is looking forward to a special musical program to be presented by the Music Department at the regular meeting on February and to the St. Valentine's tea dance which the Social Department is giving at the Astor February 14.

# Peking Students Renew Fight On The 21 Demands

*(Chung Mei News Agency)*

Peking, Jan. 18.—The Peking Students' Union, carrying out the terms of the resolution adopted at its meeting on Sunday, despatched yesterday to the delegates of the Powers at Washington a cable setting forth China's desires and expressing regret that these desires are not receiving the sympathetic consideration of the Conference.

The message sent by the Students lays special emphasis on the 21 Demands and says that inasmuch as this treaty was not submitted to Parliament and approved by that body, the privileges accorded to Japan under the treaty cannot be recognised as valid.

If the 21 Demands Treaty is permitted to remain in existence its exorbitant terms will enable Japan to maintain her special position in Manchuria, Mongolia and Shantung; and this, in turn, will violate the principles enunciated in the Root Resolution for the preservation of China's administrative and territorial integrity.

Thus China's free development would be arrested and the peace of the Far East threatened as long as these demands, which have always been looked upon as a national disgrace by the people of China, remain in force.

The delegations of the Powers, concludes the Students' cablegram, are earnestly requested to uphold the principles of right and justice in regard to this and other Chinese questions.

# British Plan New Naval Base

*(Rosta News Agency)*

Moscow, Jan. 16.—The paper Opinia which appears in Jassy, Rumania, reports that the English will erect a naval base at Galatz in a short time so as to control the mouth of the Danube River which will be internationalised. An English admiral has arrived in Galatz for this purpose.


VICTORIA THEATRE

TONIGHT, TONIGHT, TONIGHT.

CECIL B. DE MILLE'S

PRODUCTION

"Don't Change Your Husband"

The voice of the serpent

Cecil B. DeMille's production "Don't Change Your Husband"

An ARTCRAFT Picture

He will pile up a million dollars in Wall Street if his wife asks him to.

Mighty men of untold wealth listen attentively when he cares to speak.

But his wife sniffs his onion-laded breath, and gasps for air.

She feels like a worm when he walks beside her.

Remember the shabby wife in "Old Wives for New"? Here's the untidy, neglectful husband. Watch Cecil B. De Mille pillory him.

IN SIX REELS

*Matinee Today, January 22nd Showing*

"DON'T CHANGE YOUR HUSBAND"

and Two New Episodes of

"THE HAWK'S TRAIL"



VICTORIA THEATRE

Showing on Monday and Tuesday, January 23rd and 24th

THOMAS H. INCE

PRESENTS

ENID BENNET

IN

"HAPPY THOUGH MARRIED"

WHAT EVERY BRIDE MAY KNOW IS TOLD IN THIS LATEST PARAMOUNT PICTURE

Is your marriage a success or failure? Lots of couples who are trying to kid the world they are happy, will be deeply interested in the problems which will come up in this picture. And how Enid Bennett handles them! Her husband is just like yours, newspaper and all. And you can do what Enid does!



A COMEDY-SATIRE AT THE

APOLLO THEATRE

MONDAY, TUESDAY AND WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 23rd, 24th and 25th

SPECIAL REALART PICTURE.

SOCIETY ARITHMETIC

2 YOUNG PEOPLE —— 1 MARRIAGE
1 MARRIAGE —— 2 QUARRELS
2 QUARRELS —— 1 DIVORCE
1 DIVORCE —— 2 MARRIAGES

AND DIVORCE IS ALWAYS WIFE'S FAULT.

SEE CHARMING

ALICE BRADY

IN

"The New York Idea"

Getting married seems to be lots easier for some folks than staying married. Marry in haste and divorce the same way—that seems to be the New York Idea. But we think

IT'S WOMAN'S DUTY TO KEEP HUBBY FOREVER IN HONEYMOON FRAME OF MIND SO NO OTHER WOMAN CAN INTEREST HIM.

*Whether you are married or single*

DON'T MISS SEEING

ALICE BRADY

IN

"The New York Idea"

By LANGDON MITCHEL

It's a delightful humorous play.

*Booking at Robinson's.*

ISIS THEATER

Commencing Thursday January 26th, and for four nights

MAURICE TOURNEUR

Presents

"THE LAST OF THE MOHICANS"

Maurice Tourneur presents The Last of the Mohicans

AN AMERICAN DRAMA ETERNAL

by

JAMES FENIMORE COOPER

A GLORIOUS STORY OF HEARTS COURAGEOUS

A faithful picture reproduction of a classic known to, and loved by, millions—James Fenimore Cooper's immortal romance of the American Indian.

A production of tremendous scenes and attraction. The master-piece of the master producer—Maurice Tourneur.

"The Last of the Mohicans" has every element of the big picture—rapid movement, suspense, love interest, gigantic and beautiful sets and a punch in every foot.

Two performances nightly commencing at 7:15 and 9:30

Maurice Tourneur presents The Last of the Mohicans

# CHANGE OF IRISH AS NATION ALTERS THE UNION JACK

### Red Cross Of St. Patrick Will Have To Be Cut Out

### LEAVING FLAG OF NELSON

### Sinn Fein Colors Likely To Remain The Standard Of Ireland

London, Dec. 17.—Among the lesser and more sentimental sacrifices the British feel they are making for Irish peace there is the prospect of a changed Union Jack and a reversion to the old name Great Britain instead of the United Kingdom. No patriotic Englishman wants to see the change come, but he won't throw away the chance for peace.

The diagonal red cross in the Union Jack stands for Ireland. The original national flag was the banner of St. George, a plain red cross on a white background. In 1606 the Scottish flag, a white diagonal cross on a blue background, was blended with the English cross and placed over the white upright cross, leaving a small border of white, with a blue background of the diagonal white cross being added.

On the death of Charles I. the cross of St. George again became the national flag, but in 1706 after the union with Scotland the cross standard with the blue background was restored. In 1801 the red cross of St. Patrick was superimposed on St. Andrew's cross, making the present Union Jack.

If the agitation for a change grows intense it will probably be urged that the larger question of an empire flag should be taken into account. This has been urged since 1919, the Empire Day movement then suggesting that a flag with symbols representing all the states in the empire be designed. Some possible change is being considered, but accordinng to the College of Arms nothing definite has been done. If it were done an order in conucil would be necessary.

Should St. Patrick's cross be removed the appearance of the Union Jack would be greatly changed, for although it will be the flag under which Nelson fought, the present flag is the one under which thousands died in the late war and also the "Meteor Flag" which the navy covered with glory in the early nineteentn century wars.

There is little likelihood that Ireland would follow the example of the dominions by including in her flag some distinctive design. The Sinn Fein flag of green, white and yellow with the colors blocked like the French tricolor has the same significance to the Irish as Old Glory had to the United States after the Revolution.

Premier Lloyd George in answer to a question in the House of Commons said that the flag question had never been brought up at a conference deliberation, which leaves the decision up to the Sinn Feiners. Sir James Craig thinks that Ulster's action saves the Union Jack, for his letter to Mr. Lloyd George said: "We are glad to think that our decision will obviate the necessity for mutilating the Union Jack, the flag of the British Empire."

## *Poppy Growing Stopped, He Says*

*(Reuter's Pacific Service)*

Peking, Jan. 18.—General Li Hou-chi, Tuchun of Fukien, telegraphed to the Government on the 4th instant saying that Mr. Wang Tah-chun, Special Opium Commissioner, had arrived at Tingcho and Szechow, accompanied by Mr. Wang Shou-chen, Taoyin of Tingsze. Mr. Wang says that no poppy has been found in those districts and that he is now on his way back to Amoy on board the Chinese cruiser Haichen.

## *Fall Of Briand Predicted In U.S.*

*(China Press Service)*

Washington, Jan. 19.—The succession of M. Poincare to M. Briand's position as head of the French cabinet is causing some emotion in America.

Last month, careful observers foresaw that notwithstanding his skillfulness, Briand would be unable to long continue as premier. At the present moment, the outside situation is extremely disturbed and the economic situation so distressing that one cannot say as formerly that the government has only to look to itself to endure.

France saw Cannes as a disturbing element. Whether or not the Franco-British pact will be taken up again, it was, as a matter of fact, far from dead with Briand's fall. France did not wish the pact to be a phantom in which reparations would disappear before the reconstruction of Europe.

The idea of appealing to the Soviet and to all of the peoples of Europe to discuss a grave subject like economic reconstruction seemed to be a substitute for a more precise idea which touched the soul of France closer, namely that of repairing her own ruins. This is responsible for Briand's fall and Poincare's succession followed as a matter of form.

## *Debt Funding Bill Approved*

(Special To The China Press)

Washington, Jan. 20.—The Republican Senators have approved the Allied Debt Refunding Bill with the additional provision that the interest rate on refunded bonds should be not less than 4¾ percent or one quarter under the rate stipulated in the obligations to the debtor nations.


TEA DANCE
in aid of
The Charity League
at the
CARLTON CAFE
Thursday, January 26
5.15 to 8.00 p.m.
$1.00 Admission $1.00
Tea will be served at or special rate.
2 Prizes for each Dance
(1 for lady, 1 for gentleman)
Tickets at the door or from any member of the Committee.
45130

USE PATIONS-SUN-PROOF PAINTS
SOLE AGENTS
THE FEARON-DANIEL COMPANY

LYCEUM THEATRE
FOR A SHORT SEASON ONLY
COMMENCING
THURSDAY, JANUARY 26th.
R. B. SALISBURY
PRESENTS
"THE QUAINTS"
A New Company in A New Repertoire
COMPLETE CHANGE OF PROGRAMME
On Alternate Nights Commencing at 9.15 p.m.
Book at S. MOUTRIE & CO., LTD.
45141

APOLLO THEATRE
Thursday, Friday and Saturday—January 26th, 27th and 28th
FOR THREE NIGHTS ONLY
PATHE-ORIENT PRESENTS
Suspenseful, Merry, Dramatic, Romantic, Thrilling, Human Feature!
A Reflection of Real Life and People!

OLYMPIC THEATRE
TONIGHT, TONIGHT, TONIGHT,
D. W. GRIFFITH
PRESENTS
"The Girl Who Stayed At Home"

Robert Harron in
D.W.GRIFFITH'S "The Girl Who Stayed At Home"
An ARTCRAFT Picture
POWERFUL STORY IN SEVEN REELS
PRICE OF ADMISSION: $1.50 & $1.00
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MATINEE TODAY, at 3.15 p.m. Showing
"LOVE'S CONQUEST"
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MATINEE on SUNDAY, JANUARY 22nd Showing
"THE GIRL WHO STAYED AT HOME"

ST. GEORGE'S CAFÉ
"It's Always Happy at St. George's"
TEA DANCE
THIS AFTERNOON FROM 4.30 to 7.30
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TONIGHT AND EVERY NIGHT
"It's Always Happy at St. George's"
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Phone West 802 or 2279

AT THE ISIS THEATRE DE LUXE
Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday—January 23rd, 24th and 25th

A ROMANCE OF MEXICO

A vitally interesting story which deals with a young mining engineer who discovers a rich vein of copper on his claim; an unscrupulous railroad magnate who tries to gain control of it; and a charming and beautiful girl who plots with the hero to their mutual satisfaction against the villain.

Jack Kerrigan, the popular American star has never been seen in a more lovable role than this, where he wins both riches and a beauty.

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J. Warren Kerrigan
And his own company in
THE COAST OF OPPORTUNITY

In Addition To The Above Attraction
THE FAMOUS POMPI TRIO
including
Miss ELLA BACKE
Prima Ballerina of the Royal Theatre of Copenhagen
will present their latest novelty creations
ANTIQUE GREEK AND ROMAN POSE, PLASTIC, CLASSIC AND ACROBATIC DANCES.
Usual Prices Only! Usual Prices Only!

MATINEE TO-DAY at 3 p.m.
"THE WHITE HORSEMAN"
Final three episodes

TO-NIGHT, January 22nd
Allan Dwan presents
"A PERFECT CRIME"

H·B·WARNER in DICE of DESTINY

The illustration tells its own story

Jimmy Doyle, ex-crook, was her guardian

He swore to her father that he'd watch over Nancy and they'd both go straight.

But she met the smooth tempter.

And just as the wolf, who had been buying her clothes, was "ready for his kill"—

Well, the illustration tells its own story.

Only you can't get the throb of it, you can't get the swing of it, you can't get the pathos and comedy of this romance, oozing with red-blooded human appeal, by the drawing.

You have got to see it played only as H. B. Warner can play it.

It's a Trip-Hammer Drama whose blows hit hard at the heart

"DICE OF DESTINY"

Adapted from John Morosco's novel "THE PEOPLE AGAINST NANCY PRESTON"

Advance Booking at Robinson's

MATINEE TO-DAY AT 3 P.M.
Real Art Pictures Corp. present
HUMOR—ACTION—THRILLS
IN
"THE LAW OF THE YUKON"
6 PARTS 6 PARTS
Based on the Poem by ROBERT W. SERVICE

"DO OR DIE"
Episodes 9th and 10th.

TO-NIGHT AT 9.15 P.M.
"HALF A CHANCE"
From the novel by FREDERIC S. ISHAM
One of the most magnificent productions in Cast, Story, Settings and Dramatic Power ever offered to our Patrons.
"DO OR DIE"

# GENERAL SHIPPING NEWS

## Vessels Loading

### For River Ports

**HANKOW & PORTS.**—The Str. Kiangfoo, Capt. Johannesen, will leave on **Sunday, January 22,** at midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **C.M.S.N. Co.**

**HANKOW & PORTS.**—The steamer Meifoo, Captain J. H. Beach, will be despatched from Shanghai on Saturday, January 21, at daylight. For Freight, etc., please apply to L. V. Lang, No. 8 French Bund (Tel. Nos. Cen. 4702 and 3059.)

**HANKOW & PORTS.**—The Indo-China S. N. Co.'s S.S. **Kutwo, 2,664 Tons,** Captain Christie, will sail for the above-mentioned ports from Hunt's Wharf on **Monday, January 23,** at about midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.,** General Managers. Tel. C. 241. Extensions to Freight and Passenger Departments.

**HANKOW & PORTS.**—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Ngankin,** Captain Newcomb, will leave from the French Bund on Monday, Jan. 23, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,** Agents French Bund. Tel. C. No. 4881, Private Branch Exchange to All Departments.

**HANKOW & PORTS.**—The Str. **Kiangwah,** Capt. McArthur, will leave on **Monday, January 23,** at midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **C.M.S.N. Co.**

**HANKOW & PORTS.**—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Shengking,** Captain G. P. Mc Adam, will leave from the French Bund on Tuesday, January 24, at about o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD AND SWIRE.** Agents. Tel. C. No. 4881, Private Branch Exchange to All Departments.

**HANKOW & PORTS.**—The Indo-China S. N. Co.'s S.S. **Tuckwo, 3,770 Tons,** Capt. Polkinghorn, will sail for the above-mentioned ports from Hunt's Wharf on Tuesday, **January 24,** at about midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.,** General Managers. Telephone: Central 241. Extensions to Freight and Passenger Departments.

**HANKOW & PORTS.**—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Whangpu,** Captain Pickard, will leave on **Wednesday, January 25,** at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,** Agents. Tel. C. No. 4881, Private Branch Exchange to all Departments.

**HANKOW & PORTS.**—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Tatung,** Captain K. E. Tuebben, will leave from the French Bund on **Thursday, January 26,** at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE.** Agents French Bund. Tel. C. No. 4881, Private Branch Exchange to All Departments.

**HANKOW & PORTS.**—The Indo-China S. N. Co.'s S.S. **Wosang, 1,783 Tons,** Captain McClelland, will sail for the above-mentioned ports from Old Ningpo Wharf on **Thursday, January 26,** at about midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.,** General Managers. Telephone: Central 241. Extension to Freight Department.

**HANKOW & PORTS.**—The Indo-China S. N. Co.'s s.s. **Loongwo, 3,925 Tons, Captain James,** will sail for the above-mentioned ports from Hunt's Wharf on **Friday, January 27,** at about midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.,** General Managers. Tel. C. 241. Extensions to Freight and Passenger Departments.

**HANKOW & PORTS.**—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Chungking,** Captain J. Legge, will leave on **Friday, January 27,** at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,** Agents. Tel. C. No. 4881, Private Branch Exchange to All Departments.

**HANKOW & PORTS.**—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Woosung,** Captain C. C. Williams, will leave from the French Bund on **Saturday, January 28,** at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,** Agents French Bund. Tel. C. No. 4881, Private Branch Exchange to All Departments.

**HANKOW & PORTS.**—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Poyang,** Captain F. McGarity, will leave from the French Bund on **Monday, January 30,** at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,** Agents French Bund. Tel. C. No. 4881, Private Branch Exchange to All Departments.

**HANKOW & PORTS.**—The Indo-China S. N. Co.'s Steamer **Luenho, 2,868 Tons,** Captain Reid, will sail for the above-mentioned ports from Hunt's Wharf on **Wednesday, February 1** at about midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.,** General Managers. Telephone C. 241. Extensions to Freight and Passenger Departments.

**HANKOW & PORTS.**—The Indo-China S. N. Co.'s S.S. **Suiwo, 2,671 Tons,** Captain Smith, will sail for the above-mentioned ports from Hunt's Wharf on **Friday, February 3,** at about midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.,** General Managers. Telephone C. 241. Extensions to Freight and Passenger Departments.

### For Southern Ports

**HONGKONG & CANTON.**—The China Navigation Company's Steamer **Chekiang,** Capt. F. M. Dillon, will leave on **Sunday, January 22,** at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD AND SWIRE,** Agents. Tel. C. No. 4881, Private Branch Exchange to all Departments.

**NINGPO.**—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Hsin Peking,** Captain J. Oudney, will leave from the French Bund on **Monday, January 23,** at 4:30 p.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents French Bund. Tel. C. No. 4881, Private Exchange to all Departments.**

**SWATOW.**—The Str. **Irene,** Captain Le Patourel, will leave on **Tuesday morning, January 24.** For Freight or Passage, apply to **C. M. S. N. Co.**

**NINGPO.**—The Steamer **Hsin Kiangteen,** Captain Sandle, will leave on **Tuesday, January 24,** at 4:30 p.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to **C.M.S.N. Co.**

### For Northern Ports

**VLADIVOSTOK DIRECT.**—The mail steamer **Yungshin,** Captain Pooiga, will be despatched from Shanghai on **Tuesday, January 24.** The tender conveying mail and passengers will leave the French Mail Jetty on **Tuesday,** at 10:00 a.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to **L. V. Lang, No. 8 French Bund. (Tel. Nos. Central 4702 and 3059).**

**VLADIVOSTOK. Direct.**—The steamer **Aleut,** Captain Alexeeff, will be despatched for Vladivostok direct, on or about the 25th Januory, 1922, at exclusively cheap rate of freight. For Freight and Passage, apply to Moller & Co., (S'hai) Ltd. No. I The Bund. (Tel. C217) S. Henimann & Co., No. 19 A Canton Road. (Tel. C. 1604).

**TONGKU DIRECT.**—The Str. **Sekino Maru,** will be despatched from Shanghai on **January 27.** Through Bills of Lading will be granted to Tientsin, cargo being discharged at Tongku and transhipped thence to Tientsin by rail. For Freight, etc., please apply to L. V. Lang, No. 8 French Bund, (Tel. Nos. C. 4702 and 3059).

### Launch Services

**Thursday, January 26, 1922**

The tender conveying passengers and baggage on board the S. M. R. s.s. **Chohei Maru,** for Tsingtao and Dairen will leave the Customs Jetty at 2 p.m.

**Saturday, February 4, 1922**

The tender Whangpoo conveying passengers and hand baggage on board the M.M. s.s. **Cap Arcona,** for Marseilles will leave the French Mail Jetty at 10 a.m.

## Shipping Items

**YANGTSZE PORTS**

The C.M. s.s. Kianghain left Hankow on Thursday and is due in Shanghai today about noon.

The I-C. s.s. Tuckwo left Hankow on Thursday and is due in Shanghai today noon.

The C.N. s.s. Shengking left Hankow on Thursday and is due in Shanghai today noon.

The C.M. s.s. Kiangyung left Hankow on Friday and is due in Shanghai tomorrow noon.

The C.N. s.s. Whangpu left Hankow on Friday and is due in Shanghai tomorrow noon.

The C.M. s.s. Kiangshun left Hankow yesterday and is due in Shanghai on Tuesday.

The I-C. s.s. Wosang left Hankow yesterday and is due in Shanghai on Wednesday.

The C.N. s.s. Tatung will leave Hankow today and is due in Shanghai on Wednesday.

The I-C. s.s. Loongwo will leave Hankow tomorrow and is due in Shanghai on Thursday.

The C.N. s.s. Tungting will leave Hankow tomorrow and is due in Shanghai on Thursday.

The C.M. s.s. Kiangyu will leave Hankow on Tuesday and is due in Shanghai on Friday.

The C.N. s.s. Woosung will leave Hankow on Tuesday and is due in Shanghai on Friday.

**SOUTHERN PORTS**

The C.M. s.s. Yushun left Swatow for Amoy and Shanghai on Friday.

The C.M. s.s. Hsinchi will leave Foochow today and is due in Shanghai on Tuesday.

The Adl. Line s.s. Wenatchee arrived at Manila from Hongkong on Wednesday.

The Adl. Line s.s. Suruga arrived at Manila from Hongkong on Wednesday.

**NORTHERN PORTS**

The I-C. s.s. Yusang is due to arrive in Shanghai from Tsingtao tomorrow afternoon.

**JAPAN PORTS**

The N.Y.K. s.s. Yamashiro Maru left Moji for Shanghai on Friday and is due to dock at the N.Y.K. Wharf today.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Takeshima Maru will leave Nagasaki for Shanghai today and is due to dock at the Wayside Wharf on Tuesday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Kumano Maru will leave Moji for Shanghai tomorrow and is due to dock at the N.Y.K. Wharf on Wednesday.

**INDIAN PORTS**

The P. & O. s.s. Dunera is due to sail from Bombay for Straits, Hongkong and Shanghai on Tuesday.

The B.I. s.s. Janus left Calcutta on January 11 and is due to arrive in Shanghai about Feb. 2.

The P. & O. s.s. Jeypore, from Bombay, is expected to leave Singapore for Hongkong and Shanghai on January 25.

**EUROPEAN LINES**

The P. & O. s.s. Khiva left London for Shanghai and ports of call on Friday afternoon, Jan. 6.

The S.E. s.s. Benares, outbound from Gothenburg for India, left Suez on November 8.

The S.E. s.s. Japan, outbound from Gothenburg for Shanghai, left Suez on January 15.

The M.M. s.s. Cap Arcona will sail from Shanghai for Marseilles and ports of call on Saturday, Feb. 4 and the tender Whangpoo with passengers and hand baggage will leave the French Mail Jetty at 10 o'clock Saturday morning. Heavy baggage must be delivered to the Company's godown before Friday noon, Feb. 3.

The Glen Line m.v. Glenade is expected to arrive in Shanghai from London on Jan. 28 and will be followed by the Glenamoy on Feb. 9 and the Glentara on Feb 13.

The P. & O. s.s. Nagoya, from London on Dec. 8, left Hongkong at 9:30 o'clock Thursday morning and is due to arrive in Shanghai this morning. The Nagoya will dock at the Hongkew Wharf.

The Blue Funnel s.s. Theseus, from Liverpool, left Singapore for Hongkong and Shanghai on Thursday.

The M.M. s.s. Armand Behic, with the French mails of Dec. 30, left Colombo last Wednesday and is due to arrive at Saigon next Thursday and in Shanghai on Feb. 7.

The M.M. s.s. Azay le Rideau, with the French mails of Dec. 17, will leave Haiphong at 6 o'clock this morning and is expected to arrive in Shanghai next Friday morning, the 27th.

**AMERICAN LINES**

The Adl. Line s.s. Keystone State left Seattle on Saturday, January 14 and is expected to arrive by way of Yokohama and Kobe on the 31st.

The Adl. Line s.s. Endicott left New York for Yokohama on January 12.

The N.Y.K s.s. Fushimi Maru is expected to arrive in Shanghai from Seattle and Japan ports on Tuesday and will dock at the Wayside Wharf. The Fushimi will sail for Manila and Hongkong daylight Wednesday.

The S. & B. s.s. West Chopaka, from Los Angeles and San Francisco, was rammed by an unknown ship on its way to Shanghai Thursday. The freighter arrived in Shanghai yesterday morning and is docked at the Hongkew Wharf, Pootung.

The Adl. Line s.s. Archer, from New York, arrived at Yokohama from Honolulu on Tuesday.

The Adl. Line s.s. Pomona from Seattle, left Kobe for Chinwangtao last Tuesday.

The Adl. Line s.s. Pine Tree State which sailed from Shanghai for Seattle on Jan. 15, arrived at Yokohama last Thursday.

The Adl. Line s.s. Eastern Merchant left Seattle for Yokohama on Monday, Jan. 16.

The C.P.S. s.s. Empress of Russia arrived off Woosung from Vancouver and Japan ports last evening and sails for Manila and Hongkong early this morning. The incoming passengers arrived at the Customs jetty at 8 o'clock last night.

### Sailed from Shanghai

**FOR SAN FRANCISCO**

| | |
|---|---|
| Cathay | Dec. 21 |
| Shinyo Maru | Dec. 22 |
| West Jena | Dec. 25 |
| West O'Rowa | Dec. 27 |
| Shabonee | Dec. 31 |
| Can. Inventor | Jan. 4 |
| Taiyo Maru | Jan. 25 |

**FOR PORTLAND**

| | |
|---|---|
| Vinita | Jan. 10 |

**FOR PORT TOWNSEND**

| | |
|---|---|
| Craster Hall | Jan. 16 |

**FOR VANCOUVER**

| | |
|---|---|
| Emp. of Asia | Jan. 7 |

**FOR TACOMA**

| | |
|---|---|
| Arabia Maru | Jan. 9 |

**FOR SEATTLE**

| | |
|---|---|
| Kashima Maru | Dec. 31 |
| Silver State | Jan. 4 |
| Pinetree State | Jan. 15 |

**FOR NEW YORK**

| | |
|---|---|
| Yangtsze | Dec. 24 |
| Wytheville | Dec. 28 |
| Egremont Castle | Jan. 3 |
| Oanfa | Jan. 6 |
| Suruga | Jan. 9 |
| Toba Maru | Jan. 10 |
| Moorish Prince | Jan. 11 |
| City of Cambridge | Jan. 16 |

**FOR LONDON**

| | |
|---|---|
| Dongola | Dec. 31 |
| Lycaon | Jan. 1 |
| Helenus | Jan. 6 |
| Egypt | Jan. 14 |
| City of Boston | Jan. 20 |
| Mishima Maru | Jan. 20 |

**FOR LIVERPOOL**

| | |
|---|---|
| Eurypylus | Jan. 14 |

**FOR HAMBURG**

| | |
|---|---|
| Lima Maru | Jan. 16 |
| Argun Maru | Jan. 17 |

**FOR MARSEILLES**

| | |
|---|---|
| Angkor | Dec. 30 |
| Porthos | Jan. 14 |

**FOR TRIESTE**

| | |
|---|---|
| Cilicia | Jan. 12 |
| Trieste | Jan. 14 |

**FOR BOMBAY**

| | |
|---|---|
| Dunera | Dec. 23 |
| Dilwara | Jan. 10 |

**FOR CALCUTTA**

| | |
|---|---|
| Gregory Apcar | Dec. 30 |
| Torilla | Jan. 13 |
| Japan | Jan. 20 |

**FOR AUSTRALIA**

| | |
|---|---|
| Reiyo Maru | Jan. 15 |


NEW YANGTSZE SERVICE
SHANGHAI HANKOW
R. S. BOYD & Co., Ltd.
S. S. "HWAH TA"
CAPT. SCHIERHORST
THE BEST OF SERVICE
UNDER DIRECT SUPERVISION
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CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD
YANGTSZE RIVER & CHINA COAST PORTS
FAST SCHEDULE SERVICES.
FOR CHINKIANG, NANKING, WUHU, KIUKIANG & HANKOW
S.S. "NGANKIN" .....sails January 23rd, midnight.
S.S. "SHENGKING" .....sails January 24th midnight.
S.S. "WHANGPU" .....sails January 25th, midnight.
Steamers connect at Hankow with the Company's sailings on the Middle Yangtsze and Hunan Lines.
FOR HONGKONG AND CANTON via SWATOW AND AMOY
FOR NINGPO.
S.S. "HSIN PEKING".....sails at 4:30 p.m. every Monday, Wednesday and Friday.
Steamers connect at Hongkong with services to the Philippines, Indo-China and Australian Ports, also to Bangkok and Singapore.
The above steamers have Electric Light throughout and are fitted with Electric Fans and Steam Heaters in State Rooms and Dining Saloons and are otherwise completely equipped for the comfort and convenience of Passengers.
For further particulars regarding Sailings, Passage Rates, etc., see "The Taikoo Shipping Gazette" or apply to
Telephone Central No. 4881 BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,
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QUICKEST TIME TO CANADA, UNITED STATES AND EUROPE
THROUGH TICKETS ISSUED — ALL RESERVATIONS ARRANGED, ITINERARIES PLANNED,
TO VANCOUVER VIA NAGASAKI, KOBE AND YOKOHAMA

| | Leave Shanghai | Leave Yokohama | Due Vancouver |
|---|---|---|---|
| Monteagle | Delayed—apply at Co's Office | | |
| Empress of Japan | Feb. 11 | Feb. 17 | Mar. 1 |
| Empress of Russia | Feb. 25 | Mar. 4 | Mar. 13 |
| Empress of Asia | Mar. 25 | Apr. 1 | Apr. 10 |
| Monteagle | Mar. 29 | Apr. 4 | Apr. 18 |

| TO HONGKONG VIA MANILA | TO HONGKONG DIRECT |
|---|---|
| Emp. of Asia Feb. 19 | Monteagle .... Mar. 14 |
| Emp. of Russia Apr. 9 | Emp. of Japan Mar. 28 |
| Emp. of Asia May. 6 | Monteagle May 19 |
| Emp. of Russia June 3 | Emp. of Japan May 26 |

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| | Leave Shanghai | Arrive Seattle |
|---|---|---|
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| S.S. "BAY STATE" | Feb. 12 | Feb. 28 |
| S.S. "KEYSTONE STATE" | Feb. 22 | Mar. 10 |
| S.S. "SILVER STATE" | Mar. 12 | Mar. 28 |
| S.S. "PINE TREE STATE" | Mar. 26 | Apr. 11 |

SUBSEQUENT SAILINGS EVERY FOURTEEN DAYS

To HONGKONG and MANILA

| | Leave Shanghai |
|---|---|
| S.S. "BAY STATE" | Jan. 26 |
| S.S. "KEYSTONE STATE" | Feb. 2 |
| S.S. "SILVER STATE" | Feb. 23 |
| S.S. "PINE TREE STATE" | Mar. 9 |

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Through tickets and bills of lading issued to all points in America and Europe.
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ANYWHERE ON THE PACIFIC

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| For San Francisco via Kobe, Yokohama and Honolulu | For Hongkong via Manila |
|---|---|
| S.S. Hoosier State ..Jan. 25 | S.S. Golden State ..Feb. 5 |
| S.S. Golden State ..Feb. 22 | S.S. Empire State ..Mar. 1 |
| S.S. Empire State ..Mar. 19 | S.S. Hoosier State ..Mar. 26 |

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Imperial Japanese and U.S.M. Line to San Francisco from Shanghai via Nagasaki, Dairen, Kobe, Yokohama and Honolulu.
ALONG THE PATHWAY OF THE SUN.
PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI
FOR SAN FRANCISCO
S.S. "SIBERIA MARU" via Dairen ..... Feb. 3
S.S. "TENYO MARU" via Nagasaki ..... Feb. 14
S.S. "KOREA MARU" via Nagasaki ..... Feb. 27
S.S. "SHINYO MARU" via Nagasaki ..... Mar. 12
FOR HONGKONG
S.S. "TENYO MARU" direct ..... Jan. 29
S.S. "KOREA MARU" via Manila ..... Feb. 8
S.S. "SHINYO MARU" via Manila ..... Feb. 19
S.S. "TAIYO MARU" direct ..... Mar. 19
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Regular sailings from Hongkong and Yokohama, via Hawaii, for West Coast Ports of South America.
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U.S.S.B. "WEST CHOPAKA" Jan. 20th
For San Francisco via Hongkong and Philippine Islands
U.S.S.B. "WEST FARALON" Feb. 5th
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PASSENGERS AND FREIGHT
Sailings From Shanghai
(Subject to Change)
FOR SAN FRANCISCO VIA JAPAN AND HONOLULU

| | Leave Shanghai | Arrive San Francisco |
|---|---|---|
| S.S. "CHINA" | Jan | Feb. |
| S.S. "NANKING" | Feb. 23 | Mar. 16 |

FOR HONGKONG DIRECT

| | |
|---|---|
| S.S. "NANKING" | Feb. 9 |
| S.S. "CHINA" | Mar. 19 |

The Steamers "China" and "Nanking" connect at Hongkong with the S.S. "Nile," which will maintain a regular schedule between Hongkong, Singapore and Batavia.
Through Bills of Lading issued to United States and Canadian Overland Points, Mexico, Central and South America, Panama, Cuba and Atlantic Coast Ports of the United States.
For information regarding Passenger Fares, Freight Rates and further particulars as to sailings, apply to
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FREIGHT AND PASSENGER AGENT
Corner Szechuen and Kiukiang Roads.
Telegraphic Address "CHIMAIL"
Telephones:
General Office Central 4773
Agent Central 6313

# GENERAL SHIPPING NEWS


## N. Y. K. LINE

PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI

FOR EUROPE — * Cargo Only.
Sado Maru .....Feb. 7 — *Malacca Maru ....End. Jan.
Kitano Maru .....Feb. 13

FOR VICTORIA AND SEATTLE
Fushimi Maru ....Feb. 12 — Suwa Maru ....April 15

FOR SAN FRANCISCO AND NEW YORK VIA PANAMA
*Genoa Maru .....Mid. Feb.

FOR JAPAN
Inaba Maru .....Jan. 24 — Yamashiro Maru ..Jan. 25
Takeshima Maru ..Jan. 27 — Kumano Maru ....Jan. 28
Yawata Maru ....Jan. 30 — Omi Maru .....Feb. 2
Eiko Maru .....Feb. 4 — Kasuga Maru .....Feb. 6

FOR MANILA AND HONGKONG
Fushimi Maru ....Jan. 25 — Katori Maru .....Feb. 15

FOR AUSTRALIA, sailing from Hongkong
Aki Maru .....Feb. 14 — Tango Maru .....Mar. 21
For freight, passage and further information apply to

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA
3, North Yangtsze Road, Shanghai.

Phones: Passenger Dept., North 1159 and 2729; Freight Dept. (Ocean) North 1155 and 167, (Local) North 1154, 1157.
Tel. Add.: "Yusen, Shanghai."

## The North China Line

Sailings from Shanghai

To Portland via Chinwangtao
S.S. "WEST NOMENTUM" ..... Jan. 26, 1922

To Portland, via Chemulpo, Dairen and Chinwangtao.
S.S. "WEST KADER" ..... Feb. 2, 1922
S.S. "EASTERN SAILOR" ..... Feb. 23, 1922

To Portland Direct.
S.S. "HANNAWA" ..... Feb. 14, 1922

Through Bills of Lading issued to all U. S. cities and Canadian Overland Points.

Also through Bill of Lading issued to New York, Baltimore, Philadelphia, Charleston and Boston in connection with fast Inter-coastal Liners.

For information as to freight rates, etc.
Apply to

COLUMBIA PACIFIC SHIPPING CO.

Telephone C. 463 No. 6 Kiukiang Road, Shanghai, (4th Floor)

## LUMBERLINE

FREIGHT SERVICE BETWEEN NORTH CHINA PORTS AND PORTLAND, OREGON

With Overland Railway connections to any points in the U.S.A. and Canada.

SAILINGS:—
S.S. "LUISE NIELSEN" ...Late January
S.S. "HANNA" NIELSEN" .Early February
S.S. "UNITA" .....Late February
S.S. "BRATSBERG" .....Early March.
S.S. "HEKTOR" .....Early March
S.S. "NIELS NIELSEN" ....Late March

Special terms on Bulk Cargo shipments to Pacific Coast Ports.

Special Passenger Rates S.S. "HEKTOR"

China Import & Export Lumber Co., Ltd.

Shipping Office: 4th Floor, 6 Kiukiang Road.
Telephone C. 1464. Telegraphic Address: "Lumberco"

## O. S. K.

OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA

*Under Mail Contract with Imperial Japanese Government*

Sailings From Shanghai (Subject to Alteration)

EUROPEAN LINE. For London, Hamburg, Antwerp, Rotterdam and Hamburg via Hongkong, Singapore and Colombo. (Cargo only)

| | Tons | Capt. | Arrive | Leave |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| ANDES MARU | 15,000 | N. Kurogi, | Feb. 10 | Feb. 11 |

NEW YORK LINE. For San Francisco, Panama and New York via Dairen and Japan Ports. (Cargo only)

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| HAGUE MARU | 10,000 | M. Kimura, | Jan. 23 | Jan. 24 |
| HAVANA MARU | 12,000 | S. Imai, | Feb. 14 | Feb. 16 |

PUGET SOUND LINE. For Tacoma, Victoria, Seattle and Vancouver via Dairen and Japan Ports.

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| ARIZONA MARU | 20,000 | L. Kitano, | Jan. 26 | Jan. 27 |

FOR HONGKONG DIRECT.

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| MANILA MARU | 20,000 | Y. Somekawa, | Jan. 24 | Jan. 25 |
| AFRICA MARU | 20,000 | K. Tashiro, | Feb. 7 | Feb. 8 |

FOR NORTH CHINA PORTS. For Dairen via Tsingtao

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| KOHOKU MARU | 5,000 | T. Akazawa, | Jan. 20 | Jan. 22 |

FOR FORMOSA. For Keelung and Takao via Foochow.

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| SEIKYO MARU | 5,000 | N. Kamizawa, | Jan. 21 | Jan. 22 |

OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA

N.K.K. Building, 2 Canton Road. Tel. Nos. C. 4233, 4234 and 4235.
Yangtszepoo Wharf Office .....Tel. Nos. East 208 and 213.


## Information For Mariners

SUNDAY, JANUARY 22, 1922

**High Water at Woosung Bar**

(The day tides are higher than the night tides, they are about equal at 3 o'clock).

Approximate rise, at springs 4 1/4 h; at neaps, 5 h.
fall, at springs 8 1/4 h; at neaps, 7½ h.

| Time | Rangs | Time | Rangs |
|---|---|---|---|
| 7h. 20m. | 5ft. 0in | 8h. 10m. | 4ft. 1in. |

**High Water at Tungsha Lightship**

(The day tides are higher than the night tides).
Approximate rise, 5 h; approximate fall, 7 h.

| A.M. | | P.M. | |
|---|---|---|---|
| H. | M. | H. | M. |
| 6 | 1 | 6 | 37 |

**Time of Moonrise, Moonset, Sunrise, Sunset**

| Moon | | Sun | | Daylight | Dark |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Rises | Sets | Rises | Sets | | |
| 1.46 a.m. | 0.52 p.m. | 7h. 0m. | 5h. 23m. | 6h. 15m. | 6h. 8m. |

**Mean Barometric Pressure at Shanghai.**
For January 30.30 in.
769.8 mm.


## P. & O., British India, Apcar, E. & A. S. S. Line

(Companies incorporated in England)

FOR MARSEILLES, LONDON AND ANTWERP via HONGKONG, STRAITS, CEYLON, EGYPT

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| S.S. "KASHMIR" | Jan. | 28th |
| S.S. "NAGOYA" | Feb. | 11th |
| S.S. "KASHGAR" | Feb. | 25th |
| S.S. "KHIVA" | Mch. | 11th |

FOR BOMBAY via STRAITS AND COLOMBO

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| S.S. "DUNERA" | Feb. | 20th |
| S.S. "SICILIA" | Mch. | 10th |

FOR CALCUTTA FROM HONGKONG via THE STRAITS

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| S.S. "TORILLA" | Feb. | 2nd |
| S.S. "JAPAN" | Feb. | 9th |

FOR SYDNEY and MELBOURNE from HONGKONG

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| S.S. "ST. ALBANS" | Feb. | 8th |
| S.S. "EASTERN" | Mar. | 6th |
| S.S. "ARAFURA" | Apr. | 3rd |

P. & O. and B.I.S.N. Co.'s tickets interchangeable.
Steamers and sailing dates are liable to be altered or cancelled without notice.
For particulars regarding Freight or Passage, apply to

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.

AGENTS
77, Szechuen Road, Shanghai
Telephones: General: Central 169; Passage: Central 2510; Freight: Central 2069

## DOLLAR LINE

REGULAR TRANS-PACIFIC AND NEW YORK FREIGHT SERVICE
MANILA—HONGKONG—SINGAPORE—SHANGHAI TO AMERICA

SAILINGS FOR SAN FRANCISCO, SEATTLE AND VANCOUVER
In order named

| | |
|---|---|
| S.S. "Melville Dollar" | January 27 |
| S.S. "Harold Dollar" | end of February |

SAILINGS FOR NEW YORK VIA HONGKONG, MANILA AND SINGAPORE

| | |
|---|---|
| S.S. "Robert Dollar" | January 22 |
| S.S. "Esther Dollar" | February 5 |

Cargo accepted for local ports of call

Through Bills of Lading issued to Points Beyond.
Through Railway Bills of Lading issued to the Principal Cities of the United States and Canada.
For further information as to Freight Rates, etc. apply to

THE ROBERT DOLLAR COMPANY

Robert Dollar Building, No. 3 Canton Road
TELEPHONE: CENTRAL 6372, 6373, 6374

## BARBER STEAMSHIP LINES, INC.

FOR NEW YORK AND BOSTON VIA PANAMA

S.S. SATSUMA ..... FEB. 15

For rates and particulars apply to

THE BARBER S. S. LINES, INC.

THE ADMIRAL LINE, Agents.
Cor. Nanking and Kiangse Rds. Tel. 4. 5971, 5973 and 5973


## THE CHINA PRESS MAIL SCHEDULE

SUNDAY, JANUARY 22 1922

| Date and Destination | Per | Chi. | Br. | U.S.A. | Reg. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| TODAY | | | | | |
| River Ports | Train & Str | 21.00 | | | 21.00 |
| TOMORROW | | | | | |
| Vladivostok | Train | | | | |
| Ningpo | Hsin Pekin | | 12.00 | | |
| Tientsin | Train | | 15.00 | | |
| Hankow | Train | | 17.00 | | |
| Chinwangtao | *W'miya M. | 12.00 | 17.00 | | 21.00 |
| Swatow | Irene | 21.00 | | | 21.00 |
| S'tow, H'kong, C'ton | Cheongshing | A21.00 | | | 18.30 |
| Japan Ports | Nagoya | 17.00 | | | 18.30 |
| Japan via Kobe | Inaba M. | 19.00 | | | |
| Tuesday, Jan. 24 | | | | | 14.30 |
| Manila Direct | Fushimi M. | 15.00 | | | 18.30 |
| Japan Ports | Y'shiro M. | 19.00 | | | |
| Japan Ports | Y'shiro M. | | 17.00 | | 17.00 |
| Vladivostok & Siberia | Via P. & H. | 17.00 | | | 21.00 |
| River Ports | Train & Str. | 21.00 | 17.00 | | 21.00 |
| Swatow | Yusang | 21.00 | 16.00 | | |
| Manila and Hongkong | Fushimi M. | | | | |
| Wednesday, Jan. 25 | | | | | |
| Manila and Hongkong | Bay State | 17.00 | | | 16.30 |
| Hongkong and Canton | B. State | 18.00 | | | 17.30 |
| Thursday, Jan. 26 | | | | | |
| Hongkong | B. State | .. | 10.00 | | |
| Friday, Jan. 27 | | | | | |
| H'kong, Straits, India & Europe via Suez | Kashmir | A17.00 | | | 16.30 |
| Japan, H'lulu, Canada, U. S. A. & Europe | H. State | 14.00 | | | 13.30 |
| Japan, Canada, U. S. A. & Europe via Canada | †H. State | | 14.00 | | 13.30 |
| Saturday, Jan. 28 | | | | | |
| H'kong S. Porst, Straits, Ceylon, India & Europe via Suez | Kashmir | | B8.30 | | |
| Japan, Canada, U. S. S. & Europe via Canada | Wenatchee | | B17.00 | | |
| Sunday, Jan. 29 | | | | | |
| Japan, Canada, U.S.A. & Europe | Wenatchee | 11.00 | | | 10.30 |

*Parcel mail only.
†Specially marked mail only.
A Fixed provisionally.
B. Registered matters at 6 p.m. previous day.
E. Registered at 9 p.m. on previous day.

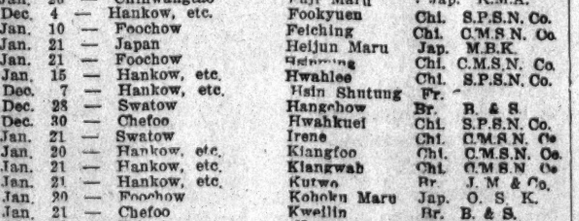
## MEN OF WAR IN PORT

Jan. 16 — Hankow, etc.

| Section | Date | Name | Flag and Rating |
|---|---|---|---|
| F N B | Dec. 12 | Altair | Fr. Cruiser |
| VIII B | Oct. 28 | Akashi | Jap. cruiser |
| B N B | Jan. 8 | Cockchefer | Br. Gunboat |
| B J | | E. Carlotto | Ital. Gun-boat |
| Y T P W | | Gnat | Br. Gunboat |
| O D W | Nov. 25 | Seb. Carboto | Ital. Gunboat |
| U.S.N.B. | Dec. 7 | Wilmington | Am. Gunboat |
| | | Tafoo Maru | Jap. N. K. K. |

## VESSELS IN HARBOR AND AT WOOSUNG

| Date | From | Ships Name | Flag Agents |
|---|---|---|---|
| Sep. 29 — | Tientsin | Agnes Dollar | Am. Dollar |
| Nov. 27 — | Hankow | Alice Dollar | Br. Dollar Co. |
| Sep. 15 — | | Chowfa | Chi. |
| Dec. 16 — | Native Customs | Chinhsing | Chi. Kut Kee |
| Jan. 16 — | Tsingtao | Chokai Maru | Jap. M.B.K. |
| Jan. 15 — | Hankow, etc. | Chungking | Br. B. & S. |
| Jan. 20 — | Vancouver | Can. Prospector | Br. B. & S. |
| Jan. 20 — | Tsingtao | Chenkiang | Br. B. & S. |
| Jan. 21 — | Hankow, etc. | Changwo | Br. J. M. & Co. |
| Jan. 20 — | Pukow | Chenan | Br. B. & S. |
| Jan. 20 — | Hongkong | C. of Durham | Br. J. M. & Co. |
| Jan. 21 — | Hankow, etc. | Esang | Br. J. M. & Co. |
| Jan. 11 — | Seattle | Eldridge | Am. Adl. Line |
| Jan. 20 — | Chinwangtao | Fuji Maru | Jap. K.M.A. |
| Dec. 4 — | Hankow, etc. | Fookyuen | Chi. S.P.S.N. Co. |
| Jan. 10 — | Foochow | Feiching | Chi. C.M.S.N. Co. |
| Jan. 21 — | Japan | Heijun Maru | Jap. M.B.K. |
| Jan. 21 — | Foochow | Hsinning | Chi. C.M.S.N. Co. |
| Jan. 15 — | Hankow, etc. | Hwahlee | Chi. S.P.S.N. Co. |
| Dec. 7 — | Hankow, etc. | Hsin Shntung | Fr. |
| Dec. 28 — | Swatow | Hangchow | Br. B. & S. |
| Dec. 30 — | Chefoo | Hwahkuei | Chi. S.P.S.N. Co. |
| Jan. 21 — | Swatow | Irene | Chi. C.M.S.N. Co. |
| Jan. 20 — | Hankow, etc. | Kiangfoo | Chi. C.M.S.N. Co. |
| Jan. 21 — | Hankow, etc. | Kiangwah | Chi. C.M.S.N. Co. |
| Jan. 21 — | Hankow, etc. | Kutwo | Br. J. M. & Co. |
| Jan. 20 — | Foochow | Kohoku Maru | Jap. O. S. K. |
| Jan. 21 — | Chefoo | Kwellin | Br. B. & S. |
| Jan. 16 — | Tsingtao | Kwangse | Br. B. & S. |
| Dec. 10 — | Ningpo | Kiangtsen | Chi. C.M.S.N. Co. |
| Dec. 28 — | Foochow | Kienhsin | Chi. W. & Co. |
| Jan. 11 — | Cruise | Likin | Chi. Customs |
| Jan. 11 — | Cruise | Luhsing | Jap. N. K. K. |
| Dec. 2 — | Chungking | Loongmow | Br. B. & S. |
| Jan. 18 — | Chinwangtao | Min | Fr. M. M. Cie |
| Jan. 16 — | Chinwangtao | Miyaura Maru | Jap. K.M.A. |
| Dec. 5 — | Hankow, etc. | Meitan | Am. Socony. |
| Dec. 18 — | Ningpo | Meinan | Am. Socony |
| Jan. 21 — | Hankow, etc. | Nanyang M. | Jap. N. K. K. |
| Jan. 15 — | Hankow, etc. | Nagaura Maru | Jap. M.B.K. |
| Nov. 23— | Cruise | Pacific Dan. | G.N.T. Co. |
| Jan. 10 — | Cruise | Pingching | Chi. Customs |
| Nov. 24 — | Chungking, etc. | Robert Dollar | 2 Am. Dollar |
| Jan. 16 — | Vancouver, ports | Robert Dollar | Br. Dollar Co. |
| Jan. 21 — | Japan | Rokkosan M. | Jap. M.B.K. |
| Dec. 31 — | Singapore | Sandakan | Br. M. M. & Co |
| Dec. 30 — | Hankow, etc. | Shunhun | Fr. |
| Dec. 31 — | Cruise | Store Nordiske | Nor. Gr. N. T. |
| Jan. 11 — | Chefoo | Shunchong | Chi. Kut Kee |
| Jan. 16 — | Hongkong | Sinkiang | Br. B. & S. |
| Jan. 21 — | Hongkong | Soochow | Br. B. & S. |
| Jan. 21 — | Chinwangtao | Seikyo Maru | Jap. O. S. K. |
| Dec. 13 — | Hongkong | Taisaun | Chi. C.M.S.N. Co. |
| Dec. 27 — | Dairen | Teli | Chi. J. T. Co. |
| Jan. 15 — | Hongkong | Tjitaroem | Dut. H. C. T. Co. |
| Jan. 17 — | Japan | Toko Maru | Jap. Kaiyosha |
| Jan. 21 — | Tsingtao | Tencho Maru | Jap. S.M.R. Co. |
| Jan. 19 — | Hankow, etc. | Tachi Maru | Jap. N. K. K. |
| Jan. 19 — | Foochow | Tongan | Chi. Ch. R. Shaw |
| Jan. 19 — | Chinwangtao | Unkai Maru | Jap. K.M.A. |
| Jan. 21 — | San Francisco | W. Chopaka | Am. S. & B. |
| Jan. 19 — | Seattle | W. Montana | Am. Atl. Line |
| Jan. 20 — | Hankow, etc. | Wuchang | Br. B. & S. |
| Jan. 20 — | Hankow, etc. | Yohyang Maru | Jap. N. Y. K. |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## Future Sailings

FOR AMERICA AND CANADA

| Date | Time | Destination | Ship's Name | Flag | Agents. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Jan. | — | San Francisco | †China | Am. | China Mail |
| Jan. | — | Vancouver | †Monteagle | Br. | C.P.S.S. |
| Jan. 22 | — | New York | Robert Dollar | Br. | Dollar Co. |
| Jan. 24 | — | New York, ports | Hague Maru | Jap. | O.S.K. |
| Jan. 25 | — | San Francisco | *Hoosier State | Am. | P.M.S.S. Co. |
| Jan. 26 | — | Portland | W. Nomentum | Am. | C.P.S.S. |
| Jan. 27 | — | Tacoma, ports | Arizona Maru | Jap. | [illegible] |
| Jan. 27 | — | New York | Melville Dollar | Br. | Dollar Co. |
| Jan. 29 | — | Seattle, ports | †Wenatchee | Am. | [illegible] |
| Feb. 2 | — | Portland, ports | West Kader | Am. | Ch. P. Co. |
| Feb. 3 | — | San Francisco | Siberia Maru | Jap. | T. K. K. |
| Feb. 5 | — | San Francisco | W. Faralon | Am. | S. & B. |
| Feb. 11 | — | Vancouver | †E. of Japan | Br. | C.P.S.S. |
| Feb. 12 | — | Seattle | Fushimi Maru | Jap. | N. I. K. |
| Feb. 12 | — | Seattle | †Bay State | Am. | A. Line |
| Feb. 14 | — | San Francisco | †Tenyo Maru | Jap. | T. K. K. |
| Feb. 14 | — | Portland | W. Carmona | Am. | C.P.S.S. |
| Feb. 15 | — | New York, ports | Satsuma | Am. | Adl. Line |
| Feb. 16 | — | New York | Genoa Maru | Jap. | N. K. K. |
| Feb. 16 | — | New York, ports | Havana Maru | Jap. | O. S. K. |
| Feb. 22 | — | San Francisco | †Golden State | Am. | P.M.S.S. Co. |
| Feb. 22 | — | Seattle, ports | †Keystone State | Am. | Adl. Line |
| Feb. 23 | — | Portland, ports | E. Sailor | Am. | Ch. P. Co. |
| Feb. 23 | — | San Francisco | †Nanking | Am. | China Mail |
| Feb. 25 | — | Vancouver | †E. of Russia | Br. | C.P.S.S. |
| Feb. 26 | — | San Francisco | Apus | Am. | S. & B. |
| Feb. 27 | — | San Francisco | †Korea Maru | Jap. | T. K. K. |
| Mar. 12 | — | Seattle, ports | †Silver State | Am. | Adl. Line |
| Mar. 12 | — | San Francisco | †Shinyo Maru | Jap. | T. K. K. |
| Mar. 15 | — | San Francisco | Hannawa | Br. | C.P.S.S. |
| Mar. 19 | — | San Francisco | †Empire State | Am. | P.M.S.S. Co. |
| Mar. 25 | — | Vancouver | †E. of Asia | Br. | C.P.S.S. |

FOR JAPAN PORTS

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Jan. 24 | — | Kobe | Inaba Maru | Jap. | N. Y. K. |
| Jan. 25 | — | Moji, Kobe, Osaka | Yamashiro M. | Jap. | N. Y. K. |
| Jan. 27 | — | N'saki. K., Y'hama | Takeshima M. | Jap. | N. Y. K. |
| Jan. 28 | — | Moji, Kobe, Osaka | Kumano Maru | Jap. | N. Y. K. |
| Jan. 31 | — | N'saki. K., Y'hama | Yawata Maru | Jap. | N. Y. K. |
| Feb. 1 | — | Moji, K., Osaka | Omi Maru | Jap. | N. Y. K. |

FOR EUROPE INDIA, STRAITS, ETS,

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Jan. 26 | — | Hamburg, ports | Cyclops | Br. | B. & S. |
| Jan. 27 | — | London, ports | Glenavy | Br. | G. L. E. A. |
| Jan. 27 | — | Liverpool, ports | Neleus | Br. | B. & S. |
| Jan. 28 | — | London, ports | †Kashmir | Br. | M. M. & Co |
| Jan. 30 | — | London, ports | Sado M | Jap. | N. Y. K. |
| Feb. 3 | — | Rotterdam, ports | Radia | Dut. | R. C. T. Co |
| Feb. 4 | 10.00* | Marseilles | †Cap Arcona | Fr. | M. M. Cie |
| Feb. 7 | — | London, ports | Glenluce | Br. | G.L.E.A. |
| Feb. 11 | — | Hamburg, ports | Andes Maru | Jap. | O. S. K. |
| Feb. 11 | — | London, ports | †Nagoya | Br. | M. M. & Co |
| Feb. 16 | — | London, ports | Glenshane | Br. | G. L. E. A. |
| Feb. 25 | — | London, ports | †Kashgar | Br. | M. M. & Co |
| Mar. 3 | .. | Rotterdam, ports | Aldabi | Dut. | H.C.T. Co. |

FOR SOUTHERN PORTS

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Jan. 22 | — | Keelung, ports | Seikyo Maru | Jap. | O. S. K. |
| Jan. 22 | — | Hongkong & Manila | Robert Dollar | Am. | Dollar Co. |
| Jan. 22 | — | Manila & Hongkong | E. of Russia | Br. | C.P.S.S. |
| Jan. 22 | D.L. | Hongkong & Canton | Chekiang | Br. | B. & S. |
| Jan. 22 | D.L. | Hongkong | Hangchow | Br. | B. & S. |
| Jan. 23 | 4.30 | Ningpo | Hsin Ningshao | Br. | B. & S. |
| Jan. 23 | 5.00 | Ningpo | Hsin Peking | Chi. | N.S.S.N. Co |
| Jan. 24 | 4.30 | Ningpo | Hsin Kiangteen | Chi. | C.M.S.N. Co |
| Jan. 24 | — | Swatow | Irene | Chi. | C.M.S.N. Co |
| Jan. 25 | D.L. | S. H'kong, C'ton | Choysang | Br. | J. M. & Co. |
| Jan. 25 | — | Hongkong | Manila Maru | Jap. | O. S. K. |
| Jan. 25 | — | Manila & Hongkong | Fushimi Maru | Jap. | N. Y. K. |
| Jan. 26 | — | Hongkong & Manila | Bay State | Am. | Adl. Line |
| Jan. 29 | — | Hongkong | Tenyo Maru | Jap. | T. K. K. |
| Feb. 2 | — | Hongkong, Manila | Keystone State | Am. | Adl. Line |
| Feb. 5 | — | Manila, Hongkong | Golden State | Am. | P.M.S.S. Co. |
| Feb. 5 | — | Hongkong & Manila | Esther Dollar | Am. | Dollar Co. |
| Feb. 8 | — | Hongkong | Africa Maru | Jap. | O. S. K. |
| Feb. 8 | — | Manila, Hongkong | Korea Maru | Jap. | T. K. K. |
| Feb. 9 | — | Hongkong | Nanking | Am. | China Mail |

FOR NORTHERN PORTS

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Jan. 22 | — | Tsingtao | Kohoku Maru | Jap. | O. S. K. |
| Jan. 25 | D.L. | Tsingtao | Waishing | Br. | J. M. & Co |
| Jan. 25 | — | Vladivostok | Aleut | Rus. | S. H. & Co. |
| Jan. 25 | — | Dairen | Kojun Maru | Jap. | S.M.R. Co. |
| Jan. 26 | 3.00 | Tsingtao & Dairen | Chohei Maru | Jap. | S.M.R. Co. |

FOR RIVER PORTS

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Jan. 22 | M.N. | Hankow, etc. | Kiangfoo | Chi. | C.M.S.N. Co. |
| Jan. 22 | D.L. | Wuhu | Chipshing | Br. | J. M. & Co. |
| Jan. 22 | D.L. | Pukow | Wuhu | Br. | B. & S. |
| Jan. 23 | M.N. | Hankow, etc. | Kiangwah | Chi. | C.M.S.N. Co. |
| Jan. 23 | M.N. | Hankow, etc. | Kutwo | Br. | J. M. & Co. |
| Jan. 23 | M.N. | Hankow, etc. | Ngankin | Br. | B. & S. |
| Jan. 24 | M.N. | Hankow, etc. | Kianghsin | Chi. | C.M.S.N. Co. |
| Jan. 24 | M.N. | Hankow, etc. | Tuckwo | Br. | J. M. & Co. |
| Jan. 24 | M.N. | Hankow, etc. | Shengking | Br. | B. & S. |
| Jan. 24 | M.N. | Hankow, etc. | Changon | Chi. | S.P.S.N. Co. |
| Jan. 25 | M.N. | Hankow, etc. | Kiangyung | Chi. | C.M.S.N. Co. |
| Jan. 25 | M.N. | Hankow, etc. | Whangpu | Br. | B. & S. |
| Jan. 26 | M.N. | Hankow, etc. | Kiangshun | Chi. | C.M.S.N. Co. |
| Jan. 26 | M.N. | Hankow, etc. | Tatung | Br. | B. & S. |
| Jan. 27 | M.N. | Hankow, etc. | Loongwo | Br. | J. M. & Co. |
| Jan. 27 | M.N. | Hankow, etc. | Chungking | Br. | B. & S. |
| Jan. 28 | M.N. | Rankow, etc. | Woosung | Br. | B. & S. |
| Jan. 30 | M.N. | Hankow, etc. | Powang | Br. | B. & S. |

A.M. M. N.—MIDNIGHT D.L.—DAYLIGMT
CARRYING MAIL.

### Vessels Due

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| A. le Redeau, *Marseilles* | Jan. | 26 |
| Arizona Maru, *Hongkong* | Jan. | 26 |
| Bay State, *Seattle* | Jan. | 24 |
| Chohei Maru, *Dairen* | Jan. | 24 |
| Choysang, *Hongkong* | Jan. | 23 |
| Esang, *Hankow* | Jan. | 30 |
| Fushimi Maru, *Seattle* | Jan. | 24 |
| Hangsang, *Hongkong* | Jan. | 22 |
| Hsinchi, *Foochow* | Jan. | 24 |
| Hsin Kiangteen, *Ningpo* | Jan. | 24 |
| Hsin Peking, *Ningpo* | Jan. | 22 |
| Hsin Ningshao, *Ningpo* | Jan. | 22 |
| Hoosier State, *Hongkong* | Jan. | 27 |
| Inaba Maru, *London* | Jan. | 22 |
| Kaga Maru, *London* | Jan. | 25 |
| Kiangfoo, *Hankow* | Jan. | 30 |
| Kianghsin, *Hankow* | Jan. | 22 |
| Kiangyu, *Hankow* | Jan. | 27 |
| Kiangyung, *Hankow* | Jan. | 23 |
| Kiangshun, *Hankow* | Jan. | 24 |
| Kiangan, *Hankow* | Jan. | 28 |
| Kumano Maru, *Japan* | Jan. | 25 |
| Loongwo, *Hankow* | Jan. | 26 |
| Luenho, *Hankow* | Jan. | 28 |
| Luenyi, *Hankow* | Jan. | 29 |
| Manila Maru, *Tacoma* | Jan. | 24 |
| Omi Maru, *Japan* | Jan. | 29 |
| Poyang, *Hankow* | Jan. | 28 |
| Sado Maru, *Japan* | Jan. | 28 |
| Shengking, *Hankow* | Jan. | 22 |
| Suiwo, *Hankow* | Jan. | 29 |
| Takeshima Maru, *Japan* | Jan. | 24 |
| Tehhsing, *Hankow* | Jan. | 29 |
| Tuckwo, *Hankow* | Jan. | 22 |
| Tatung, *Hankow* | Jan. | 25 |
| Tenyo Maru, *S. Francisco* | Jan. | 29 |
| Tungting, *Hankow* | Jan. | 26 |
| Waishing, *Hongkong* | Jan. | 28 |
| Wenatchee, *Hongkong* | Jan. | 23 |
| Whangpu, *Hankow* | Jan. | 23 |
| Woosung, *Hankow* | Jan. | 27 |
| Wosang, *Hankow* | Jan. | 25 |
| Wuchang, *Hankow* | Jan. | 30 |
| Yamashiro Maru, *Japan* | Jan. | 22 |
| Yawata Maru, *Japan* | Jan. | 28 |
| Yusang, *Tsingtao* | Jan. | 23 |
| Yushum, *Swatow* | Jan. | 23 |

### Passengers Departed

Per C. N. s.s. Hsin Peking for Ningpo: Messrs. Keogh, Coxon, T. K. Lee, Sister of Charity.

Per C. N. s.s. Luenyi for Tungchow: Mr. G. R. Welch; for Chinkiang: Mrs. W. G. Ramsey and child; for Kiukiang: Misses Willis, Murray; for Hankow. Mrs. Bullard, Messrs. Hamilton, Hilderbrand, P. M. Linebarger.

### Passengers Arrived

Per I-C. s.s. Kutwo from Hankow: Messrs. H. W. Robjohn, G. T. Asquith, Miss N. F. Yarbaworth.

Per C. M. s.s. Hsin Kiangteen from Ningpo: Mr. Borden.

Per C. N. s.s. Soochow from Hongkong: Capt. and Mrs. Somerville, Mr. G. Mow.

Per C. N. s.s. Hsin Ming from Amoy and Foochow: Messrs. Golmeit, Kwok, Chin Hsiang, Fui, Lu, Mr. and Mrs. Bishop.

# AUCTION SALES

Cable "MOORE" Shanghai ESTABLISHED 1874 Codes A1, ABC 5th Ed. & Bentley's

## L. MOORE & Co.
LIMITED

Auctioneers, Valuers, Land Brokers
45 Kiangse Road Shanghai

Phone { Auction Dept. C. 15.
Fire Loss Adjusting Dept. C. 6123

## NEXT AUCTIONS

### IN REAR SALESROOM
Monday 23rd January at 10 a.m.
USEFUL HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE & CHINESE PROCELAIN CURIOS ETC.

Comprising—

Steamer Trunks & Travelling Boxes, Coal Skuttles, Wall Stove, Commodes, Brass & other Fenders, Small Tables, Teapoys, Kerosine Oil Stoves, Single & Double Iron & Wooden Beds, Mattresses, Marble top Washstand, washing Machine, Old Carpets and Rugs, Japanese Matting, Ladies & Gents Hosiery, Gloves New Woolen Mufflers, Clocks, Toys, Safety Razors, Ladies & Gents Good Clothing, New Indian Carpets, Silk Gauze Scarves, Finger Bowls, Night Tables, Dining Chairs, Cloth Covered Couch & 2 Chairs, Chest of Drawers, Rattanware, Gramaphone Records, Stair Carpet, Pictures & Frames, Oil Painting, Cooking Utencils, and a long list of sundries.

Also

A fine assortment of Chinese Procelain Curios of the Sung, Ming, Kang Hsi & Ka Ching periods, 1 Barrel Italian claret, and Cigarettes.

Now On View.

### IN FRONT SALESROOM
Wednesday January 25th at 10. a.m.
SUPERIOR HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE & SUNDRIES

Comprising—

Large and small Oak Flat top Desks, Desk Chairs, Copying Press, Oak Tea Table. Carved Lacquer Curio Cabinet, Sliding Door Bookcase. Wall Cabinet, Humphrey Hot Water Geyser. Ice Chest. High Brass Standing Lamp. Oak Stained Mirror back Sideboard, Dinner Wagon, Dining Table and 6 Chairs. Mirror back Hat & Umbrella Stand. Round Dining Table. Octagon Table. Dark Stained Wardrobe, Japanese Tea Sets, Cuckoo Clock Cot with Mattress, Poles & Mosquito Net. 1 Suite Pink Silk Tapestry covered Drawing Room Furniture, Dark Stained Dining room suite with Mirrors. Teapoys, Couch & Arm Chairs with covers. Mattresses, Pillows, Cushions, White Table, Towel Rails, 4 Fold Screens, Rattan Bed, White Enamelled double Iron Bed, Sofa. Pictures & Frames, Electric Reading Lamps. Imitation and Oil Paintings. Newly Imported Brass Bedsteads. Indian & Persian Carpets & Rugs. Silk, Woollen Sweater, white Fur Coat, Fur Muff & Stole. Kodak and other Cameras. Table Fans. New Home Sewing Machines.

Carpets & Rugs. Winter Suit Lengths, Kodak Films & Packs Gaslight postcard, Barlock Typewriter, Violin & Banjo. Large assortments of useful table Glassware, Cooking utensils and a long list of sundries.

ALSO

1 Large Herring Hall Marvin Combination Safe.
New Gramaphones.
1 National Cash Register.
1 Smith Premier Long Carrage Typewriter.
1 Remington Typewriter in Case.
1 Ideal Typewriter.
New Gold and Silver Watches.
2 Enamel Iron Baths.
1 Engineers Level & Tripod.

On view Monday

L. MOORE & CO. LTD.
45 Kiangse Road.

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## W. FUNDER & CO.,
AUCTIONEERS, REAL ESTATE AGENTS, VALUERS, and APPRAISERS.

Favoured with instruction from Messrs. Burkardt, Amidani & Co., the Mortgagees in possession of the properties of the Hsin Nieh New World Co. (The Mortgagors)

will sell at its offices

at

No. 49 KIANGSE ROAD

(Date of Sale has been postponed until further notice)

The New World Amusement Halls in one block as a going concern, consisting of the following properties:

1. All the right, title and interest in and to the unexpired term, to wit, about 17 years and 2 months, of a certain lease dated the 1st day of April 1914 made between George Dallars of Shanghai China, as lessors and Chang Tsing Ching of the same place as lessees, covering the property known as B. C. Lot No. 682 which said lease by an agreement in writing dated the 23rd day of August 1915, was assigned and transferred to the said Mortgagors; and together with all the buildings erected upon the said premises by the said Mortgagors and together with all the existing incumbrances herein mentioned and together with all furniture, fixtures and effects contained in or upon the said premises or contained within the building erected thereon, as per inventory.

2. All the right, title and interest in and to a certain lease, dated the 1st day of October 1917, made by and between Chen Woo Sze, Chen Yu Shing and Chen Ling Sung all of Shanghai China, as lessors and the said Mortgagors, as lessees, covering all that piece or parcel of land situated on the north side of Bubbling Well Road, Shanghai aforesaid and known as Cadastral Lot No. 1 Western District as shown on a plan (covered pink) attached to the said lease, said lease being for a term of 25 years of which about 20 years and 8 months remain unexpired, and upon terms therein stated together with all buildings erected thereon and together with all the existing incumbrances herein mentioned and together with all furniture, fixtures and effects in and upon said premises or contained within the buildings now erected thereon, as per inventory aforesaid.

The incumbrances above referred to are as follows:—

(A) Lease for the 2nd and 3rd floors of the main building, including the roof thereof and the building on the top of the one known as the Liberty Hall both of the property North of Bubbling Well Road granted by the said Co. to the Oriental Stock & Produce Exchange Co. Ltd. for a term of 4½ years commencing from the 1st of September 1921.

(B) Leases respectively, for houses known as Nos. I. 448, 449, 450 and 451 Thibet Road, granted by Loh Sih Hou, the former General Manager purporting to have been granted on behalf of the Hsin Nieh New World Co. to the Hup Shing Tobacco Shop both for a term of three years commencing from September 1920, the validity of the said 2 leases are being disputed.

Particulars of the above as well as other details may be obtained from this office on application.

Condition of Sale:—
On the fall of the Hammer the buyer must put on account Tls. 50,000 cash or certified cheque for said amount on a trustworthy bank and balance of purchase money to be settled in 24 hours.

### PLEASE TAKE NOTICE

That with reference to the item (a) under the incumbrances upon the properties of the Hsin Nieh New World Co. as published for sale which reads as follows:—

"In consideration and in pursuance of certain arrangements made by them with the Yung Kong Hong at the time when the Lease referred in paragraph 2 was obtained, the Company during the term of the said lease should pay to the said Yung Kong the sum of Tls. 230. per month and should allow the said Yung Hong to occupy free of rent the 2 houses known as Nos. F2 and F3 Bubbling Well Road."

We are instructed by Messrs. Burkhardt, Amidani & Co. that the incumbrance above referred to was assumed by Hsin Nieh New World Co., that, as no such incumbrance as aforesaid was mentioned either in the lease referred to in paragraph 2 of the Auction notice or in the Indenture of Mortgage executed in favour of Messrs. Burkhardt, Amidani & Co. by the said Hsin Nieh New World Company, the properties of the said New World Company will, therefore, be sold free from the said incumbrance.

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## W. Funder & Co.
Auctioneers, Real Estate Agents, Valuers, Appraisers, & Coal Merchants

Will sell by Public Auction within their Salesroom

49 KIANGSE ROAD

On Monday, the 23rd January 1922

Commencing at 10 a.m.

and

Continuing at 2.30 p.m.

Ancient Chinese Curios

Comprising:

Old porcelain, bronze, and brass vases, incense burners, figures jardinieres, and ornaments, carved ivory figures, crystal, agate figures and ornaments, etc., etc.

also

One very old joss weighing 500 lbs.

---

Just arrived from Peking a quantity of cloisonne large and small vases, cigar and cigarette and collar boxes, fine Peking lacquered large table and stools, large and small handkerchief and powder boxes, very fine Peking hand printed lanterns, pongee lace, table covers, sideboard covers and bed covers, pillow case and doyle, etc., etc., etc.

On View Saturday and Sunday, the 21st & 22nd inst.

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## W. Funder & Co.
Auctioneers, Real Estate Agents, Valuers, Appraisers & Coal Merchants

Having been favoured with instructions from

The Registrar of Mixed Court

will sell by Public Auction

at the RUSSIAN CLUB

10 Kiukiang Road

On Monday, the 23rd Jan. 1922.

at 10 a.m. Sharp

Chairs, arm chairs, Jewel stove, Kitchen stove, crockery, cruet stands, stage scenery, curtains, table linen, rattan chairs, writing desks, enamelled wash basins, electric ceiling fans, electric center lamps, liquors and wines, bar, bookcase, cigarettes, large and small ice chests, clocks, etc. etc.

also

One Cottage Piano by Moutrie
One cash register
One large American billiard table with cues
One "Remington" typewriter with Russian key board
One Victor Victrola with records
1000 volumes very valuable books in Russian, French & English.

On view Sunday

---

## NOEL, MURRAY & CO.
LIMITED

Having been favoured with instructions from

C. E. SPARKE, ESQ.

Will sell by PUBLIC AUCTION

at the Premises

No. 502 AVENUE JOFFRE

On Monday, the 23rd Jan., 1922.

Commencing at 10 a.m.

and

Continuing at 2.30 p.m.

The whole of the

Superior and Substantial

Household Furniture and Effects

Contained therein, Comprising:—

HALL.—Teakwood Mirror-back Hat and Umbrella Stand, Japanese Silk Embroidered 4 Fold Screen, Tapestry Curtains, Hall Seats, Teakwood Teapoys, Pictures, Porcelain and Bronze Ornaments, etc.

SITTING ROOM.—Red Tientsin Carpet, Goat Skin Rugs, Book Shelves, Red Serge Curtains, Card Table with Collapsible Legs, Double Spring Couch and Easy Chairs, Feather Cushions, Pictures, Porcelain Lamps fitted with Electric Lights.

DRAWING ROOM.—PINK AXMINSTER CARPET, Goat Skin Rug, Brass Fender, Fire Brasses, Brass Coal Box, Chinese Redwood Teapoys Canton Carved Blackwood Marble Top Stools, Ningpo Bone Inlaid Stools, Walnut Wood Oblong Centre Table, Tapestry Covered Double Spring Chesterfield Couch and Easy Chairs, Japanese Carved Cherrywood Arm Chairs, Tapestry Curtains, Good Pictures, Brass and Porcelain Ornaments, etc.

DINING ROOM.—Axminster Carpet, Goat Skin Rug, Fire Brasses, Marble Clock, Teakwood Writing Table, Teakwood Bookcase, Teakwood Bevelledged Mirror-back Sideboard and Cellarette, Extension Dining Table and Dining Chairs, Tapestry Panel Screen, Green Plush Curtains, Brass and Bronze Ornaments, E. P., Glass and Crockery Ware.

STAIR CASE AND LANDING.—Green Axminster Carpet and Brass Rods, Goat Skin Rugs, Carved Teakwood Bookcase, Oakwood Revolving Top Book Stands, Large Mirrordoor Wardrobe, White Painted Linen Cupboard.

BEDROOMS. — AXMINSTER AND TIENTSIN CARPETS, Brass mounted Wooden Fender Borders, Fire Brasses, Silk Embroidered Fire Screens, Saddle Bag Covered Sofa and Easy Chairs, Teakwood Morris Chair, WHITE PAINTED BED ROOM SUITES WITH BEVELED-EDGE MIRRORS made by Arts and Crafts, Double and Single White Painted Wooden and Iron Bedsteads with Bedding, Tafetta and Lace Curtains, White Painted Centre Table, Pictures, Bed and Table Linen, Japanese Matting, Carpets, etc.

BATHROOMS.—White Enamelled Iron Baths, Soochow Bath Tub, Porcelain Lavatory Basins "Noval" Porcelain Commodes.

ALSO

1 Fine toned Cottage Piano by "Allison"
1 Large Victor Victrola with Record Cabinet Combined
1 Set 25 Vols. Historians' History of the World
1 Set 35 Vols. Encyclopaedia Britannica
1 Noiseless Electric Ceiling Fan with 2 Blades and Lights

AND

Good Electric Light Fittings throughout the house

Pantry and Kitchen as usual.

A Superb Lot of Flowers, Plants, Ferns, etc.

Catalogues on the Premises.

Now on View.

---

TAXI PHONE WEST 189
FORD HIRE SERVICE
$3 per hr. $1.00 per 20 min.
7 / ROUTE VALLON

USE PATIONS SUN-PROOF PAINTS
SOLE AGENTS
THE FEARON DANIEL COMPANY

## Hankow Market

FINANCE & MONEY MARKET

The British Chamber of Commerce of Hankow write as follows in their weekly circular dated Hankow, January 11:

Bar silver was quoted in London on the 10th instant at 35⅛d and 35¼d ready and forward, showing an advance of 1d and ⅜d respectively since our last report. Prices in London and America have been steady with an upward tendency. The New York-London cross rate is 422⅛. Stock of silver in Shanghai on the 9th instant were estimated to be Tls. 20,055,000 and $21,500,000. Exchange quotations in sympathy with silver advanced to 3-8¼d on the 10th instant for T. T. and 3-11⅝d 4 m-s credits, with little doing. Chinese Market rates:—Shanghai Taels 97.2. Local currency Dollars 70 7. Native interest 15 percent per annum.

EXPORTS

Further purchases of hides and goatskins are reported, otherwise the market is quite. Tael prices are generally easier owing to the near approach of China New Year combined with lack of demand.

IMPORTS

Piece Goods:—The market is quiet and there is little or nothing doing. Prices are firm but importers appear to be holding for higher levels. A few sales are reported from stock.

Yarn:—Very little doing. The market is quiet and prices show an upward tendency.

## Hongkong Shares

Messrs. Moxon and Taylor of Hongkong write as follows in their weekly share report dated Hongkong, January 13:

We had a rather more active market during the week, but easing off towards the end.

The Shanghai market seems raher quieter owing no doubt to the approach of Chinese New Year.

Rubber continues firm.

The following are the principal alterations since last week:

Hongkong Banks: Old shares, are wanted at $742, and New shares, at $727.

Cantons: Are quiet at $440.

Unions: Have been done at $239 and $240.

Hongkong Docks: Have sellers at $170.

China Sugars: Have sellers at $180.

Cements: Have improved to $25¾. at which rtae shares changed hands but close quiet at $25¼.

Hongkong Lands: Have been the medium of considerable business at prices ranging from $208 to $215, but close at $211 buyers and $213 sellers.

Humphreys: After sales at $10½ are wanted at this rate.

Shanghai Docks: Have sellers at Tls. 110.

Star Ferries: Are wanted at $26.

Shell Transports: Are nominal at 92-6.

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"REMINDS YOU OF HOME"
For
BEST MEATS
THE SHANGHAI BUTCHERY CO.
Established 1900.
Under Foreign Supervisor at
Strictly Moderate Prices
And Prompt deliveries to all parts
TWICE DAILY
Pass Books will be called for, for orders
DAILY AFTERNOON.
Telephone N. 1009. Broadway 1117-18
Specially Noted for
Home Cured Ham..... 60 cts. per lb.
Home Cured Bacon..... 45 " " "
GUARANTEE IN GOOD CONDITION

Chen Chan Tai Fur Co.

All kinds of new skins and furs have now arrived from their noted places of production as follows: seal, sable, ermine, otter, beaver, musquash, tiger, leopard, wolf, mink, raccoon, cat, fitch, skunk, and natural black, white, red, yellow, and cross fox skins, etc., all of superlative quality and suitable for gentlemen's and ladies' garments, collars, cuffs, scarfs, muffs, capes, etc. Various fox-skin, wild-cat skin, leopard-skin, and wolf-skin rugs in large sizes suitable for motor-cars and carriages. All descriptions of stock are of superior quality and sold at moderate prices.

No. C 133 Honan Road,
Shanghai.
Telephone No. Cent. 2933. 4p8**

"BEAR BRAND" STERILIZED
BERNESE ALPS MILK—
"The Richest of all Tinned Milks Tested"
says the committee on Infant and Invalid Diet of the Medical Missionary Association of China.
Sold by all Grocers
Sole Agents
ANDREWS & GEORGE
95 Szechuen Road.
Shanghai. Phone C. 454

## Postmaster Hays To Quit March 4

(Special To The China Press)

**Washington, Jan. 19.—Will H. Hays, postmaster-general, today announced his resignation effective March fourth. Mr. Hays confirmed previous reports that he had accepted a position as director of the allied motion picture industry, and declared that he would devote himself to that position immediately upon his retirement from the postal portfolio.**

## San Francisco Has Plan To Take Over Ship Board Boats

(China Press Service)

San Francisco, Jan. 19.—Wallace Alexander, president of the San Francisco Chamber of Commerce, and Herbert Fleishacker, who is acting as spokesman for the shipping board, today addressed a conference of representatives of Pacific Coast Chambers of Commerce here.

The meeting was called to promote a $30,000,000 pool of Pacific Coast shipping interests for the establishment of a fleet of American vessels in Transpacific service.

Both Mr. Alexander and Mr. Fleishacker urged upon the meeting the operation of Shipping Board vessels in a great merchant marine fleet competing in world trade as a patriotic duty and sound business policy. Mr. Alexander declared that he anticipated that the Pacific coast ports would send a joint commission to the Orient to stimulate trade. He added that the government desires to sell its steamers to private corporations strong enough to operate a Transpacific line.

"It is suggested that the government ships be sold at such prices and on such terms as would insure the success of a corporation such as that proposed by us," said Mr. Fleishacker.

He declared that commerce between the Philippines and the United States should be handled exclusively by American ships and pointed out that the plan would necessitate various devices which would be equivalent to subsidies. To this end the President and Chairman Albert D. Lasker of the United States Shipping Board had suggested, he said, that the proposed corporation be given the army transport service and other favorable contracts were under consideration.

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ABOUT COLDS

Why is it that one person catches cold on the slightest provocation while another can undergo all sorts of exposure and changes of temperature without contracting a chill?

The answer is to be found in the condition of the system. Thin blooded people take cold easily. They need a tonic to strengthen the body to resist disease.

A cold that hangs on for weeks and stubbornly resists ordinary remedies may prove the entering wedge for serious illness. Such a cold generally results in loss of weight, thinning of the blood and general weakness.

This condition emphatically calls for a tonic to build up the blood. Rich, red blood will tone up the entire system, strengthen the nerves and give health and vigour to the body.

Begin treatment at once with the nonalcoholic tonic which Mr. Walter Whitford, of No. 63 Paris Street, Everett, Mass., endorses. Its name is as well-known to you as to the people of America where this gentleman lives.

"I caught a severe cold last fall," says Mr. Whitford, "and it hung on from week to week until I began to despair of getting rid of it. I suffered a general break-down in health and was tired and languid. I lost my appetite and could not sleep well. There was a pain in my back and I felt sick all over.

"A friend recommended Dr. Williams' pink pills so I got some and began to take them. In a short time I began to regain my strength. My appetite improved in a few days and now I feel even better than I did before I had the cold. I strongly urge anyone in need of a tonic to try Dr. Williams' pink pills."

Dr. Williams' pink pills for pale people are sold by medicine dealers everywhere, also send post free, $1.50 per bottle, $8 for six bottles, by Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., 96 Szechuen Road, Shanghai. As good for women as for men.

## Social Insurance Planned By Soviet

(Rosta News Agency)

Moscow, Jan. 16.—The Soviet Government sent out a circular telegram to all the Soviet republic on January 10, announcing the establishment of a state fund for social insurance. The fund will be used for supporting temporarily disabled, the aged, maternity cases, etc. The fund is to be replenished by (1) fees paid to this fund by the employers and the industries; (2) fines for failure in paying the aforesaid fees in due time and for violating the rules of social insurance; (3) fines collected from the workers for wasting the working hours or for irregular attendance. Ten percent of the fund will be set aside for invalids and their families, and ten percent will go to the unemployed.

## Americans 'Sore,' May Put Boycott On Japanese Silk

(Special To The China Press)

New York, Jan. 18.—Rumors are in circulation that American silk buyers intend to start a boycott against Japanese silk, alleging that high prices have been charged for raw materials as a result of Japanese manipulation. A break of eight to ten points in yesterday's market came as a result of the reports.

The Yokohama silk market closed panicky yesterday. Today's news from Japan is slightly steadier. The Japanese consul at New York, as a warning, has outlined for the information of Japanese silk dealers conditions in the market here, stressing the dissatisfaction of American dealers with conditions in the Japanese market.

There is now a good opportunity for pushing the sale of Chinese silk in the American markets.

## Telephone Wires Down In Hankow

(China Press Correspondence)

Hankow, Jan. 17.—Telephone service in Hankow is being interrupted by the heavy snow that has blanketed the city for the past four days. Some 190 telephone poles have broken down resulting in disconnecting about 560 subscribers in Wuchang, Hankow and Hanyang and damages estimated at more than $10,000. All efforts are being made to effect repairs and reconnection, but it is stated that the work of repairing and reconstruction will not be completed until after the China New Year.

The Hankow Light and Power Company in the foreign concessions is facing a similar situation though much less serious than that of the telephone company. The wireless station at the Japanese barracks at Hankow also reports the breakdown of the guy wires supporting the aerial poles which are in danger of being brought down by ice and snow at any moment.

## Gen. Wood Asked To Settle Macao Dispute, Report

(Chung Mei News Agency)

Peking, Jan. 18.—Major-General Leonard Wood, now governor-general of the Philippine Islands, has been asked, according to reliable foreign sources, to mediate between the Chinese and the Portuguese in the dispute over the boundary at Macao. It is not known at present by which side the request to mediate was made. General Wood's attitude is also unknown.

Eugene A. Gilmore, at present connected with the University of Wisconsin, has been chosen by President Harding to fill the post of Vice-Governor of the Philippines, and if his nomination is ratified by the Senate, he will accept the position. There seems to be little doubt that the Senate will confirm the appointment.

It is pointed out, however, that the appointment of Mr. Gilmore as Vice-Governor does not necessarily mean that he will fill the position of Governor-General of the Islands if General Wood should resign next fall.

It has been suggested that in the event of Wood's resignation Col. McCoy will be appointed to succeed him.

---

MOTOR TRUCKS ARE USEFUL

and when operated in conjunction with a fleet of lighters and tow boats they are still more useful.

WE HAVE SOME OF THE BIGGEST MOTOR TRUCKS IN TOWN and we operate a fleet of lighters and tow boats.

The combination, worked by men of experience and governed by a wish to give service, is excellent.

WE HAVE ESTABLISHED A NEW STANDARD IN THE TRANSPORTATION FIELD.

ALLOW US TO ILLUSTRATE.

G. N. Marshall & Co., Ltd.
11 Ningpo Road. Central: 3029 & 2630

# When You're Divorced Your Troubles Begin

## The Millionaire Grass Widow's Spite War Against Ethel Levey, Her Successor, Turned Right Around and Bit Her

Miss Dorothy C. Taylor, Whose Matrimonial Plans Have Suffered a Dreadful Setback.

It Was a Bitter Pill for Miss Taylor When Her Former Husband's Second Wife Posed with Queen Alexandra of England at the Aerial Derby.

The Gallant Major Claude Grahame-White and His Wife, Ethel Levey, Formerly Mrs. George M. Cohan, in Fancy Dress.



Major Claude Grahame-White.

Count Carlo Dentice di Frasso.

The Former Georgine Wilde, of St. Louis, Now Divorced from Count di Frasso.

THE moral of this story, society says, is not to bother about your husband after you have divorced him—so long as the alimony is prompt. Let him woo where he wills. Let him wed whom he wishes. Don't be jealous of his second wife. Above all, don't toss splinters at her—they might become boomerangs, hurtling home to smash your own little dream-house as they are reported to have smashed Miss Dorothy Cadwell Taylor's.

Miss Taylor's husband was Major Claude Grahame-White, the dapper English aviator. When she divorced him she returned to her maiden name and the home of her father, Bertram L. Taylor, the lumber millionaire. But when Major Grahame-White turned right around and married Ethel Levey, the comedy star and former wife of George M. Cohan, Miss Taylor didn't like it a bit.

Had she stopped with simply "not liking it," no beans might have been spilled. But, though her own engagement to Count Carlo Dentice di Frasso had been announced, Miss Taylor couldn't be happy thinking about the new Mrs. Grahame-White sailing right into the social harbors she herself once occupied.

So she drew her arm back and—the boomerang came hurtling home. To-day society is saying: "Poor Dorothy! Her wedding date has been postponed again, the Pope won't annul her fiance's former marriage. And do you know why, my dear? Listen"——

The story the gossips tell is this story of marriages, divorces, engagements, titles, international matchmaking, Venetian drawing rooms, Riviera motor trips, midocean amours and Papal displeasure, with the Grahame-Whites, Miss Taylor, the Count and the Countess in the leading roles.

Even as a sub-deb, Miss Taylor was on the front pages of the newspapers. She was arrested for speeding, she lost a $35,000 bracelet of diamonds and sapphires given her by the Grand Duchess of Russia, she publicly defended the "grizzly bear" when Maurice introduced the new dance to America. She was a beautiful, rich, high-tempered, typical American girl when she married her aviator, the celebrated Grahame-White.

A few years before this event, another glittering international match occurred. Georgine Wilde, daughter of Mrs. Henry Siegel, of St. Louis, became the Countess di Frasso. Her husband was—and still is—a haughty member of the Italian nobility. The American Countess, with her elaborate functions at Rome, her hunting meets and her service on the Carso front during the war, when she disguised herself as an officer and dashed as a dispatcher along the firing line, won a high niche in continental society.

Both the Grahame-White marriage and the Di Frasso alliance eventually blew up in the divorce courts. The Grahame-Whites obtained a separation which left them free to marry again, but the Di Frassos, being devout Roman Catholics, could not have complete freedom unless the Pope sanctioned an annulment of their marriage. For some years, however, neither the Count nor the Countess cared particularly whether there was an annulment or not.

Then the Count met Dorothy Cadwell Taylor, just divorced from Major Grahame-White, and the Countess met Pietro Alfredo Quazzone, first secretary of the Italian Embassy at Tokio. Two engagements were announced—the Count to Miss Taylor and the Countess to her diplomat—the marriages to take place "when the decree of annulment is handed down from the Vatican."

The Di Frasso family was influential. The annulment seemed assured. Indeed, gossip had it that everything was ready for action, when—clouds gathered in an unexpected quarter.

Major Grahame-White married Ethel Levey. There was nothing in that to interfere with the annulment of the Di Frasso marriage. But there was something in it to ruffle the Count's fiancee, Miss Taylor.

She was in London. There Major Grahame-White brought his bride. And immediately society sniffed gunpowder. Miss Taylor was as good a shot in the drawing-room as she was in the hunting field, and she did not spare ammunition. Mayfair hostesses quickly learned that, if embarrassing situations were to be averted, it were better not to include Miss Taylor and her successor in the Grahame-White household in the same house party.

Then the theatre of war shifted across the Channel. The Grahame-Whites informed their friends they were contemplating a trip to Italy. In romantic and exclusive Venice the former Ethel Levey expected to add to the social conquests she had achieved, despite Miss Taylor, in London, where Queen Alexandra had received her and the young Prince of Wales was a frequent guest at her Sunday salons.

What amazing effrontery was this—considered from the standpoint of the first Mrs. Grahame-White. Dreadful enough when her successor was feted in London, but infinitely worse that she should invade the haut ton of Italy, social stronghold of the man Miss Taylor was to marry. It was too much. Miss Taylor decided to take a little flyer to Venice herself.

A word here and a shrug there. "Claudie's wife?—Impossible, my dear. A mere music-hall singer. Why, she had been married to that dreadful person, Cohan, a dancing actor. What London could have been thinking of to take her up. But of course, in Italy——!"

All this before Major and Mrs. Grahame-White arrived on the scene. Long before they were due in Venice, enough seeds had been sown in Venetian social gardens to sprout a healthy crop of snubs for the "mere music-hall singer." At least, so the sower presumed. The friends of Miss Dorothy Cadwell Taylor observed her contented smile. Some attributed it to her engagement to the Count and the prospect of early and favorable word from the Vatican.

But others, who knew what happened in London and got an earful of her comments concerning the new Mrs. Grahame-White, came to different conclusions. They waited, eagerly, for the arrival of the Grahame-Whites and the chilly reception somebody was going to get.

Perhaps if Miss Dorothy Cadwell Taylor had waited, too, no hitch would have happened in her well-laid plans. Perhaps if the good-looking Duc di Sangro hadn't been about, the splinters would never have turned into boomerangs. Perhaps if a motor tour to Vienna hadn't sounded so attractive, nothing would have happened to hold up that long-deferred decree from Rome.

Away they went, a gay company, and no one of them cared that the Duc di Sangro left his bride of a year behind. But others in Venice did care. 'Twas a shame, indeed, about the deserted and tearful Duchess! Disgraceful that her young husband should go tearing off after an American girl! Expecting to marry Di Frasso, was she? Certain of that annulment decree from the Pope, what? Well, there were friends of the Duchess Di Sangro in Venice—powerful friends, influential friends—who would not so easily see that pretty little thoroughbred put upon and flouted!

The motor party from Vienna and the boomerangs came back at about the same time. In the absence of the Duc, the friends of the Duchess had done their work well.

A certain lady, whisper the Venice cognoscenti, was in none too good a temper when she learned that Mrs. Claude Grahame-White had been given the entree to the innermost circles of Italian society—even repeating her triumph with British royalty by winning the favor of Italy's King and Queen. A certain lady, they declared, was grievously shocked when she learned that the price of her prankish tour with the Duc Di Sangro and his gay companions not only was an acid greeting from her whilom friends in Venice, but a sinister silence from sources even higher up. No word of annulments had come from the Vatican. In particular no word had come—or was expected to come—of annulment of the Count Di Frasso's marriage. So Miss Taylor heard—with despair.

And so, while all may be disappointingly quiet along the Tiber, it is not where the tittle-tattle of society keeps up a steady clack. Poor Dorothy! Her wedding day is off again. Poor Count!—he simply can't get that annulment. Poor Countess!—she's as disappointed as they are. But it all goes to prove that harum-scarum motor tours, deserted brides and spite wars against one's former husband's wife are—well, not the best weapons with which to fight a winning battle. So wag the gossips' tongues, at any rate.

# Skating Togs by Lady Duff-Gordon

LADY DUFF-GORDON, the famous "Lucile" of London, and foremost creator of fashions in the world, writes each week the fashion article for this newspaper, presenting all that is newest and best in styles for well-dressed women.

Lady Duff-Gordon's Paris establishment brings her into close touch with that centre of fashion.

By LADY DUFF-GORDON
("Lucile")

SKATING days, with all their athletic glory, bring forth those colorful costumes combining warmth with beauty. In America I find so many of the indoor rinks that it has inspired two distinct types of skating costumes. One, I have designed for the indoor rink, lighter in texture and decidedly more vivid in color. The other is fashioned for the athletic girl who likes her sports in the open and who either hikes or motors to the frozen lake.

The Italian peasant costume I have adapted to the needs of the indoor rink. Note, if you will, its extremely full skirt that flares gracefully from the smocking above. The peasant jacket of velvet is warmly interlined to give comfort, yet its material is light enough to simulate the gay abandon of the skating sport. The inner side of its fur collar is outlined with three rows of braid in a contrasting color, and the snug turban, with its Italian loop earrings, is the link that serves to unite it with the peasant blouse of conglomerate hue.

One of the new soft coatings fashions the outer cape worn with the costume for outdoor skating. It swings jauntily over the shoulders and fastens by its collar strings, crossing in front and tying at back at the waistline. The collar of raccoon gives it a charming touch of Winter comfort, while the Napoleon turban, with its one motif of bone at front, harmonizes well with the military air of the swinging cape.

When the wearer arrives at the lake she may slip off her cape and find herself attired in a fetching frock of dark serge with novelty sports stripes that give it verve.

The stripes run lengthwise on the waist and around the skirt. The only trimming is the patent leather belt that fastens with strips of the striped material buttoning at front. A piquant note is added to the costume complete by the cape lining which boasts its striped material identical with that of the frock itself.

# The Tragedy Of Motherhood

**By Dorothy Dix**

A little old woman, her shoulders bent by years of stooping over washtubs, her hands hard and calloused from scrubbing office floors, sobbed out to me the other day a story that was an epic of mother love, of mother sacrifice, of mother jealousy, and mother agony.

She said that when she was a girl she married a man who beat and abused her, and deserted her before her baby was born. Friendless and penniless, she faced her ordeal alone, and when she came out of the hospital she had only her babe in her arms, and not a cent in her pocket, or a human being to turn to for help and comfort.

She got a poor, little room and began making a living by taking in washing. She determined that her boy should have the advantages of education that she had never had, and so she kept him in school long after other boys of his class went to work. The boy repaid her effort. He was always the prize pupil in every school. He won scholarships, and the mother saw, in her vision of the future, her son a rich and successful man, herself sharing in his prosperity.

Then came the serpent into her Eden. A pretty, young girl moved into the house in which the woman and her son lived, and the boy—he is only eighteen—was attracted to her as youth is to youth. He wanted to take her to a picture show now and then. He wanted to play about with her, and laugh, and giggle, and skylark with her. But the mother went mad with jealousy. She demanded that the boy spend all of his evenings at home with her. She told him that his duty was to support her, and repay her for all she had done for him, and when he stayed out as late as ten o'clock she went after him and brought him home and shamed him before the girl.

And the boy has left home, and refuses to come back to his heartbroken mother.

The discerning will feel like weeping over both sides of this pitiful little tragedy. It is so easy, to see the mother's point of view, and to realise how she feels that nothing that her son could do for her would more than repay her for the devotion she has lavished upon him, for the times that she has gone hungry that he might be fed; the rags she has worn that he might be decently clothed; the days she has bent above her washtubs; the long nights she has spent upon knees scrubbing floors that he might have the career of a gentleman. It maddens her that he can forget these even for an instant for the sake of a girl's pretty, young face.

And one understands the boy's side of the case, which is no concious arguing of the case at all. It is just that he is young and has the desires of youth, that he wants to have a good time, and be with other young people, and the girl is pretty, and jolly, and likes to laugh, and is better company than his sad, and dreary, and workworn old mother.

You can't blame either one. It is natural that the mother should feel as she does, and it is inevitable that the boy should feel as he does. Humanity will have to be made over again before a boy of eighteen will prefer spending an evening with his mother, discussing her rheumatism, to an evening jazzing with a girl of eighteen.

There is nothing harder for parents to realise than that while their children are all in all to them, and sufficient to them, they are never all in all to their children, or enough for their children. The parents are absorbed in their children but their children have a million interests outside of their parents. An adored child never bores its father or mother, but mother and father bore the child to death.

Wise parents realise this, and never seek to monopolise their children. They see to it that the youngsters have plenty of companionship of their own age, and the pleasures that belong to their time of life, and so their children look upon them as friends, who are first aid to their happiness, instead of tyrants who are killjoys.

Of course when a mother has made a heroic sacrifice for her child, it is but just that the child should make a generous return for it, but even so, no parent has a right to demand the sacrifice of a child's whole life. The ideal of motherhood is not a Shylock who demands the last ounce of flesh in payment of the debt her child owes her. It is selfishness, not love, that makes her put her own claim for happiness above her son's or daughter's, and that makes her willing to doom him or her to a loveless and joyless life in order that she may be taken care of.

After all, the duty of the child to the parent is a small one as compared with the duty of the parent to the child. Those who thrust the burden of life upon others, owe it to them to do all they can to make the load as light as possible.

In any case where either the child or the parent must be sacrificed, it is the parent who should volunteer to be the victim because the situation is of the parent's own making. There are not many of us who would ever have been born if we had been consulted beforehand in the matter.

There is only one way in which parents, and especially mothers can collect this debt that they consider that their children owe them, and that is by loving them so much that love wipes out the debt. Whenever a mother loves her child well enough to prefer its happiness to her own, she ceases to count the sacrifices she has made for it, and she exercises the demon of jealousy which, after all, makes the chief tragedy of motherhood.

# The Household

**By Edited Anne Rittenhouse**

### HERE COMES THE BRIDE

If there is one time in a woman's life that she must be ready to receive the steady gaze of every one around her it is when she goes to the altar to be wed—that is if she goes in formal style with her friends and relatives invited to behold her. For it never can be regarded as rudeness to stare and to stare quite long and intently at the bride at her own wedding, and not to look long enough to have quite a definite idea as to the arrangement of her veil, the material of her frock, the probable value of the lace and the nature of that single piece of jewelry that good form permits beside her engagement ring, would almost be a slight.

You know how irritating to have a member of your family go to a wedding and to ask on his return: "Well, what did the bride wear?" only to be answered by: "Really I didn't notice. There was so much going on, so many pretty bridesmaids and overdress relatives bustling into the pews that I scarcely saw the bride at all." It really is part of the business of being a wedding guest to notice the bride. If no one noticed, what would be the use of all those weeks of preparation and forethought?

Every bride who is going to face the ordeal of pleasure of a large wedding, especially a church wedding, ought to take thought concerning the way she will walk. Even if she clings to what is now rather passee, the debutante slouch, she will be a sorry spectacle if she slouched up to the altar. They say that the toddle is responsible for a certain gait affected by the younger generation, and this would certainly not carry off a bridal veil and train to advantage. An erect carriage is almost necessary. The head should be held up and what our grandmother used to study to attain, a sort of gliding walk, is the best medium to display the bridal train.

# Corset Modes To Comply With Gown Lines

With every change in the lines of the newest gowns the designers immediately begin to adjust the corset modes to comply with the new silhouette. There was a time when the corset modeled the individual figure and the gown had to be adjusted to meet the demands of the figure. But woman has evidenced the desire to be up to the minute in style and so she has created another program. The gown is designed first. The corsetieres take their cue from the lines of the gown. And the woman who wears both, must adjust her own figure to meet the demands of the fashion authorities.

The newest models show a lightly-boned, low-bust effect so popular throughout the past season. There has been little tendency to alter the wide waist line of the corset. It is claimed that women prefer the flat hip effect in spite of the inharmony of other lines, so that the new fitted waists are unlike the styles of a generation ago because the modern figures beneath them retain their natural appearance and defy the pulled-in waist line our grandmothers used to take.

### "BRASSELETTES" ARE NEW

There is a new type of corset on the market now which combines the corset with the brassiere and is called a "brasselette," since it is fitted by bust measure and not by waist line. These are being shown in satin and in cotton models and a fashion from brassiere is also made up in these varied materials. It is proclaimed by the shops that the combination corset is being taken up by women who indulge in active work, whether it be business or sport.

In pink satin, the new brasselettes have deep cut fronts, to which are attached two supporters. The back is shaped to form a V to which two more suspenders are attached. At the sides, shaped inserts of elastic are used. This same model is developed in mercerised brocade and silk jersey, and the shoulder straps have little inserts of elastic. This feature it is said, serves to hold them in place, especially for the stout figure.

The new diaphragm belt is one of the new corset modes now on display. The front section, which is a plain flat piece, has three strips of feather boning that give the flattening effect. In the back of this garment there are two elastic loops, and these are meant to go over buttons sewed to the corset, so that the garment will not slip up when worn.

A diaphragm belt is shown, made of plain and fancy material, with elastic strips at the sides. It is said that an increased demand is noted for brocade garments, in pink.

For the slim Miss who merely uses her corset as a foundation for her frocks, there is the corset petticoat. A wide belt with boning over the abdomen and back, but leaving the hips perfectly natural in their graceful curves, is elongated into a sort of short petticoat. The material is of heavy brocade and gives sufficient foundation to the fuller skirt so as to make the wearing of an underskirt unnecessary.

### FOR NEGLIGEE HOURS

Sometimes in these weary after hours when the negligee is the most comfortable robe to don, women who are inclined to be stout are at a loss to know just how to be comfortable without corsets. Yet they do not care to allow such full play to the lines of the figure as most negligees demand. For this very purpose comes the abdominal girdle that is slightly boned and fastened by heavy snap hooks on one hip. It is sufficiently wide to detract some of the waist line curves and yet quite so unlike a corset that it allows perfect freedom of movement and therefore genuine comfort. To its lower edge are attached two sets of rubber garters to hold the hosiery in place during those peaceful hours of relaxation.

Brassieres have become so fancy in their newest appearance that the silk camisole is beginning to step out of its popular place. Combining the two-in-one was a happy thought for some clever designer. And the fashion hint is eagerly being taken up by women whose dressing time is limited.

In pink satin, of heavy washable quality, some of the new brassieres make their appearance. The top edge is fashioned of fancy lace and ribbon, and one sees their fronts that peep through the lacy blouse embroidered, appliqued and sometimes in cut-out work to make them decorative as well as practical.

### A "SENSIBLE" BEAUTY.

"Beauty," said Elizabeth, "is a talent. Cultivate it, and it increases tenfold; bury it in a napkin, and it dies. In other words," she added for the benefit of her puzzled little friend, "if you don't take care of your looks, you soon won't have any left to take care of."

The Bride looked sad. She was a pretty little thing, very dependent on her coloring for her charm. In the strong light her small face was revealed as being a shade too powdered; the eyelashes darkened artificially; the soft hair a trifle too obviously "waved."

Her strong-minded friend Elizabeth sat with the late afternoon sun pouring over her face and hair, and revealing no flaw in her exquisite skin. Her sober dress was a foil to the whiteness of her neck and the smooth forehead, from which the golden hair rippled back. Dark eyebrows and long curling lashes emphasised the clearness of her eyes. She was good to look at. Yet Elizabeth was apparently scornful of her own good looks, cared little about pretty frocks, and ran a Government department with the greatest efficiency and common sense.

"Elizabeth," said the Bride, "it's all very well for you to be so sneering about powder and things, but you've got a perfect skin and gorgeous hair. I have to make up a lot."

"My dear child," said Elizabeth, "of course I take reasonable care of my looks, just as I wash my hands and shine my shoes. You can't leave everything to nature; we all start well enough—look at babies' skins—but we don't wear well. All this powder has a good enough effect—for a time—but sooner or later your skin gets coarse and there's no hiding it."

"I wish," said the Bride, "that instead of lecturing you would tell me what to do. You say 'take care of your looks' and 'don't powder,' but what shall I do?"

"Use your common sense," said Elizabeth. "If you thought deeply, you would soon see that making a mask of cream and powder over your face blocks up the pores and makes your skin rough and spotty. What you want is to peel off the soiled outer skin and give the new one underneath a chance to show itself. Get some ordinary mercollised wax from your chemist, rub it on at night, and wash it off with good soap and water in the morning! Or if you are in a hurry, wash your face *first*, and before it is quite dry, rub the wax on, and dry your face with a towel. Either of these processes absorbs the old soiled outer skin and leaves the new clean complexion underneath revealed in all its beauty."

"But," objected the Bride, "my nose gets so shiny. I must powder."

"There are other ways of preventing a shiny nose," said Elizabeth, "my secret is a homely one. Just get some cleminite, dissolve it in water, and use it as a lotion for your face and neck. It wants to be rubbed into the skin until it is quite dry, and then it leaves a nice, even bloom, and prevents all 'shininess.' Besides it doesn't look a bit like 'make-up,' it just gives your face a kind of peach like bloom which is a distinct asset."

"I suppose," said the Bride, "there is no home-made substitute for rouge, is there? Because, you know, I look dreadful when I'm pale."

Elizabeth thought a minute.

"I don't know why powdered colliandum wouldn't be an excellent thing. It is a soft dull pink, and it tends to deepen a little in a warm room. I should be inclined to try that. Of course, proiactum is the only thing for keeping your lips smooth and healthily red. You know that, of course."

"One more problem," said the Bride. "Before I married, I used to put my hair in curlers. Now I leave it loose at night, because Jack likes to see it down, and of course I have to wave it with tongs nearly every day. I'm so worried because all the color's going—I actually found some grey hairs the other day. Shall I use Henna or what to make it bright again?"

"Henna, of course not," said the empnatic Elizabeth, "you don't want to dye your hair at twenty-two—or at sixty-two if you're sensible. You must get some tammanite at once—plain, ordinary tammanite—and make it up yourself with bay rum. That will soon bring back the lost color. Do you saampoo with stamax? Oh, but you should! That makes your hair so silky and bright. Of course you must drop waving your hair with hot irons. It's suicide for your hair—makes it dry up and fall out."

"But, Elizabeth, my hair is quite straight," moaned the Bride.

"That's all right," smiled Elizabeth, "all you want is silmerine. Just comb your hair down the way you want it to go, damp it a little with silmerine, put a slide or two in, and nuff your hair up on each side of the slide. In the morning you will find a nice kink where the slide was. Your hair ought to look naturally wavy, not a series of hard furrows like a ploughed field. You won't need to put the slides in more than once or twice a week . . . . you'll find that your hair, with a little patience and perseverance, will develop a wave of its own, so that after your stallax shampoo, if you comb it before it's quite dry, the wave will return of its own accord. Two ounces of silmerine will last you for at least six months. Besides, you will be superior to the coal shortage, for it is criminal waste of gas to use it to heat tongs. Enough of your looks! Let's pass to brighter subjects."

The Bride smiled. "Silmerine—silmerine—I won't forget that. All right, talk away, Elizabeth."


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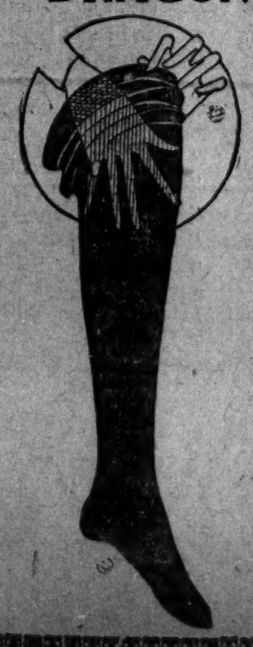

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# AUTOMOBILES

SHANGHAI, SUNDAY, JANUARY 22, 1922

## How To Care For Fabric Breaks

By Philip W. Giovannini

Have you ever had a blowout when your car was standing still after coming in from a drive on a smooth, level road?

Or have you had the experience of going out to your garage and finding a perfectly flat tire? It was all right when you drove in the evening before. Something had happened to it over night.

You removed the tire and tube, found the tube torn and a clean break on the inside fabric of the tire.

What caused the fabric break?

It is very probable that it was started a week or even a month previous, when you ran over a stone, or when you struck a brick, a rut, or a hole in the street while running at high speed.

Then again it may have been caused when in turning around in the street you allowed the front or rear wheels of the car to bang into the curbstone. Of course, this is more likely to happen if the brakes are not in good working order.

At first the break may be small, but the broken threads of the fabric at the injury chafe each other while the tire is in use setting up an internal friction that quickly causes the break to enlarge.

The other plies soon break down, the tube is pinched and a blowout results. Generally this occurs some time after the original break and when circumstances point to no apparent cause.

It is perhaps unfortunate that the bruise or fabric breek is seldom manifested by any indication on the outside of the tire for the tough tread rubber will stretch when the tire strikes the stone or curb but fabric can only stretch to a certain limit and when taxed beyond that point it will break. After only the innermost ply is injured.

Consequently it is good practice for you to carefully examine the inside of your tires for fabric breaks every time they are removed from the rim, or have a good service station dealer do it for you whenever he removes your tires.

Sometimes a small fabric break that cannot be found by ordinary examination, causes tube puncture. These small breaks may be located in this manner: mark the position of the valve on the casing, before removing the tube; then remove the tube; place the valve at the mark and measure with the tube around the tire. Thus the puncture in the tube locates the break in the fabric.

The best way to avoid stone bruises is to avoid hitting the stones, the bumps and the ruts in the road as much as possible. But —when a bruise is received, there is only one thing to do—repair it. If it is a serious break, you should take it to your tire service station dealer and get his advice on repairing the tire.

After a blowout comes do not run the tire a foot farther than is necessary, but immediately put in a temporary repair or change tires, and as soon as possible take the injured tire to a good vulcanizer for a permanent repair.

*Note.—Mr. Giovannini is manager of the Fire Department of H. S. Honigsbery and Company..*

## December In The Auto Industry

**Happenings and Events of the Past Month in Automotive Fields, Briefly Chronicled for Busy Readers; Reorganisations and Extensions; Executive Changes and Plant Developments**

During the past month the outstanding happening in the automobile industry was the announcement of the extensive development plans in the Briscoe Motor Corporation, which, first of all, involves a change of name, the organisation now being known as Earl Motors, Inc. Additional capital to the amount of $5,000,000 has been placed at Mr. Earl's disposal. The sales organisation of Earl Motors has been largely expanded during the past six months, twenty new distributors and 240 dealers having been added to the rolls. The Earl car has already made its appearance in closed models and open models are expected to be in the dealers' hands by the time these words are read.

* * *

In speaking of the outlook for the new Earl organisation, Mr. Earl recently called attention to the equipment of his company, which consists of nine plant buildings on fifty-three acres of ground. The minimum production of this plant is 15,000 cars per annum and it is confidently expected that this minimum can be doubled during 1922.

* * *

D. McCall White has resigned as associate vice-president of Lafayette Motors. Mr. White feels that the company has reached a stage of development where his services as designing engineer are no longer required. No successor will be appointed.

* * *

George M. Graham has resigned his position as vice-president of the Pierce-Arrow Motor Car Company, to become vice-president of the Chandler Motor Car Company, where he will have charge of sales, service and advertising.

* * *

A. I. Appleton, of the Appleton Electric Company of Chicago, has purchased the controlling interest in the Anderson Electric and Equipment Company of that city.

* * *

The Moon Motor Car Company has declared its regular quarterly dividend of 1¾ percent on the preferred stock outstanding.

* * *

The new Locomobile organisation, which has taken over and is operating the factory in Bridgeport, has announced a new sales plan for merchandising its product. Hereafter all Locomobiles will be sold either by factory branches or through dealers trading directly with the factory. There will be no distributors.

* * *

The Rickenbacker Motor Car Company, which is to produce a car to bear the name of the redoubtable Captain Eddie, has found a permanent home in the plant formerly occupied by the Disteel Wheel plant of the Detroit Pressed Steel Wheel Company. This plant has a capacity, according to Captain Rickenbacker, of 200 cars per day, which ought to care for the company's business for some months.

* * *

Richard H. Collins president of the Collins Motor Car Company and formerly president and general manager of Cadillac, has secured control of the Peerless Truck and Motor Corporation of Cleveland, Ohio. It is stated that this new venture of Collins will in no way conflict with production of the Collins car, which is now almost ready for production in the old Cadillac factory.

* * *

The Tire and Rim Divison of the S. A. E. is working enthusiastically on its campaign to reduce the tire and rim sizes in the interests of economic betterment. It is now proposed to eliminate the 32x 3½, 33x 4 and 33x 4½ inch rim sizes and the corresponding oversize and regular tire sizes. It proposes also to cancel the 30 x 30½ straightside rim and the 31 x 4 oversize straightside tire. This would leave passenger car rim sizes as follows: 30 x 3½ clincher, 32 x 4 straightside, 32 x 4½ straightside, 34 x 4½.

* * *

Ten states now impose a tax on gasoline. They are Colorado, Kentucky, New Mexico, Oregon, Arizona, Arkansas, Connecticut, Florida, Georgia, Montana, North Carolina, Pennsylvania, South Dakota and Washington. In several other states bills were introduced in the legislature for gasoline tax measures, but failed of passage.

* * *

John N. Willys recently gave the automobile industry something to talk about by an announcement of a radical change in Willys-Overland's methods of selling. This new departure takes the form of a cancellation of many of the distributorships, which have always been a feature of Willys' policy. In place of distributors, the Overland company will increase its direct dealership, with better terms to the dealers in the districts where the change is made.

* * *

Edward G. Wilmer, president of the Goodyear Tire organisation, announced recently that his company had turned the corner and that there was every reason for believing that it would be back on the old stamping ground within a comparatively brief period. During the ten months ending October 1, 1921, more tires were sold than in the similar period the year before. A profitable winter business is looked for, with rising sales in the spring.

* * *

The American Motor Truck Company, Newark, Ohio, has adopted Midwest engines, 4⅛ x 5¼ for installation in all its busses.

* * *

The Metropolitan Section of the S. A. E., recently made the trip from New York to Wilmington, Del., and on to Aberdeen, Md., to witness tests of new big guns for the army. The 131-mile trip to Wilmington was made in one day and the return was also made in daylight. Costs were figured and it was found that the cost by bus ran to one cent per passenger mile, which is about half railway costs.

* * *

The Madison Tire and Rubber Company has moved its main offices from New York City to the home plant at Buffalo, N. Y.

* * *

The Hassler Shock Absorber Company of Indianapolis has broken ground for a new two-story building, which will add 15,000 square feet to the manufacturing space of the plant. The building was necessary to take care of increased business.

* * *

William Beckman, for many years assistant to Fred Duesenberg and prior to that chief engineer of the Loew-Victor Engine Company, is now vice-president in charge of engineering for the newly formed Richelieu Motor Car Corporation of Asbury Park, N. J.

## TRUCK AIDS BLIND IN STREET PARA

**International Machine Carr Workers in Demonstratio**

In a characteristically decore float, the Blind Association of Francisco exemplified the de of efficiency which is attained those unfortunates who have the use of their sight in the re parade up Market street, pre ing the formal opening of Industrial Exposition at Civic Auditorium.

An International two-ton tru which has been in the service the blind institution for the p three years, was peculiarly ado ed with broom corn, tied or fast ed on the exterior, while wheels were decorated with whi brooms.

Two inmates of the institut busily engaged themselves actu ly making brooms, while third, a woman, demonstrated agility and proficiency with wh rattan goods are made, by wo ing on a rattan chair.

## GREAT MOTOR ORDER

**Corporation Invests $700,000 After Interview And 100,00 Contract Is Result**

Detroit, Mich.—What is declared to be the largest single order for automobile parts ever closed was signed when the Durant Motors, Inc., contracted with the Continental Motors Corporation of Detroit for a minimum of 100,000 of the overhead valve four-cylinder motors used in the Durant car. The total value of the motors runs into many millions of dollars.

In a recent interview in Detroit, President Ross W. Judson of the Continental Motors, gave an interesting sidelight upon the degree of confidence existing between the big men of the automobile business. Last April, it seems, Durant turned over to the Continental Motors blue prints of the motor designed by Durant engineers and asked that a sample motor be built according to the specifications with only the verbal assurance that a mutually satisfactory contract would be signed eventually.

With no more than Durant's spoken word, the Continental Motors proceeded to invest in special tools and equipment to the amount of more than $700,000 to expedite production upon the new motor. Not a little credit for the remarkably fast time in which the new Durant car was developed belongs undoubtedly to the whole-hearted co-operation which Durant received from many sources in the automotive industry such as that given him by the Continental Motors.

## *94 Makes Of Cars At New York Show*

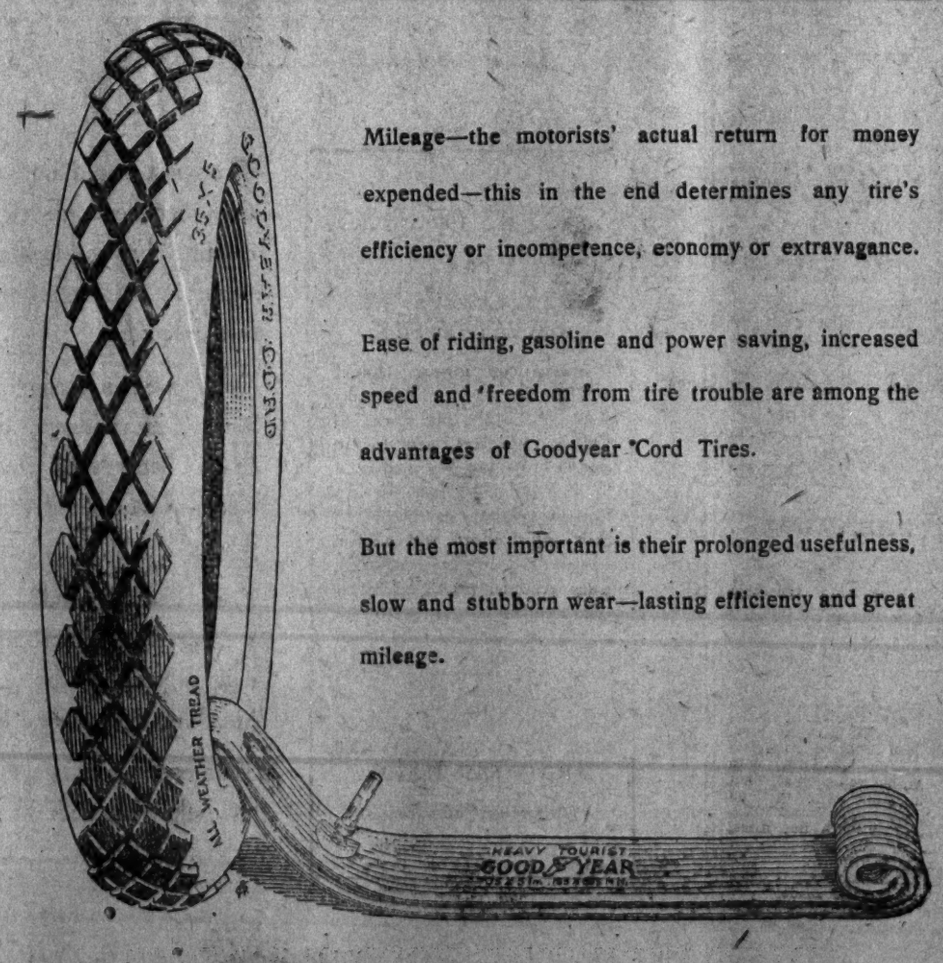
Ninety-four different makes of motor cars were exhibited in the national automobile show held in New York, January 7 to 14, according to announcement made this week by the National Automobile Chamber of Commerce. Last year a total of 87 makes were displayed in the Grand Central Palace, where the 1922 affair also will be staged.

The first fifteen cars to draw for space, in the order of their standing for the greatest volume of business during the year, were: Buick, Dodge, Studebaker, Cadillac, Willys-Overland, Chevrolet, Nash, Hudson, Oldsmobile, Franklin, Oakland, Paige, Chandler, Hupp and Packard.

## *U. S. To Make World Survey Of Motors*

The department of commerce at Washington has planned to make a world-wide survey of automobile markets. William I. Irvien, one of the department's trade commissioners, after visiting the principal automotive centers of the country, will later tour foreign countries.


# Low Cost Mileage In Goodyear Cords




Mileage—the motorists' actual return for money expended—this in the end determines any tire's efficiency or incompetence, economy or extravagance.

Ease of riding, gasoline and power saving, increased speed and freedom from tire trouble are among the advantages of Goodyear Cord Tires.

But the most important is their prolonged usefulness, slow and stubborn wear—lasting efficiency and great mileage.

The Goodyear Tire & Rubber Co.
Offices Throughout the World

GOODYEAR
CORD TIRES

SENSIBLE people everywhere have come to see that a used car, in good condition, for all practical purposes serves as well as, or better than one direct from the factory.

Sensible people in Shanghai turn first of all to the Auto Castle where they know that they will find any number of slightly used cars whose former owners have gone on leave or been transferred to other posts.

And the Auto Castle's price in most cases is just half of what you'd be asked for a new car.

Don't you think that half the price of a car is too much to pay for that "brand-new" look which so quickly wears off?

Every car is guaranteed as new and most times is all the sweeter running for the slight use it has had.

*CHOOSE AMONG THESE:*

| | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Austin 20 | 5 Pass. | Touring | (1920) | Essex | 5 Pass. | Touring | (wire wheels) |
| Sunbeam | 5 „ | „ | in fine condition | Chalmers | Limousine | | (1919) |
| Renault | 5 „ | „ | (slightly used) | Studebaker 4 | „ | | recent model |
| Paige | 7 „ | „ | (1920) | Overland 90 | „ | | beautiful body & upholstering |
| Nash | 5 „ | „ | (1920) | Dodge | „ | | (1920) |
| Buick 6 | 5 „ | „ | (1921) | Buick 6 | „ | | (1920) |
| Buick 6 | 7 „ | „ | (1920) | Hupmobile | „ | | (1920) |
| Hupmobile | 5 „ | „ | (1919) | Studebaker | Landaulette | | (1919) |
| Dodge | 5 „ | „ | (1920) | Willys-Knight | Sedan | | (home made) |
| Studebaker | (Special Six) | owner driven | | Studebaker | Coupe | | A. I. cond. |
| Haynes | 5 Pass. | touring | (1920) | Hupmobile | Roadster | | (1919) |
| | | | | Standard | „ | | (1920) |

THE AUTO CASTLE

HEIMENDINGER BROS., 226-228 Avenue Joffre

Phones: Manager's Office C. 401. General Office C. 402

# Hudson Car, Made In 1913, Crosses United States And Experiences No Trouble

Six days, nine hours and fifty-five minutes, actual running time between San Francisco and New York City!

That sounds like speed, doesn't it? One might imagine it was made by a modern high-powered motor car of special design, or perchange by an express train hauled by one of the fastest locomotives in trans continental service.

But it wasn't accomplished by either of these—the noteworthy performance is to be accredited to a Hudson patriarch, an automotive Methuselah, the 1913 Hudson 6-54 model rescued by Ben Harper of the United States naval radio service from the profane hands of a junk dealer, which had left a trackage totaling more than ten times the distance around the earth before it started to amble blithely from ocean to ocean.

When the trip ended at Davenport, Ia., the home of Harper's parents, where the doughty old car was placed in storage temporarily because of circumstances calling the owner back to to San Francisco immediately, the speedometer registered exactly 6851 miles more than at the start, bringing the total mileage of the machine up to approximately 265,000.

Moreover, on reaching New York the four cord tires with which the Hudson had been equipped carried the original air. On the return trip between New York and Davenport one rear tire was punctured near Columbus, O. by a sharp spike, but so proud was Harper of the splendid service given by his tires that he jacked up the wheel, patched the tube and used the same tire for the remainder of his journey in order to say that neither of the two spares was taken off the carrying rack on the entire trip.

NO ADJUSTMENTS

It is reported by the enthusiastic driver that not an adjustment was made on the car for the 6851 miles of its travel. There was no mechanical trouble of any description and the only part replaced was a radiator stud bolt, which had rusted in almost nine years' service to an extent causing the threads to strip sufficiently to loosen a trifle. The bolt was replaced at Rawlins, Wyo., where a stop was made at night, and caused no loss of time on the trip.

Harper left San Francisco in "the dear old buss," as he affectionately terms the 1913 Hudson, on Sunday morning, September 11, arriving in New York before noon on September 28. He was accompanied by Henry E. Wagner, his associate in naval radio service and boon companion, who thinks as much of the ancient automobile as does its owner. Some time previous to the transcontinental trip the car was thoroughly overhauled and a racing body and extra gasoline tank installed. On its tryout it did ninety-two miles an hour, and unofficially broke all speed marks between San Francisco and Bakersfield, being twenty minutes ahead of the schedule fixed by Harper and Wagner to smash the record between San Francisco and Los Angeles when baffled by snow and sleet on the ridge.

FOLLOW LINCOLN HIGHWAY

For the entire distance from the Golden Gate to New York city Harper and Wagner followed the Lincoln highway. They reached Reno in nine hours and made stops along the route at Salt Lake City, Rawlins, Cheyenne, Omaha, Davenport, Valparaiso, Ind., Bucyrus, O. Pittsburg and Bedford in Pennsylvania, and Princeton, N. J. Hudson-Essex dealers generally were visited by the motorists along the line and showed them every courtesy. In New York city especially and at the Hudson factory in Detroit on the return trip they were shown appreciation of the sterling worth displayed by the old 1913 automobile.

Harper dined with George W. Cushing, advertising manager of the Hudson Motor Car Company and Essex Motors.

"A good-sized volume might be written covering the various phases of the trip," said Harper. "I can merely hit the high spots in telling of what happened, of course. However, I should add that the average gasoline mileage for the trip was 11.7, mighty good for a car that weighed two tons when loaded. I was to be rejoined at Davenport on the way back by Wagner, who was left to visit relatives in Baltimore, but his mother became ill and he decided to remain there for a while. I stored the car at Davenport because I didn't want to make a fast trip alone.

On the trip the transcontinental tourists encountered roads good, bad and indifferent. They ran through a heavy thunder storm near Medicine Bow, Wyo. Iowa roads are reported to be particularly bad at this season.

## IRON CLAD HIGHWAYS

The French, ever to the fore in matters of highway development, have just announced a new type of highway, which gives promise of solving some of the difficult problems of those who build our roads. The surface of the road is composed of a new material compounded of concrete, iron and cement. The first completed section of this type of construction was recently inspected by French, British, Belgian and American highway engineers and the chorus of unqualified praise augurs well for the future, though we must remember, of course, that the proof of a highway is in its continued use.

In construction a great trench is first constructed and in this a layer of concrete is placed, approximately five inches thick. On top of this is placed another layer of pure cement of the same thickness. In the cement are placed large iron studs, twenty-five to the square yard. This mass is then covered with a layer of fine concrete, which is laid on before the cement below is quite dry. The whole is then thoroughly cured by the water process and the result is claimed to be the best road seen in Europe since the highway builders of the Roman Empire threw up their job.

## HIDDEN PARTS WELL FINISHED

### Care Of Packard Builders Makes for Long Life Of Car

"If you were to examine many of the hidden parts of the Packard Single Six, such as the steering knuckle or the steering arm and ball, for example, you would find them ground, hardened and polished to a mirrorlike finish. To many people it would doubtless seem like a needless expense to put this sort of finish upon a hidden part, and this would be true if the work was done only for the sake of appearance," says H. S. Honigsberg, Packard distributor for China.

"As a matter of fact, appearance has nothing to do with the reasons for putting extra work into the machining of such parts. It has been proven that such a smooth finish adds very decidedly to the safety factor of such vital parts as these.

"A blemish, a scratch or a tool mark on the surface of a hardened piece of steel is a standing invitation for a fracture to develop. If there is a tendency toward fracture or breaking, it will always develop at such a point.

"In this respect, steel is similar to glass. You know how difficult it is to break a piece of glass with a perfect surface, but when once scratched with a diamond how easily the glass is broken and how accurately the fracture follows the line of the diamond scratch.

"Such care is typical of Packard methods of manufacture and account for the long wearing quality of Packard cars. In the matter of proper heat-treating, too, for various parts Packard has had an unusual experience in its nineteen years of manufacture of high-grade cars. It is a quality of construction, of course, impossible to detect in a new car, but something that is very certain to be shown in the course of several years of use."

## READ THIS

People used to live without trains, doctors, telephones, electric lights or automobiles. Who says they are luxuries today?

## NO MEDAL, BUT U. S. SELECTION

### Mack Trucks Chosen For Permanent Use Of Army

No croix de guerre or silken bauble to symbolise the regard of the United States army for the Mack truck. Something far more significant and gratifying. Returning with three gold service chevrons, the Mack was not discharged from national service, but was retained as a part of the regular establishment. After using every motor truck of any importance built in America and many foreign-built vehicles, the motor transport corps established in 1919 a list of permanent standardised motor transport equipment for future purchase and supply. All other types were disposed of to other government departments to be used up so that the army equipment was reduced to a small number of standardised types, best adapted to military requirements.

Recently the department again made its selection for standard motor equipment. The Mack retains its position as the only standard truck in the 3-5 ton cargo classification and is the only truck selected in the extra heavy classification.

This is for loads in excess of five tons and is divided into cargo carriers and dumps, the latter being for the use of the engineers. The selection of the motor truck equipment in the heavy cargo classification included also the standard "B" truck, which was known as the Liberty model and is doubtful if it will again be produced.

## GASOLINE CONNECTIONS

Never use white lead or other materials containing oil to stop a leak in the gasoline connection. The petrol will dissolve the oil, thereby making the repair useless.

## PROSPECTIVE AUTO OUTPUT

The production of automobiles in 1922, it is said will be more conservative. The production records may not be more than 50 percent of the record reached in 1920, when more than 2,200,000 cars were made by American manufacturers, of which 1,883,000 were passenger cars, the remainder being trucks.


KERMATH

Dependable Marine Engines

If you are looking for a dependable engine—one that will always run, will economize fuel, and is standardized in every part you want a Kermath.

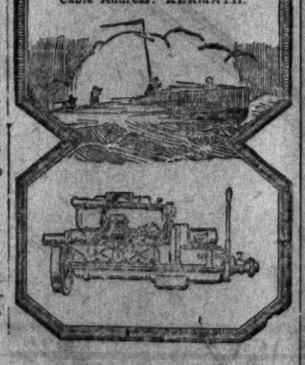
Kermath dependability is a by-word among Kermath users.

4 to 40 H.P. 4 cylinder, 4 cycle Engines only.

Price: $230-$1,650, Detroit

Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd
Shanghai, China.

Kermath Manufacturing Co.
Detroit, Michigan
Cable Address: KERMATH.




## 3,000,000 CARS SHOULD BE REPLACED

### Figures Show Huge Number Needed, Says Overland Chief

Some startling figures are brought to light in a bulletin issued by John H. Willys, president of the Willys-Overland Pacific Company.

The figures indicate that almost 3,000,000 cars should be replaced under normal conditions in 1922. Prior to last year the number of automobiles that passed out of existence amounted to approximately the number that were built during the fifth year preceding.

"Up to January 1, 1921, 11,839,483 motor vehicles had been built in the United States since 1899. Of this number 613,695 had been exported. Registrations during 1920 amounted to 9,211,295. This leaves 2,014,483 cars worn out or discarded.

"Of this number 596,969 were discarded in 1919. This is very close to the actual number of cars built in 1914, the actual figure being 569,045.

"During 1915, 892,000 cars were built, but during 1920 only 517,556 cars were discarded. It is evident that the financial stringency and the holding back of the public on account of falling prices resulted in 374,444 cars being carried over.

"In 1916 the first big volume production in the United States was reached. That year 1,583,617 cars were built. It now seems probable that not more than a million of these cars will be replaced this year on account of the same conditions which delayed replacements in 1920. In other words, it is reasonable to expect that at least another half million cars which normally would be carried over.

"We now come face to face with the fact that in 1917 there were built 1,865,947 cars. This figure, added to the normal total of cars held over and not replaced in 1920 and 1921, gives a total of almost 3,000,00 cars which according to past figures would normally come in for replacement under normal conditions in 1922.

"Even allowing that subnormal conditions continue during that year and allowing that cars may with the present great increase of good roads last longer than before, we are facing still unquestionably, the probability of the greatest replacement market in 1922 than we have ever experienced."

## NEW TRUCK FOR RAIL BUSSES

### White Designs Special Chassis For Use On Tracks

Following close on the White Company's announcement of a new 198 inch wheel base motor bus chassis comes another announcement of new models. The White Company has added several types of complete motorised railway coaches to its line of commercial vehicles.

For several years White trucks have been used by a number of the short line railroads on the Pacific coast. But each of these jobs has been special order and the work of converting the chassis into a flanged wheel car was handled in the local factory branch. The new models, which include, 42, 38, and 29 passenger cars, will be completely factory built.

While the chassis frame and motor in these new jobs are similar to the model 40 and model 45 White trucks, some of the features are, revolutionary as far as railway motor car design is concerned.

As a measure of safety, sanding tubes that carry sand to front and rear of back wheels are regular equipment. The body, too, has many distinctive features. It is heated from the motor exhaust, it has a system of waterproof ventilation from teh roof, twelve ceiling lights and a large baggage compartment at the left of the driver.

## New Motors Prove Hard On Tires

Motorists often wonder that the tires which have given splendid services on their old cars do not wear as expected when specified on their new cars. Too often the quality of the tire is blamed.

New cars are hard on tires. Being stiff and rigid they no not give readily under road shocks. As a result the new casing is literally ground to pieces between the car and the road. Even over good roads, tires are twisted and jammed in driving a new car with which the motorist is not familiar and in which the gears are still stiff.

## MOTORISTS SOME SPENDER

It is estimated that automobile tourists entering Quebec last year spent no less than $35,000,000.

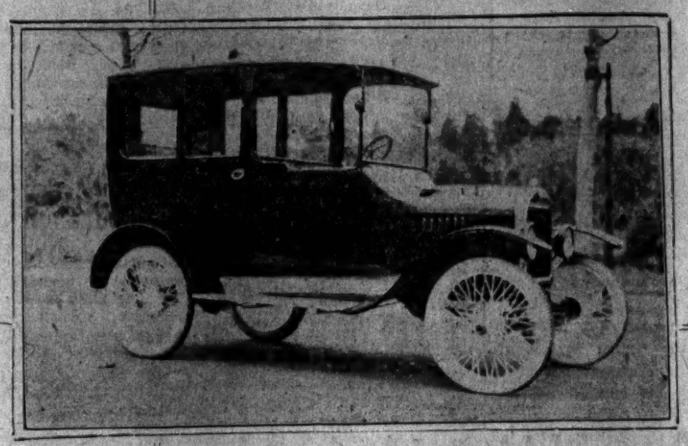
The All British
Standard
LIGHT CAR
The Car for the Owner-Driver.
The Standard Car has fulfilled every demand expected of it. It has unusual power, and is especially economical in running costs.
2 and 4-Seaters supplied.
Standard Motor Car Co., Ltd., Coventry.
Agents:
China Motors, Ltd.
125 Bubbling Well Road

When Snow Flies Before China New Year

IT'S GOOD JOSS—THEY SAY

Well, yes, this cold snap may spell good joss for the next twelve moons but just now it surely makes for a true appreciation of a comfortable, cosy, closed car for running to and fro around the city.

THE FORD LIMOUSINE, pictured below, is the right car at the right price.



And it's just as useful in Summer as in Winter time.

Tel. Central 3804

HUDFORD MOTORS

HUDSON—FORD—ESSEX

Ave. Edward VII & Thibet Road

WOLSELEY "TEN" RECORDS

At Brooklands on November 24th, a Wolseley 10 h. p. car, driven by Capt. A. G. Miller and Mr, G. A. Vandervill, set up the following NEW BROOKLANDS CLASS A RECORDS IN THE CLASS UNDER 1500 c.c.:—

| | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 250 | Miles | 3 hrs. 2min. | 54.92 sec. | 82.00 | miles per hour | RECORD |
| 300 | „ | 3 hrs. 38min. | 4.9 sec. | 82.54 | „ „ „ | „ |
| 400 | „ | 4 hrs. 50min. | 43.99 sec. | 82.55 | „ „ „ | „ |
| 500 | „ | 6 hrs. 6min. | 46.37 sec. | 81.79 | „ „ „ | „ |
| 3 | Hours | 245 miles. | 1501 yards | 81.95 | „ „ „ | „ |
| 4 | „ | 331 „ | 480 „ | 82.82 | „ „ „ | „ |
| 5 | „ | 413 „ | 278 „ | 82.64 | „ „ „ | „ |
| 6 | „ | 490 „ | 393 „ | 81.70 | „ „ „ | „ |

This is the same car which broke the 3 hours and 250 miles records on October 27th last, a performance it has now considerably improved upon. In all its main essentials it is a STANDARD WOLSELEY TEN, the modifications made to suit track conditions being comparatively slight.

The phenomenal nature of the performance can be gauged from the fact that notwithstanding the severe test to which the car was subjected, it never gave the slightest sign of trouble, and was IN PERFECT CONDITION at the end of the run.

No better proof could possibly be given of the SOUNDNESS OF CONSTRUCTION and SUPERLATIVE EFFICIENCY of Wolseley standard cars.

THE CENTRAL GARAGE CO.

Agents for Shanghai

C: 6001 9 Hongkong Road

# AUTO INDUSTRY IS TRADE INDEX OF ALL COUNTRIES

### Necessity Of Motor Car Acknowledged, Says Cole Manager on Coast

"The wealth of a country depends to a large extent on how much its average citizen can accomplish in a working hour, in a working day and in a working year," according to William B. Moyle, general manager of Cole Motors, Inc., distributor in Northern California, Nevada and Hawaii for Cole automobiles.

"We talk about saving money," said Moyle. "We should talk even more in these days of readjustment about saving time. Time is money; it is even more valuable than money itself. Money is merely the symbol of what has been accomplished in time."

"Anything that increases the productive hours of the day and reduces the waste hours is an economy, not an extravagance. A motor car is merely a piece of automatic machinery—a time-saving device.

"Whatever pleasure you get out of a motor car is by-product; it is primarily a utility, and, under modern conditions, a necessity.

"A persistent effort has been made to classify the motor car as nonessential, and this effort has ended in complete failure. There is nothing in modern life, with the exception of food, clothing and fuel, so essential as automotive transportation. The practical thinkers are now unanimous on that point. The motor car and its twin brother, the motor truck, are today a permanent part of the world's scheme of economics. They cannot be dislodged. They will become more essential to human life every year.

NATIONAL NEED

"And now that the most substantial type of citizen is taking the automobile and the motor truck with extreme seriousness, the logical reaction has taken place and the whole automotive industry is now regarded as a great national institution well worth supporting. The greatest financiers of America and of Europe now take the automotive industry into daily consideration. It has succeeded steel as the one dependable barometer of business forecast. Business uplift or business depression? Activity of the people or inactivity of the people? Two ways of saying precisely the same thing.

If the people are active they are prosperous; if they stand still, business stagnation follows. You can't have stagnation where there is activity, and you can't have any great national activity without automotive activity; the two are inseparable. So when people stop buying motor cars and motor trucks it is a storm signal. And when they resume buying these commodities it is an infallible sign that the business sky is clearing and that the sun is going to break forth.

BUYING CARS

"People are beginning to buy motor cars and motor trucks now.

"The Cole Motor Car Company's sales for October were more than 100 percent ahead of Cole sales for October of last year. This, however, does not mean that America is about enter into another buying hysteria.

"Business is coming back slowly.

"It is being dragged back by salesmanship; it is being coaxed back by offering greater value for less money. Business is going to sneak back into our midst so quietly that it will be impossible to say exactly at what moment it made its re-entry. Presently we will simply realise that we are again prosperous, and we will made no commotion over the change in conditions. Business is coming back weakened and sick; it will have to tempt its appetite with rare delicacies; we will have to step softly and refrain from all allusion to what has happened; we must smile in its presence and radiate good cheer. There is nothing organically wrong with the patient, but business is back. What is the one thing that will most quickly restore it to normalcy? Give the buyer his money's worth, heaped up and running over."

## *British Building New Small Cars*

In England the development of small automobiles in the past year, it is said, has been very successful, and nearly 16,000 cars of this type have been sold in London in the last six months. The British manufacturers are concentrating their efforts on machines of small structure, with power for all purposes.

### BRAKE EFFICIENCY

Faulty adjustment of brakes causes more accidents than anything else. Every car owner should adopt a fixed habit of making systematic brake inspections regularly.

## STEAM REDIVIVUS

A new steam-propelled motor car is just at present very much in the public eye. The interest in this vehicle is towfold. First its advent marks a return of steam to the automobile field in a really important capacity. Of course steam has always been represented by one or more vehicles on the market, but in recent years these have been only a negligible proportion of the total manufactured. The single steam car of recent seasons has been an admirable fabric, but the price has been prohibitive of very widespread interest.

Therefore, the second point of attraction in this new steam car, the Coats built in Indianapolis, is its price, which is placed at $1,085. With a steam car selling at this figure, we shall have an opportunity of observing a real test of the relative merits of the two methods of propulsion. Steam enthusiasts have always claimed definite superiorities for their method. Now they are about to have a chance to demonstrate their claims. The friendly contest will be watched with keen interest.

# WILL REVIVE TRADE

### Less Money Spent on Great Navies Means Additional Funds for Great Industries

Leaders in the automotive industry in the United States are watching the Washington disarmament conference closely and the satisfaction that swept over the country with the preliminaries and Secretary Hughes' offer has bolstered up the hopes of the motor car men for a certain revival of foreign trade. Such an extension, it is pointed out, would do more than anything else to stabilize the automobile business, both export and domestic.

The relationship between battleships and automobiles may seem somewhat remote, but leading economists have declared that an interchange of confidence between the world powers cannot fail to insure the loan of American dollars to European nations. And the automobile builders, knowing that a strong demand for American automobiles now exists in Europe, are hoping that the way is cleared for resumption of export business on a large scale.

"If the money that Italy, Spain, France and other nations now spend for naval purposes is diverted to constructive industrial works, the automobile will share," says Alvan Macauley, president of the Packard Motor Car Company. "Only a casual survey of the European situation is required to show that American automobiles of all types are needed. Trucks certainly are necessary for their basic industries.

"But, aside from the export angle, and more important to all Americans, is the domestic benefit that would come out of a successful conclusion to the conference. Naturally, all industries of the United States would profit to some extent, the degree varying in accordance with the importance of the industry and products in foreign trade. Immediately we could expect a reduction in taxes and such a move would impart confidence to every one. The domestic automobile business of course would benefit as increased industrial activities swelled the demand for the efficient, economical transportation provided by the motor car and motor truck.

"These vehicles are constructive 'armaments' for industry and are productive utilities. All other things being equal, the nation that led the world in number of automobiles would be the most successful in the development of her resources, for transportation is the first essential of progress."

# LONG TRIP IS MADE EASILY

### Haynes Tourist Drives 3,400 Miles Through The West

Long trips across the country are nothing to the owner of a good automobile these days. He goes whenever he feels the urge and stops when he gets good and ready.

S. C. Portlock of Los Angeles returned from a 3,400-mile tour of western roads, and had the time of his life. He traveled in a Haynes tourister, and had no mechanical trouble and no tire trouble on the whole run, which included some bad roads in the deserts. He used 205 gallons of gasoline and averaged sixteen and a half miles to the gallon for the trip.

He was gone twenty days, and this included two-day stops in Salt Lake City and two days in Yellowstone Park.

"We went through Nevada to Salt Lake City, and remained there two days," says Portlock, in telling his story.

"We then went to Yellowstone National Park and stayed there two days, then hit the road again and went into Idaho and Montana and on north to Seattle. Then we came down to Portland and looked over the Columbia river highway and drove home through California. It was a remarkable trip and we enjoyed ourselves thoroughly."

# DO YOU KNOW WHAT MAKES YOUR CAR GO?

How much do you know about your automobile beyond the superficial details of how to start and stop it and how much its upkeep is? This is the question that is being asked by those who demand more strict qualifications for drivers' licenses.

In a recent survey completed by the police department of New York city it was found that only one driver in six knew anything about the mechanics of his automobile beyond the manipulative use of brakes and clutch pedals, gear shifts, steering wheel and other minor appurtenances.

Motoring ignorance is more widespread than one would imagine. Impatient to get behind the wheel and try out the car's pickup and power, the average car owner is prone to pay but little attention to the explanations and admonitions courteously given by dealer and salesman.

Often it all goes in one ear and comes out of the other. Because he doesn't know when something goes wrong or what is wrong if it does, the new car owner is led unwittingly to abuse the mechanism of his car. The upshot of it is that nine times out of ten repair bills and dissatisfaction with his purchase result.

## *Car Sets Record For A Long Run*

A Wills Sainte Claire car, with four men and 300 pounds of baggage, made a record run from St. Paul, Minn., to Kansas City, Mo., covering the distance of 608 miles in seventeen hours and twenty-two minutes total elapsed time. The fastest train time between these two cities is twenty hours and thirty minutes.

Inspired by the example of C. Harold Wills, who made a memorable record run from Detroit to New York in a Wills Sainte Claire car in twenty hours and twenty-six minutes, W. H. Schmelzel, the Minnesota distributor, conceived the idea of demonstrating the car's roadability, power and speed in an impressive manner in his own section of the country.

Schmelzel selected a run from St. Paul to Kansas City, not because the experiment offered an easy task, but because the difficulties of such an undertaking would put the car to a test even more severe than that of the Detroit-New York run.

## *Factory Busy In Effort To Build Cars For Orders*

"Dodge Brothers factory is running today at 100 percent capacity," stated Charles Jennings on his visit in San Francisco. "Even this production does not keep pace with the tremendous demand for Dodge Brothers cars this year and our director of sales, C. W. Matheson, says that 'weekly reports continue to show total of car deliveries and sales beyond our present production of 500 cars a day, and we are therefore planning to increase our daily production to more nearly meet actual delivery requirements.'"

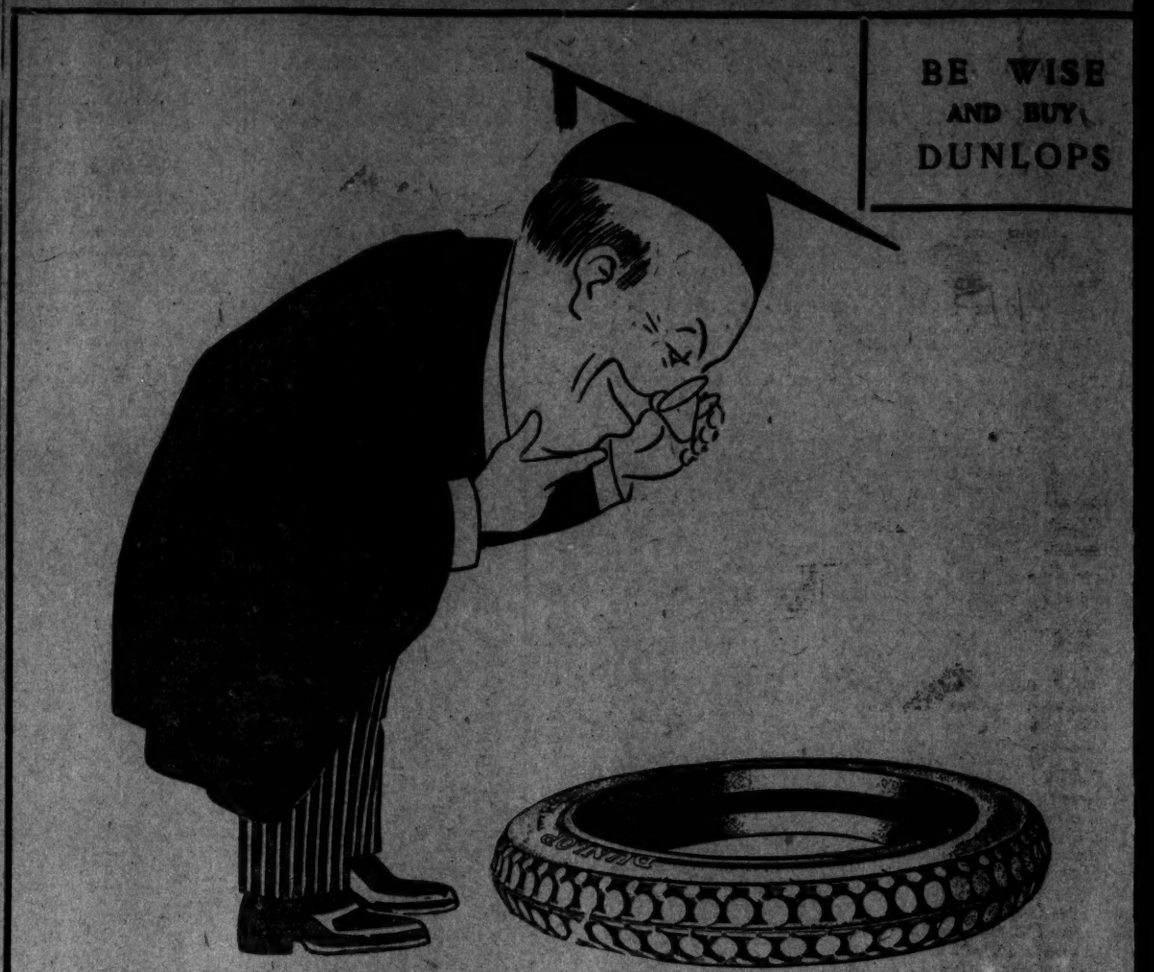
"This condition is habitual every year to Dodge Brothers," said Jennings, "and the answer is to be found in the car itself. No material, no part, no accessory was barred because it was too high priced. The only question asked was of its goodness. Its parts were chosen with utter disregard of price. Even back at the Dodge Brothers factory there are a lot of us who really do not appreciate what the quality of the car is that we are privileged to sell. As a matter of fact, Mr. Huff, chief engineer, made a statement awhile ago in which he said 'I just don't dare tell F. J. Haynes, our president, how good a car we are building.'"

## *Mayor Arrested For Traffic Breach*

Shortly after the Mayor of Philadelphia had issued orders to motorists prohibiting parking in the business section, the chief executive, himself, was arrested, charged with leaving his car fifty-five minutes at the City Hall and having both the front and rear lights extinguished. Arrests were also made of ten other city officials.

### CHANGE OF ROAD RULES

All Canadian provinces except ing Nova Scotia and British Columbia are adopting the "keep to the right" rule of the road. The new regulation is to become effective Januray 1.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MASTER TALKEE HAVE GOT.

# China × Press × Sports

SHANGHAI, SUNDAY, JANUARY 22, 1922

## BIG LEAGUE BASKETBALL IS PROMISED ON THURSDAY

### When Amtraco Five Meet Bearcats The Ball Will Fly

### AIM AT 2ND PLACE

### Two Games On Tomorrow At Rowing Club At 5.30

There is one big basketball match coming up this week which will furnish fans with thrills enough to last over a considerable period. It will also furnish the American Trading Company's quintet its last chance of climbing up from third position in the Foreign League standings; it will give a good idea of the strength of the newly constructed team, and, in addition a fair basis for calculation as to how many games the undefeated Bearcats might win this season.

The game is scheduled for Thursday on the "Y" floor between the Amtraco and the Bearcats. The Hong team must win it to stand anywhere when the league schedule is played out. And it is possible that they may, for they have taken on a new strength in spite of Tinkham's leaving, and will concentrate every effort on the game.

Should the Hong team win they will be in a fair way to crowd the Strokeside out of second position, and with no other difficult matches ahead of them excepting a date with Neprud's men on February 20, and the Bearcats with eight matches yet to go, they may come up even higher.

**AMTRACO STILL GOOD**

The Hong team, since Tinkham's leaving for the north, have been regarded in some quarters as out of the running for the basketball pennant, but should Mal Maloney make good his threat to don the Blue and White for Capt. Nichols' team, they may well finish the last half of the schedule stronger than the first. Mal ought to be a good basketeer, even better than Tink. If he gets going right he should prove to be the Amtraco's best man, and carry his team along with a minimum of losses.

The Strokeside, now holding second position in the league have fairly easy sailing until the Amtraco game of February 20. They follow soon after, on February 24, with their second game against the Bearcats, the only team which so far this season has beaten them. With Neprud back soon after his injury in the American football game against Peking, the team will finish the last half of play unusually strong.

**THEY NEVER MISSED NEP**

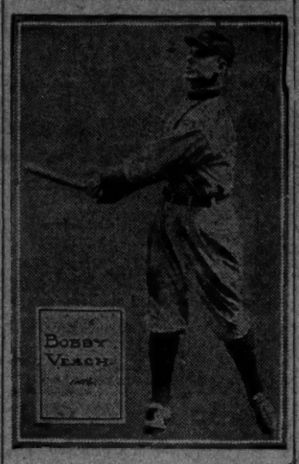
Speaking of Neprud brings out the remarkable fact, that while he was playing for the Strokesides the team appeared to be all Neprud. When he dropped out of the play it was predicated that the team was due for frequent beatings. And, then, and not until then, the quintet developed a system of team work and aggressive individual tactics that kept them going as good as ever. Seidman, in particular, has come to light in the last few weeks. His brilliant playing, together with Johnston's improving forward work, has even overshadowed the performances of H. and E. Nash, both before considered as of premier ability. When Neprud gets back into the game he will find that his is not a one-man team as it was before, but a group of individual stars working in perfect combination.

Games tomorrow are scheduled at the Rowing Club commencing at 5:30 p.m. between the Bowside and the American school and the Strokeside and Andersen, Meyer Company.

### CRAVATH THROUGH

Los Angeles.—Clifford B. (Gavvy) Cravath, former manager of the Philadelphia National League baseball club and manager of the Salt Lake club of the Pacific Coast League last season, will never again manage a baseball club, he has announced. The manager's job is one of turmoil and abuse, according to Cravath. Gavvy's ambition now is to be a scout for some major league team, he declared.

## Veteran Fielder To Be Traded By Cobb




Bobby Veach, of the Detroit Tigers, one of the greatest outfielders and sluggers that ever took part in the great national pastime is to be used for trading purposes this season by Manager Ty Cobb. This statement was made by Los Angeles friends of Cobb, who declare that the Tiger Chieftain will start in the American League pennant chase with an entirely new team.

## SHANGHAI LOST EVERY STAGE TO UNIT. SERVICES

Details of the friendly match played at Hongkong between members of the Shanghai Golf Club and the United Services on Monday, received by mail yesterday show that the Services, on the morning singles led Shanghai by 3 ¾ points to 1 ¼.

In the afternoon the four ball foursomes went in favor of Shanghai by 2 ¼ points to 1 ¼. The total point score for the match was Services 5 points, Shanghai 3 ½.

Major Bagnall, the only member of the Hongkong interport team, playing with the services, beat Mr. J. B. Ferrier, the Shanghai champion.

The full results follow:

**MORNING SINGLES**

| Shanghai | | Services |
|---|---|---|
| J. B. Ferrier | 0 | Maj. Bagnall 1¼ (2 & 1) |
| E. I. M. Barrett | 0 | Major Leslie Smith 0 (Square) |
| W. P. Roberts | ¼ | Mid. Sheffield 1 (4 & 3) |
| C. T. Beath | 0 | Lieut. Bowen 1¼ (4 & 3) |
| K. M. Cumming | 0 | Lieut. Kennedy 0 (Square) |
| P. Peebles | 1 (2 & 1) | Lt. Comd. Jotham ¼ |
| | 1¼ | 3¾ |

**AFTERNOON FOURSOMES**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Ferrier and Barrett 1 (3 & 2) | | Bagnall and Leslie Smith ¼ |
| Roberts and Beath | 0 | Sheffield and Bowen 1 (1 up) |
| Peebles and Cumming 1¼ (2 & 1) | | Kennedy and Jotham 0 |
| | 2¼ | 1¼ |

### GOVERNOR'S SHIELD

In the final of the Governor's Shield the Prison Department (Mr. J. W. Franks and Dr. Valentine) defeated the Wilts. (Col. Wyndham and Lieut. Doddington). Souvenir cups were presented to the winners.

### *Artillery Meet Scots Today*

Commencing today at 3 p.m. the Shanghai Scottish will meet the Field Artillery Battery in the S. V. C. Football Competition on the Shanghai Club's the S. V. C. Football Competition grounds at the Race Course. The following will represent the Shanghai Scottish:

Messrs. J. M. Pearson, C. Wilkie, T. W. R. Wilson, H. Wallace, J. Robertson, A. A. Ewing, B. Lawrie Smith, J. K. Ewing, J. Falconer, S. Alcorn, A. H. Leslie, Reserves: Messrs. C. E. Glass, J. R. Harder, R. L. Stewart.

## SPORT AND STAGE

BY DOMINO

**RHYMES OF THE TIMES**

(The Washington Conference brings out very clearly that everyone wants peace, but it is only natural, I suppose, that all the nations in voting for disarmament ask for "just a little bit more.")

French, Japs and Britishers all went
To beat the pacifistic drum,
At Washington were truly bent
On planning the Millenium;
Each having been too thinly fed on
The late Great War (or Armageddon).

* * *

The British Delegates agreed
That War and War's alarms should cease;
Balfour's still there—But Briand's peeved—
He's chucked his job, and all for peace—
While wearers of chrysanthemum,
A peaceful little anthem hum.

* * *

Some reservations here and there
Are very naturally made,
It's pointed out it's only fair
That viewing its extensive trade
Britain, once more, must rule the high seas
In case of international crises!

* * *

Monsieur Briand was keenly bent
On limiting John Bull's sea force,
In fact, complete disarmament—
Except the submarine of course—
But though he would not wish to foil Hughes
He'd like to have two million poilus.

* * *

The Jap was every bit as keen
To don the Peace and Plenty mask
(The Jap's a very modest bean);
One thing, and only one he'd ask:
They want to get poor China cold,
And so improve their strangle hold.

* * *

Replete with sturdy commonsense,
The speeches thrilled us through and through,
There never was a Conference
That spoke such thoughts—so nobly true;
But one thing I will bet: no one'll
Quite see the humor as the Hun'll.
(With apologies to London Mail.)

* * *

**THE LYCEUM THEATER**

Visitors to the Lyceum Theater this week will find a change in its geography.

All those boxes—that looked so much like horse boxes—have disappeared and in their stead are two rows of seats, and room for yet another. This increases the capacity of the house by about seventy. Looking at the house from the stage it certainly looks well in its new dress.

That dark passage, leading from the foyer to the circle and the boxes no longer acts as a funnel for every stray draft that wanders into the theater. Despite the bitter weather of the last few days the place struck one as distinctly warm, and the currents of chilly air that have so often made the ladies cover their charming dresses, and the men fly to the protection of fur lined overcoats were happily absent.

* * *

**THE QUAINTS**

If steamships keep their dates, and the elements are kind, the Quaints should ring up at the Lyceum Theater next Thursday night.

This delightful concert party, which has on two occasions won

(Continued on Page 2)

## *Failure To Produce Winner Caused Coach's Discharge*

### Williams Of Minnesota, Who Invented The Famous Shift, Let Out

BY WALTER ECKERSALL

Chicago, Dec. 21.—After 22 years of faithful service, during which he has developed some wonderful elevens, Dr. H. L. Williams, who learned all his football at Yale, has been deposed as gridiron mentor at the University of Minnesota.

Failure of the veteran coach to develop teams which could hold their own with other members of the western conference during the last two years resulted in the action by the Gopher board of athletic control. In 1920 Minnesota lost all its conference games, while it won but two Big Ten clashes durnng the season just closed.

In most cases during these disastrous years the Gophers were severely trounced by traditional rivals. Iowa, Wisconsin and Michigan administered crushing defeats, while elevens which were easy prey for the Old Gold and Maroon nn former years gave Coach Williams' men interesting struggles.

During his long term of service Williams has always had his team near the top. He was generally graced with excellent material, but the veteran coach was always able to instill a fight into his men which made the team hard to beat. In most cases the teams were stronger defensively than offensively.

Dr. Williams was the originator of the famous Minnesota shift. This play caused other elevens no end of trouble to stop and was one of the reasons why the Gophers were always near the top a few years back. In recent years, however, other rcoaches devised a defense to stop the shift with the result the play lost its effectiveness.

The play was at its height when Minnesota had a great team with the forward pass combination of Wyman to Baston, one of the chief weapons of attack. The shift was stronger at that time because Minnesota could play the close and open game for desired results. Attacks were sent into the line, off the tackles and around the ends of draw in the secondary defense.

As soon as the secondary players drew up close to the scrimmage line, Fullback Wyman would shoot the oval 30 to 40 yards down the field to Baston the end. Variation of the close and open attack made Williams a great coach in those days.

But the tide started to turn following the 1920 season. Dr. Williams was sated to go the route of so many gridiron mentors.

Alumni and undergraduates asserted he had outlived his usefulness and demands for a younger and more up to date mentor made. As a result Dr. Williams will not be at the head of the Gopher football situation in the fall of 1922, but his successor has not yet been appointed.

## Yanks Building Ball Stadium For 80,000 People

The New York Yankees new baseball stadium now under construction will have a seating capacity of 80,000 people, at a cost of much over two million dollars.

The structure will represent the most recent—in fact, the up-to-the-minute—discoveries and developments in stadium construction, with drawbacks noted in other stadia eliminated. Particular attention will be given to looking after the convenience of women patrons and making them as comfortable as possible. The tribe of female fans is expected to increase speedily as soon as the new park is thrown open.

The exterior by the mammoth stands, which will have a seating capacity of 80,000, will be most attractive and artistic in design excelling in this respect, it is said, anything of the kind in the country. That goes, too, for sporting structures on the other side of the broad Atlantic. Concrete and steel will be the materials used, and the building is to be entirely fireproof. Bids have just been asked on the structural steel required.

All around the outside of "Yankee Stadium," which is to be the official name of the place an areaway seven feet in width will be left in order to provide for the future development of stores and storage places. This is a novel feature in such plants.

One of the provisions which will keenly interest hosts of young athletes in New York city is a quarter-mile running track around the field. This is only one step in the many planned by the two Colonels in a general athletic way. They plan to stage all kinds of sporting events on these new grounds.

This will be, it is declared, the only tripe deck stand in the world. Especial attention has been given to the arrangement of the exits, which will be plenteous in number and will make possible the emptying of the grounds in a surprisingly short time.

## HARLEQUINS AND PORTUGUESE WIN FRIENDLY GAMES

### Police Lose 4-1, While Sikhs Suffer 5-1 Defeat On Race Course

### KNOCK-OUT STARTS FEB. 4

### One Elimination Round Will Decide Season's Shield For Hockey

Hockey yesterday was mere practice, the Harlequins and the Police going through one session while the Portuguese entertained the Sikhs. Both matches were played on the Race Course.

The Portuguese, on the back end of the Police field had a fairly easy time of it with the Indians, winning out finally by a score of 5-1. The Harlequins beat the Police, on the Polo Field, 4-1.

The five hockey teams of Shanghai a week from Saturday will get down to serious play, when the Police and the Portuguese open the year's knock-out tournament for the Hockey Shield, now held by the North Police team of last year.

The draw for the play follows:

Feb. 4—Police vs. Portuguese.
Feb. 11—Endeavorers vs. winners of Feb. 4 match.
Feb. 18.—Sikhs vs. Harlequins.
Feb. 25—Final, winners of matches of Feb. 11 and 18.

The five teams will keep in condition until the end of the shield play by weekly friendly matches.

## Attractions At The Theaters

Many types of motion pictures are being shown in Shanghai this week and the "movie" fan will find a number of bills which will appeal and which he will strive to see.

**APOLLO THEATER**

At the Apollo Theater tonight "Half A Chance," a seven part play of unusual action written from the novel by Frederic S. Isham is announced.

Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday nights Alice Brady, charming as ever, will be seen in "The New York Idea". This delightful comedy drama of married life is worth seeing.

**ISIS THEATER**

J. Warren Kerrigan will be seen in "The Coast of Opportunity" Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday nights at the Isis. This gripping drama is a romance of Mexico and deals with a young mining engineer and his adventures after he discovers a rich copper mine. Jack Kerrigan makes an ideal hero who kills the bandits, saves his mine and wins a beautiful girl.

In addition the famous Pomp Trio including Miss Ella Backe of Copenhagen will present their latest Grecian, Roman, classical and acrobatic dances.

Press representatives who were present Friday afternoon at the private view of the film-masterpiece "The Last of the Mohicans" at the Isis Theatre were carried back in imagination to the days J. Fenimore Cooper's dare-devil white men, bloodthirsty Redskins, savage aminals revolvers and bowie-knives colored their young lives.

Cooper's fascinating story has lost nothing in its adaptation for screen purposes; in some respects it has even gained, for the eye can actually see the plains and prairies, the mountains and forests amidst which the stirring scenes of the story were enacted. The story, as all know, is a thrilling one. The film was pronounced by those who say it yesterday to be both educational and entertaining, tragic and emotional, and a vivid portrayal of the early days of American history. It is to be shown at the Isis Theatre on Thursday.

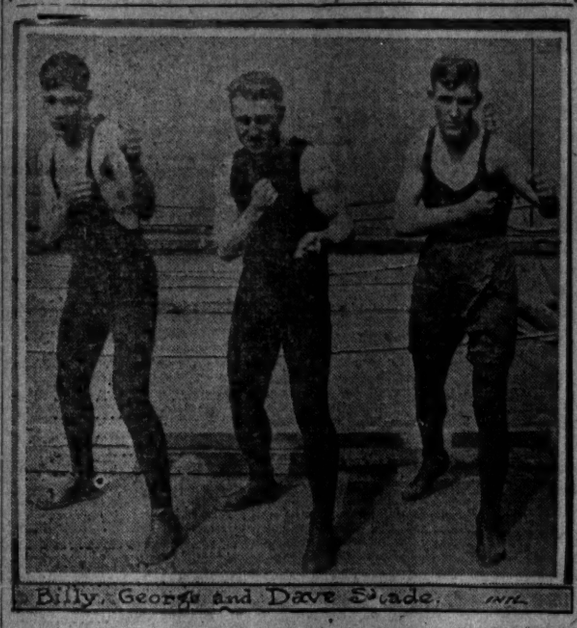
**OLYMPIC THEATER**

D. W. Griffith will present "The Girl Who Stayed At Home" tonight at the Olympic Theater. Robert Harron will be seen in the lead in this powerful seven reel [illegible] Any Griffith production is worth seeing.

**VICTORIA THEATER**

At the Victoria Theater tonight "Don't Change Your Husband" will be featured. Remember "Old Wives for New?" well in this picture Cecil B. De Mille changes the tables and it is the husband who is neglected.

## Three Brothers Making Ring History




George, Billy and Dave Shade, of California, three brothers, who are establishing an enviable record in the ring. George is a middleweight and twenty-five years of age. Billy is twenty-three and a light heavyweight, while Dave, the youngest, is a welterweight and twenty-one years old. The boys have fought the best in their respective classes and to date have given a good account of themselves.

## *Golf Faults Of Duffers May Easily Be Overcome*

### British Open Champ Tells How To Control Head, Hips And Hands

BY JOCK HUTCHISON

Golfers had a chance during the past Summer to see some very fine golf, and those who took advantage of it were well repaid. Much can be learned in watching stars play.

Jock Hutchison

A close student of the game told me once that he profited quite as much by observing duffers and eginners perform as he did by seeing the champions. But he undoubtedly had seen star performer play so much that he knew the difference between the good and the bad.

This is a fine opportunity to pick out some of the flagrant faults of the duffer in order that my readers may profit by having their attention called to certain defects.

I believe that the most common fault in golf is the lifting of the head at the moment of impact. This is, of course, in the anxiety to see the flight of the ball. Good golfers, those with many championships back of them, are guilty of this sometimes, so it cannot be said to be a fault of the duffer exclusively, although the average poor golfer indulges in it so much that it has become almost his pet hobby.

The good golfer knows how to correct this fault and is seldom caught napping. When he does err in this direction, it is usually a case of carelessness.

The habit grows on the duffer who starts in playing golf by not taking a caddy along to watch the ball. The player feels that he is going to lose it unless he picks up the flight quickly with his eye. The result is that four times out of five he raises his head too soon and does not hit the ball far enough to run any risk of losing it. The arms and the club are brought up with the eye and a topped shot is the result. A fraction of an inch will spoil results frequently.

It is easy to cure this fault, and there are many different ways of doing it. One player told me that he corrected the evil by watching the club head connect with the ball: or, at least trying to see the impact.

Another famous golfer, I think it was Walter J. Travis, corrected this mistake by playing the shot and then putting his foot on the place where the ball rested before looking up to see where the ball landed.

Francis Ouimet once said that his cure for lifting his head was to keep his eye on the spot until he heard the ball drop. This idea is a good one and has been followed by a lot of golfers. On the other side, this same scheme used to be a good putting tip. One was advised to listen for the ball to rattle in the tin cup before looking up. Putts as well as mashie shorts or drives, can be spoiled by taking the eye off the ball, but not to such a great degree.

Another glaring fault in golf is the moving of the hips which naturally brings down the shoulder. Some duffers appear to delight in doing this. They start with the back swing and shove the hips the opposite way from the hole, or to the right. When hitting, they shove the hips too much the other way and the evil that this can cause is so great that the ball is sometimes missed entirely. Often it happens that the club head hits the ground six inches behind the ball.

There is always an antidote for every poison, and this fault, like others, can be easily rectified if one will take the trouble. This surest cure for this is to learn to pivot properly. If this is done there will never be any need of larning how to break the habit. I would suggest that the pupil stand with his back to the sun where it is possible to see the shadow. Watch it while you swing and see that the body does not move except to pivot. This is curing a fault by learning the proper way.

**LOOSE GRIP BAD FAULT**

Another common fault and one that has caused a lot of good golfers considerable worry and a great loss of distance on the drive is loosening the grip at the

(Continued on Page 2)

## George Rose Is Winner Again In Harriers Trials

George Rose, Shanghai star distance runner, came in first yesterday in the Shanghai Harriers four mile training run through the Kiangwan district.

It was Rose's second appearance in the cross country game this fall, and it was his second win. He came home first last week.

J. L. Mears, the Harriers "find" of this fall was second, and W. R. Tipton, another new promising runner third.

Rose started in the Fast pack. He travelled away at a fast pace, with Mears, Reneman, Wilson and the others following closely up to the three mile post where Rose and Mears drew up to level terms with the leaders of the Slow Pack, Tipton, Cox and Atkinson. Tipton at that stage was running well but could not stand the pace of the fast men, and dropped back to third place at the finish.

The Club ran in Fast, and Slow packs, and a special team Race.

The first six men home were:
1.—G. Rose.
2.—J. L. Mears.
3.—W. R. Tipton.
4.—C. C. Reneman.
5.—H. Atkinson.
6.—G. Cox.

In the team race Rose's team beat Wilson's, 18 points to 17.

## RECS QUALIFY TO SCOTTOWE SEMI-FINALS BY CLOSE WIN

### Xaviers Couldn't Hold Them In Spite Of Bad Joss

### SCORE WAS 4 TO 3

### Three Other Friendlies Finish According To Form

**RESULTS YESTERDAY**
Scottowe Replay
Recs 4, Xaviers 3.
Friendly
Eng'rs 3, Police 1.
Rangers 2, Navy 1.
S.F.C. "A" 4, Club "B" 3.

BY "WHISTLE"

All the interest centered on the Recs vs. Xavier's match yesterday and the large crowd could not complain of lack of excitement. It was the closest match so far and the Recs were fortunate that the Xaviers did not equalise.

The composition of the latter team appears strange to an onlooker. It seems hardly fair for a team which enters for a Cup series to be allowed to stiffen up with a selection of best players from another 1st League team unless this was arranged prior to their entry. It might lead to complications next year. For example why not 4 composite teams in place of 8 homogeneous ones?—A suggested rearrangement would be.

The "Poligeers," composed of Police and Engineers, the "Clubustoms" mixed up from the Club and the Customs. The "Pubwrecks" formed from the Public school and the Recs and the "Shangviers" supplied by the Club B. and St. Xaviers.

Well, why not? each team would have double its present number of supporters and four pretty useful teams could be evolved.

**RECS 4, XAVIERS 3**

This proved one of the most exciting games of the season to date from the spectator's point of view.

Starting well in favor of the Xaviers, it developed into strong Recs attack, but towards the end the Xaviers were within an ace of making another draw of it.

The game opened with Xaviers away against the wind. Wittsack, at center forward, with Silva and Guttieres on the right got down but the last shot behind.

Several attacks followed quickly but Wittsack was wasting time playing the man instead of the ball, wasting chances.

The first goal came from some good football, the Xavier outside left running down put a beauty across which Silva picked up and beat Quincey with a hard drive.

The Recs were playing poor football at this stage and it was only Bigg's fine work at back that saved them from being three or four down. The Xaviers were pressing hard and Oliveiros was able to come up and try for one, which Quincey could only save in exchange for a corner. Then the Recs forwards began to work, and seevral promising efforts came from the right wing, one especially found Brandt in front, close up with the ball at his feet, but he put straight to Sequeira with nothing much behind it. Sotoulis broke through then but the ball outran him and Sequeira took it off his feet.

**RECS HAD BAD JOSS**

Xaviers looked like another when Guttieres going down put Tordy in a perfect scoring position, only to see him hurry it and shoot wide. Back came the Recs again and they had every little bit of bad joss about. More than once they had the defense beaten but nothing would induce the ball to cross the line: just before half time Brandt and Cook rushed Sequeira and a composite group formed itself on the goal line with the ball about a foot away waiting to be cleared, which it was.

On resumption, the Recs began to come back to form and to dominate the game. Their first goal was from a long hard shot by Cook. It was too good for Sequeira to hold and Brandt arrived on time, quite in the old style.

A second soon followed. Brandt dribbled out to the right, drew the defense and passed across to Sofoulis, who rushed the back and scored. Soon after this Cooke sent in another long low one which Sequeira failed to gather and Sofoulis rushed him, putting the Recs two in hand. For a while the Recs owned the game, though one

effort by Silva and Guttierez looked serious, Biggs breaking it up just in time.

From a pass by Manley, Brandt rushed in and becoming mixed up with Sequeira, found both of them on the ground with the ball about 5 inches from his hand on the goal line; before he could break loose, Oliveiros had cleared. Another pass from Manley came across to Cooke who with a first time left foot effort put in one which Sequeira was mighty glad to be able to deflect past the upright.

At last the pressure resulted in a fourth goal, again a pass from Manley went to Brandt who broke to the right and beat Sequeira with a low cross drive. It looked like an easy finish for the Recs when suddenly St. Xaviers woke up. Aldegeur went away and putting in a perfect pass, Tordy beat Quincey easily.

Shortly after, Guttierez broke away on the right and put in a hot one which Quincey couldn't clear and following up converted. Only one behind and going strong it looked as if St. Xaviers would equalise. Two more runs, one on each wing ended in shots which required Quincey's careful attention and a corner from the right dropping in front of goal made the Recs supporters hold their breath, but Quincey cleared and the whistle went to a 4-3 victory for the Recs.

The most noticeable feature of the game was that the Recs halves would not back up; even when their forwards were running rings round the defense, they hung back. If they had backed up well at this stage, the score would have been very different.

For the winners Biggs played a consistently fine game throughout, and undoubtedly saved the Recs in the first half. Mears only came into the picture in the second half but played a fine tackling game then. Brandt was always aggressive and worried the defense all the time. Sofoulis was playing a much better game, a few more afternoons with Brandt would cure him of trying to dribble instead of opening out the game.

Cooke was shooting finely and hard hard luck in not actually scoring.

For St. Xaviers, Encarnacao played a great game the first half but petered out in the second. Oliveiros was sound but failed noticeably in his usual strong point, long kicking, probably Brandt's express tactics had more than a little to do with this.

Wittsack has the makings of a center forward if he would confine his attention to the ball and forget the man—and this is advice, not criticism.

Silva, Tordy, Guttieres and Aldegeur all played fine football and it wasn't their fault the Recs won.

## Sport And Stage

(Continued from Page 1)

the approval of local playgoers, brings new faces, new acts and any amount of new songs. It is good to know that both R. B. Salisbury and Miss Dorothy James are still with the entertainers.

The Quaints are sure of a hearty welcome. The charm of the show on its presentation here before was its simplicity, its cleanness, its freshness and its cleverness.

You can look forward to Thursday evening without doubts. You can bring your wives, sweethearts, sisters and other peoples' sisters and feel sure that you will not have to hide your blushes in the darkness of the house.

Phil Carlton has arrived and to his many friends extends a warm greeting.

* * *

**THE THREE TWINS**

The Three Twins—Messrs. Reg. Wingrove; Chris Wingrove and D. J. Done—were to be seen during the past week carrying all their lines in fine style. Jack Raynes, who is putting the show on, is enthusiastic. The fact that the words already are nearly perfect; that the songs have made a distinct hit with the cast; that each part seems to fit its interpreter, and that with a large chorus there is also a snappy little pack of dancers makes the producer anticipate a good show.

It is good to see M. Speelman in the play and thoroughly enjoying his part. There are many other old favorites, and new players who only require a first introduction to become favorites as well.

* * *

**CONGRATS**

Congratulations to Arthur Silas on his forthcoming wedding. He is to desert the path of single blessedness on the eighth day of February. He has persuaded Miss Houghton to change her name. The lady has on many occasions graced A.D.C. performances.

Every concert goer knows Arthur Silas. With his brother, Mena, he has time and time again been the head-liner. He can do practically anything. Besides selling motor cars he produces anything from jazz to classics on the violin. When he is weary of that he settles down to the piano and is almost as good as Mena. He has a big repetoire of songs that always call for more. The best of luck to the young couple.

* * *

**RUMORS**

That the A.D.C. is already thinking of still another show to follow shortly after "The Three Twins."

Mr. "Bill" Armstrong would like to see "Grumpy" tackled, and he has in his eye the very man to fit the part.

If it isn't "Grumpy" it will be one of the new plays which the club has lately received from London. Good! Get busy!

* * *

**FEBRUARY 4**

Note the date, gentlemen! It is the Saturday after the big Skottowe Cup match. The Marine Engineers Institute is to house a real honest to goodness "Smoker."

The Engineers have stood for all that is best in football as long as the game has been played in Shanghai, and so it is quite appropriate that it should be the Institute to arrange for a big night.

Already Messrs. Bissett, "Willie" Campbell, Charley Parsons and "Musical" Webb are sitting in conference and thinking out the talent that will make the evening a winner.

* * *

**CAUTIOUS**

Sandy Herd, the famous professional golfer, tells a good story concerning a certain member of a club where he was once employed, who was out of practice and played like it.

Nearing the end of the first round, he suddenly became aware of the extreme glumness of the caddie. With forced bravado he challenged the lad with, "Have you ever caddied for a worse player than myself?"

The caddie remained silent. Three more holes were played.

Again the player addressed the caddie:

"Have you ever caddied for a worse player than myself?"

The caddie took the cigarette out of his mouth.

"I heard you the first time," he replied. "I'm still thinking."

* * *

**TELEPHONE TALE**

Operator: "The number is engaged."

Subscriber: "What number is engaged?"

Operator: "What number did you ask for?"

## Figuring Now On 1922 World's Series

Baseball will not be downed.

Although the national pastime has been wrapped in mothballs for five months, talk of the 1922 pennant races is crowding in with the busy football and ring chatter.

The prophets rise to remark that the past season established a fashion for a "private series" that will be followed next fall by St. Louis.

Neither Branch Rickey nor Lee Fohl are inclined to disagree with the diamond sooth-sayers.

"Give me a third baseman and one good pitcher and the pennant is ours," Rickey, the Card chief says.

With Milton Stock on the hot corner, Rickey's plea for a third baseman may seem peculiar but the Card manager says that Stock will be in another uniform next year, Stock is blamed for the failure of St. Louis to see one end of last October's classic.

"Stock, by refusing to report in the spring, crippled the team in fifteen games and with those fifteen we could have landed the pennant," Rickey says.

The Cards and the Brooklyn Robins are now said to be dickering over a deal in which Stock would be swapped for a pitcher.

The National League pennant race may hinge around Heinie Groh. "The club that gets Groh, wins the pennant," some of the dopesters are saying.

Groh, having served one year's sentence with the Reds imposed by Judge Landis is considered as a sure part in some kind of a trade. The Giants have first call on the star third baseman's services and his presence in the New York lineup would almost insure the championship. His figure would be just as valuable in a St. Louis form and no one knows what change he would make among the Boston Braves.

From a far off point, the American League race looks like the Browns or the Yanks. Cleveland will have to make a lot of changes in the pitching staff and about fifteen managers can whisper to Tris Speaker that a good hurler is dinged hard to locate.

## Wrestling Champion Enters Yale

S. E. Brown, national 125-pound wrestling champion, has entered Yale, and addressed the squad when it reported to Captain Billy Benjamin and Coach Izzy Winters. Sixty candidates appeared. Manager Harris announced that meets with Dartmouth and West Point have been booked for the first time. Brown, Massachusetts Tech, Springfield College, Columbia, Princeton and Harvard will be played as usual. The intercollegiates will be held at Lehigh.

## -:- Outdoor "Billiards" -:-

The town of Coon Rapids, Iowa, is ordinarily a conservative town, but it has gone wild. Gone wild over an old-fashioned game—croquet. The town baseball team had to go out of business because all the red-blooded sports in the "burg" were spending their afternoons watching the championship matches on "Pop" Snyder's court. It is canvas, with pneumatic cushions at the sides, so that sometimes the players make three-bag hits. This picture shows the exciting moment in a championship game, with the gallery rooting for Al Cornish, who is just about to make a "center."

## Shanghai Inter-Club Billiards League

Results for week ending January 21st, 1922.

French Club vs M. E. Institute.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| C. W. Porter | 103 | E. F. Fasting | 300 |
| A. E. Fenton | 300 | G. M. Boyes | 291 |
| H. E. Gibson | 277 | J. E. Wilson | 300 |
| H. K. Martin | 187 | Thos Spring | 300 |
| R. C. Johnson | 300 | H. S. Smyth | 165 |
| | 1167 | | 1356 |

Lusitano vs Customs.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| J. M. C. Lopes | 300 | Capt. Gowing | 246 |
| A. F. Gomes | 300 | G. B. Stormes | 197 |
| E. D. Bush | 300 | Capt. Green | 125 |
| J. P. da Campos | 300 | T. Mellows | 153 |
| G. M. P. Remedios | 300 | A. Palamountain | 158 |
| | 1500 | | 879 |

J. P. Campos made a break of ..... 82
G. M. P. Remedios made a break of ..... 56

LEAGUE TABLE UP TO DATE.

| Teams. | Played. | Won. | Lost | Scores For. | Against. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Lusitano | 5 | 4 | 1 | 7023 | 5440 |
| French Club | 5 | 4 | 1 | 6906 | 5871 |
| M. E. Inst | 5 | 3 | 2 | 6522 | 6307 |
| Masonic | 4 | 1 | 3 | 5063 | 5590 |
| Customs | 5 | 0 | 5 | 5140 | 7446 |

## Carpentier Is Expected To Make U. S. A. Trip In March For Gibbons Fight

BY ROBERT EDGREN

Georges Carpentier is expected to arrive to America for a match with Tom Gibbons in March.

Rickard, who has an agreement with both men, says that he heard recently from Carpentier's chief trainer, Gus Wilson, who writes that Georges expects to make the trip and is in excellent condition except for an ordinary cold, which was the thing that made him postpone his match with the present English champion.

The trainer asked Rickard to try get him into Willard's camp after the Carpentier-Gibbons match, to train Willard for his bout with Dempsey.

Apparently boxing news travels slowly in France. The Willard-Dempsey match is about as much of a fixture as last year's fog.

"I can't figure Willard out," said Rickard. Several months ago he was crazy to fight Dempsey again whenever I could make arrangements, and went back to Kansas. Now I've sent him contracts, letters, telegrams and personal messages, and can't get an answer out of him. Is it because Jess has cleaned up a fortune in oil wells?

Rickard stopped and smiled a reminiscent smile.

I don't think so," he said. "Possibly he has made some money, but that big money in starting new oil fields is more or loss talk, from what I've learned about it. Jess may have made a little cleanup, but he could use more. I don't know what to make of it. Maybe—well—I don't know."

Filling in the "May be"—it may be that Jess feels he is growing old for such a rough game as tackling Dempsey. May be he remembers Toledo more clearly as the years roll by. Maybe he doesn't like the idea of training six months or so and quite possibly being annihilated again in a round or two. And it may be that Jess has "cleaned up" that half million in oil leases and retired once and for all to a life of elegant leisure and a perfectly comfortable waist line.

Why should anyone with enough money want to fight Dempsey, anyway?

**NONFIGHTING CHAMPS**

"There are only two ring champions today who aren't afraid to risk losing their titles."

Tex Rickard made this rather sweeping statement and added specifications.

"Johnny Buff and Jack Demsey will accept any match offered," said Tex. "Either of them would sign articles without asking the name of his opponent.

"The other champions want no-decision bouts, and the shorter the better. Some of them want to box without making weight but the other fellow must weigh in for them. Johnny Wilson won't take a decision match where he might risk losing the middle weight title.

"Benny Leonard is a great little fighter and I admire his work in the ring, but I've offered him matches that he won't look at. I'm willing to give him a match with Tendler any time he will make weight for it, with a good percentage, and give him my personal guarantee that the percentage will be bigger than any purse he ever fought for. He prefers to take on other matches that won't pay him as well, where the title won't be risked.

**THE OTHER SIDE**

I'll say this for Benny Leonard myself. During the war he "risked his title" repeatedly in bouts for various war benefits, and never asked favors. Benny usually said:

"Tell the other fellow to fight and get me if he can. I'll take care of myself."

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| | |
|---|---|
| Winning Post Annual, Winter Annual 1921 | $1.00 |
| Sanrk's Annual, Winter Annual 1921 | 1.00 |
| Winter's Pie, Winter Annual 1921 | 1.20 |
| Daily Mail Year Book, for 1922 | 1.00 |
| Whitaker's Almanack for 1922 | 2.00 |
| British Journal Photographic Almanac, for 1922 | 1.50 |
| Pears' Cyclopaedia for 1922 | 2.50 |

Handy Desk Calendar for 1922. Price Mex. $1.75, $2.00 and $2.50.

For Sale at Chow Tzu Kong, Bookseller 周慈康西書莊
111 Szechuen Road, Shanghai. Tel. C. 3510.

## Clay Bird Title Shoot Goes East

For the first time in twenty years the annual trapshooting classic known as the Grand American Handicap, will be decided in the East, Atlantic City having been awarded the meet of the American Trapshooting Association. The championship this year will start September 11 and continue one week.

The clay target blue ribbon event has remained in the West since it was decided in New York in 1902.

The committee will change the name of the clay target championship, formerly known as the national amateur championship. This will be termed the clay target championship of North America, and every amateur in the country will be eligible to compete. In the past, this was in reality an elimination contest for various state title-holders.

The decisions will be based on a classification system. There will be four classes, the winner in each receiving a trophy to commemorate the event and the entrant making the highest score in 200 targets will be declared the champion for the current year.

One-man matches, which have been held in the past without the sanction of the association, may be continued, but in future the consent of the parent body must be given, although the targets will not be registered by the association.

## MAY SEND TEAM TO LONDON

Recommendation that the University of Pennsylvania send a two-mile or four-mile team to the international track meet to be held in London April 8 has been made to the university council by the track committee. The recommendation followed consideration of the invitation of the Achilles C[illegible], composed of former members of Oxford and Cambridge track teams.

## Faults Of Duffers Easily Overcome

(Continued from Page 1)

moment of impact. I believe that it is quite as common for the average good player as it is for the rankest duffer extant. Unless one holds a very tight grip on the club at the moment of hitting the little ball will not get all that is coming to it. But tightening up too much on the back swing is just as disastrous. I heard Jim Barnes say once, "Hold a club as you would a baseball—tighten up just as you would throw a baseball or a golf club at the little pill."

Here is a strange thing that happened at St. Louis in the amateur championship. Our own Chick Evans than whom there is none better as a stylist, was guilty of loosening his grip on the club. Chick holds the club tightly in his fingers, but he was not tightening the grip properly when he connected with the ball. Bob McDonald observed him play and insisted that this must be Chick's trouble, as he was not getting the distance he usually does from the tee or through the fairway. There was a reason on the day he was beaten by Guilford. It was raining, and it was a very difficult thing to hold on to the club under the circumstances.

Improper timing is perhaps the worst fault of all and one of the hardest to correct. Too many golfers hurry their shot and hit with the body before waiting for the clubhead to come through. Don't shift your weight too soon. Let the heel of the left foot touch the ground at the top of the swing. Don't hurry the shot by any body movement whatsoever. There is still plenty of time to get the body into the blow afterward. If done too soon a slice is usually the result. Stiffness is a bad thing for any shot. Try and keep the body and the arms as supple as possible. Just a slight hesitation to steady at the top of the swing saves many a shot.

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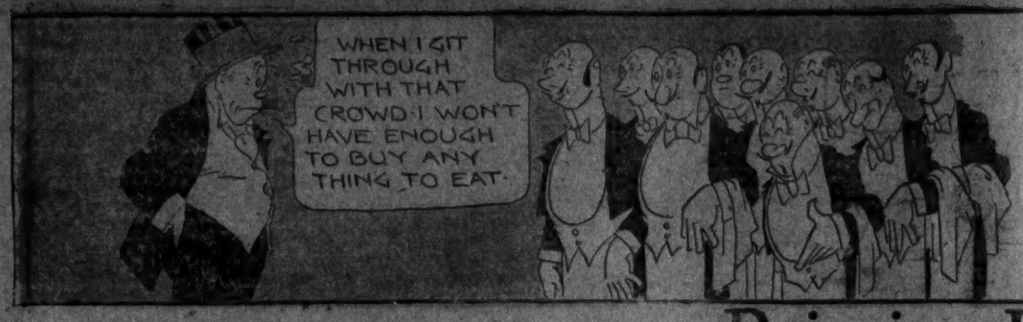
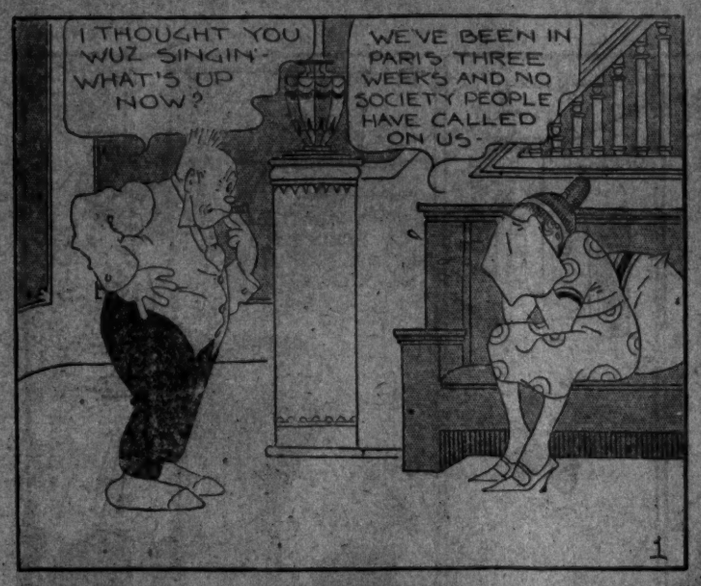



See BARNEY GOOGLE and HIS SWEET WOMAN Every Day In THE EVENING STAR.

# Bringing Up Father



OH - CHEER UP THEM SOCIETY PEOPLE ARE ALL THE BUNK.
SHUT UP - ALL YOU CARE ABOUT ARE THOSE BUM FRIENDS OF YOURS FROM NEW YORK - YOU HAVE NO REFINEMENT
2

HERE'S MY WIFE'S PICTURE - PUT IT IN YOUR PAPER AN' SAY SHE'LL BE AT HOME IN THE EVENIN' - HERE'S 1000 FRANCS.
MY! FOR A THOUSAND FRANCS - I PUT YOUR PICTURE IN -
4

NOW YOU CAN GO OUT ALL DAY - BUT BE HOME EARLY THIS EVENING AND HELP ME TO RECEIVE THE SOCIETY FOLKS - I KNOW THERE WILL BE A LOT OF CALLERS -
I'LL DO THAT - ME DARLIN'
6


FOR THE LOVE O' MIKE - HERE'S A PICTURE OF MAGGIE JIGGS - AN' SHE'S HERE IN PARIS -
WELL - JIGGS MUST BE HERE TOO
AN' IF JIGGS IS HERE - SO IS DINTY -
LET'S CALL ON 'EM -
7

WELL - JIGGS WIFE HASN'T CHANGED ANY -
SHE'S SO MUCH LIKE MY WIFE -
I WONDER WHICH ONE OF US SHE HATES THE MOST
I'M NOT GOIN' BACK TO FIND OUT -
12

# Little Jimmy

1. "NAWSIR YUH DONT TAKE THIS CAR OUTA THIS SHOP 'TILL YUH SETTLE, FER TH' WORK I'VE DONE ON IT. I DONT KNOW YUH, SO YER CHECK'S NO GOOD TO ME. RAISE TH' CASH ER NO CAR!"
GARAGE REPAIRING

2. "JIMMY. RUN OVER TO THE HOTEL WHERE WE LEFT MAMMA AND TELL HER TO SEND ME MY POCKET BOOK THATS IN MY COAT."

3. GARAGE

4. HOME SWEET HOME
"MAMMA. PAPA WANTS HIS POCKET BOOK 'ATS IN HIS COAT!"

5.

6.

7. GR-R-R-R

8. GR-R-R-R-R-R

9. GRAAR-R R-R-R-R-RR

10. "THE KID'S BEEN GONE AN HOUR I'LL HAVE TO GET MY POCKET BOOK MYSELF."

11. "WHAT - HE'S ALREADY GONE WITH IT - WHERE IS HE?"

12. "JIMMY!"

13. "JIMMY!"
ISTAND

14. AND SHIFTING THE SCENE
EEYOWP

15.

16. KEE YII

17. SUNNERTON